THE WEATHER.

Cloudy on coast, probably fair in interior Sunday and Monday; moderate east winds.

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

14 Pages To-Day
Two Sections

VOL. LXXXVIII—NO. 161. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 24, 1911. WHOLE NUMBER 18,722.

Library of Congress

PRESIDENT SPENT A STRENUOUS DAY

Taft Makes Six Speeches and Touches on Need of Judicial Reform.

HEADED FOR INSURGENT STATE

Was Made a Life Member of Masonic Organization at St. Louis Yesterday—Tells Causes of Unrest.

St. Louis, Sept. 23.—President Taft carried out a strenuous programme here today. He made six speeches, took a 40-mile automobile ride, opened the local football season by tossing the pigskin onto the gridiron at St. Louis University, laid the cornerstone of a new Y. M. C. A. building, sat through nine innings of exciting baseball between the St. Louis and Philadelphia National League teams, visited the Masonic Club to be made a life member of that organization, and addressed a vast throng in the Coliseum tonight.

Then he sought his private car to travel all night in order to be in the insurgent State of Kansas tomorrow.

On the eve of entering this hostile territory, the President put forth the suggestion of a wider power of impeachment as a substitute for the more radical proposal of a judiciary recall. The President declared that the law's delay unquestionably was one of the great causes of unrest in this country and said that undoubtedly the recall idea had grown out of the fact that the courts in many instances are not performing the functions that they should.

Judges should be held more responsible, the President declared, and the method of impeachment made more simple. Mr. Taft said the delay in administering justice in this country should bring the blush of shame to the cheeks of all good Americans and that the courts of this country made a very poor showing in comparison with those of England, where the judges keep up with their dockets and where criminals find swift punishment waiting them. The President spoke with much earnestness on the subject of reform in judicial procedure. He said it was something with which he was most familiar and that both as a lawyer and a judge he felt free to discuss the matter from the frankest possible standpoint. The speech on this subject was entirely impromptu and followed the conclusion of a luncheon at the City Club. The President's set speech of the day was on the creation, the work, and the purpose of the tariff bill.

Mr. Taft's reception throughout was the most cordial and demonstrative he has received on any of his previous visits to the city. He was the guest of the Million Population Club, and during his long automobile ride saw all of the territory that St. Louis now covers and all its citizens except it to cover in the next few years in their climb toward the million mark.

At breakfast with the Mercantile Club the President referred briefly to Canadian reciprocity. He declared himself content with the outcome, for as a lawyer, he had learned that "when a decision hits you right between the eyes, the best thing to do is to sit still." Mr. Taft said he believed and still believes that reciprocity would inure to the benefit of both countries.

Twice during the day the President was introduced as "The best and greatest President of the country." He modestly protested on each occasion. At the Masonic Club the President said he had on two occasions worn the Masonic apron which had belonged to George Washington "who was the greatest man in the history of the country."

In his speech on the need of judicial reform, the President said:

"One of the real reasons for discontent is the character of the procedure and the administration of justice in our courts. I believe that the States of this country and the young lawyers of this country should devote their attention to a constant discussion of procedure and expediting justice. It is the one thing in my judgment that is more easily reached and more needed under our government than any other.

"Trial by jury is a good thing. It brings into the administration of justice the people and in a popular government the people feel safer in that they are called in to determine issues of important fact; but trial by jury, my friends, as stated in the constitution, was a trial by jury of the facts under the inspiration of a judge who had the power to tell the jury what the law was, and had the power to hold the court room under his control and not let it be taken away by the counsel for the prosecution or the counsel for the defense.

"And yet the suspicion of the people of the judges has been such, the movement of all legislation from the Atlantic westward, has been to take away from the judges the power they had under the English system that we have copied and the system that we put into our constitution.

"If a judge is not frightened by anybody and will carry on a court as his court, then you will have your administration of justice as it is in England.

"The tendency of legislation ought to be toward giving the judges more

(Contined on Page Eight.)

RAID MADE ON SWINDLING GAME

Former United States Treasurer Morgan Involved in Affair.

EIGHT MEN WERE ARRESTED

Were Using United States Mail to Catch Suckers in Stock Investment Scheme — $1,500,000 Invested in Concern.

New York, Sept. 23.—In a raid on the stock investment office of Jared Flagg, on West 40 street today Flagg and seven other men ware arrested on a charge of fraudulently using the mails in a species of endless chain scheme to defraud investors. Among the prisoners were former United States Treasurer Daniel N. Morgan, of Bridgeport, Conn.; James K. Schock, said to have been a minister of the Dutch Reformed Church; F. Tennyson Neely, formerly a publisher or Fifth Avenue, this city; Joseph Brown and Harold Jackson, brokers; Alvin M. Higgins, lawyer, and Edward L. Schiller.

The prisoners when arraigned pleaded not guilty. Bail was fixed for Flagg at $25,000, Assistant District Attorney Smith, asking for high bail because, he said, he understood that Flagg had $1,000,000. Neely, Morgan and Higgins were required to furnish bail to the amount of $10,000 each, while Schiller's bail was fixed at $5,000, and that of Brown, Schock and Jackson at $2,500. They will be given a hearing next Wednesday when they will answer to the charge of violating section 215 of the United States penal code.

Postoffice Inspector Elmer L. Kincaid made the complaint in the case. Mr. Kincaid stated today that thousands of customers of the Flagg enterprise had invested about $1,500,000 in the scheme. Flagg, it is charged, had claimed he would invest their money in gilt-edge securities which would pay them high dividends. Early investors, it is alleged, were paid their dividends from the money which came to the concern from new customers.

According to Chief Postoffice Inspector Warren W. Dickson, his attention was drawn to Flagg's business by a conversation with a young woman calling herself Lillian Keyes, who referred to Flagg as a "financial wizard," Inspectors who made a secret investigation reported that Flagg was conducting business after the fashion of the "Miller syndicate". They also reported that former United States Treasurer Morgan was interested in the enterprise to the extent of $200,000. The scheme, according to the authorities, has been in operation for more than eighteen months. When arrested Flagg was defiant and asserted that he had violated no postal law.

At a late hour, bail had not been secured for any of the prisoners and they were locked up in the Tombs prison.

"I can pay every dollar I owe," Flagg said tonight. I have handled $1,100,000 during the three years or more that I have been in this business and I can account for every cent of it, every transaction. I have nothing to fear. This is all a vile conspiracy cooked up by big brokers and Wall Street interests that are jealous of me."

FAVORS THE BELL COMPANY.

Decision As to Asheboro Contract by Corporation Commission.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 23.—The Corporation Commission has dismissed the petition of the people of Asheboro that the Asheboro Telephone Company local exchange and Southern Bell long distance lines be required to connect so that the local subscribers to the Asheboro Exchange mighat have the benefit of the Bell long distance lines. The Commission holds that if the Ash-boro Company persists in refusing to enter into the contract with the Southern Bell which company offered to make, the town could grant a local franchise to the Bell Company and secure Bell local exchange with long distance service.

NO EVIDENCE TO HOLD HUSBAND.

Discharge of Man Accused of Murdering Six.

Colorado Springs, Col., Sept. 23. — Arthur J. Burnham, who has been under arrest since the discovery of the murder of his wife and two children and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wayne and their babe, was released from jail today. After securing his liberty he made over a $3,000 insurance policy to two children of his cousin, E. E. Hardwick, of Detroit. His release followed a comparison of his finger prints with those found on the murderer's axe.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY LOSES.

Commission Refused Permission to Establish Higher Fares.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Passenger fares over the Southern Railway, between Augusta and Savannah, Ga., and Richmond, Va., must not exceed the sum of the intermediate fares, according to an order issued today by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The Southern Railway asked authority to establish the higher fares, but the commission held that sufficient reason was not shown to discriminate against through passengers.

DEMOCRATS GAIN ANOTHER SENATOR

Maine Sends Successor to Senator William P. Frye.

HOW SENATE NOW STANDS

Republicans Have Majority of Only Four—With Insurgent Allies Democrats Will Control Legislature—Senator.

Portland, Me., Sept. 23.—Governor Plaisted today appointed Obediah Gardner, of Rockland, United States Senator to succeed the late Senator William R. Frye. This gives Maine two Democratic Senators and reduces the Republican majority in the Senate to seven.

Mr. Gardner was Democratic candidate for governor in 1906 and was in the race for the Senate when Senator Charles F. Johnson was elected last January. He has a large farm near Rockland, and has served several terms as master of the State Grange.

The appointment of Mr. Gardner is for the unexpired term, ending March 4, 1913. Party candidates for the full term will be nominated in primaries next June.

Washington, Sept. 23.—The accession of Obediah Gardner, of Maine, as a Democratic appointee from a State for many years a stronghold of the Republican party, will have a material effect on the voting strength on important questions in the Senate. When he takes the oath of office the Democrats in that body, lacking but four votes of a majority on any matter, will be nearer to control of the upper branch of Congress than at any time for a decade past. The Republican representation will stand at 49 and the Democratic at 42, there being one vacancy from Colorado.

In the recent extra session the tariff measures were put through the Senate by alignment of progressive Republicans with the Democrats and the aid of even four of the progressives would enable the full Democratic strength of the Senate to carry out its will on all issues.

While Mr. Gardner is not known to members of either House of Congress who happen to be in Washington now, it is expected that his course will be aligned with that of his Democratic colleague, Senator Johnson. Representatives Hinds and Guernsey will at the next session be the only Republicans in the entire Maine Congressional delegation of two Senators and four Representatives.

MAIL BY AEROPLANE.

Interesting Feature of Flyers' Meet at New York.

New York, Sept. 23.—The first United States mail ever transported by aeroplane was carried today from Aviation Field on Nassau boulevard, Long Island, to Garden City, a distance of five miles, by Earl L. Ovington in a Bleriot machine. His flight for this purpose was the leading feature of the International meet's opening day.

Ovington took only one bag of mail, held in between his knees and when he was over Garden City he dropped it on the signal of a man who waved a flag as pre-arranged. This bag contained about 75 pounds of letters and post cards. He left behind fully 300 pounds of mails matter which was later sent by automobile to the Garden City postoffice, although it bore the special postoffice stamp of "Aerial Station No. 1, Aerial Special Service."

The flying contests today were mediocre, the most interesting being the search by a number of aviators for a detachment of the 18th Infantry, U. S. Army, which had been secreted in a clump of woods three miles southeast of the field. Six of the most prominent aviators, including Tom Sopwith, of England, Grahame White, Eugene Ely, J. A. D. McCurdy and Beatty, scoured the countryside for an hour but none was able to find the soldiers.

Eugene Ely made a spectacular flight late in the afternoon, showing the perfect control of his machine. He dazzled the crowd by turning his machine head down and dropping 300 feet and then checking his flight when near the turf and floating off.

Miss Matilde Moisant was the only woman to make a flight in the 24-mile breeze which prevailed during the afternoon. She circled the course several times in a monoplane and made a safe landing. Dr. Henry Walden, who has had a number of falls before, had a bad spill this afternoon on the northeast turn when he tried to cut under Lee Hammonds machine in the finish of the cross-country flight. Walden ventured too close to the turf, the tail of his monoplane struck and it turned a somersault. Walden leaped and although he sustained a severe shock, he saved himself from serious injury.

Aviator Killed.

St. Louis, Sept. 23.—Raymond M. Raymond, injured in cranking an aeroplane at the Kinloch aviation field yesterday, died today. His skull was fractured when the propeller hit him.

Winston-Salem, N. C., September 23.—While returning a ball to the catcher from center-field, Edward Hayes, a member of the High Point ball club, twisted his arm in such a manner that the bone broke half way between the elbow and shoulder.

THE FOOTBALL SEASON OPENS.

FRANCO - GERMAN DISPUTE

France Has Forwarded Her Latest Reply—Prospect Good for Peaceful Settlement of Once Grave Question—Terms.

Paris, Sept. 23.—The latest reply of the French government to the German proposals, which was approved today by President Fallieres, who received the cabinet at Rambouillet, was dispatched to Berlin by special messenger tonight. A semi-official communication issued this evening says that the reply shows some slight divergence from the text of the German note, but adds:

"The changes are inspired by the general views expressed at the conversation between Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter and M. Cambon." The communication continues:

"It is stated that France insists that the relations between the Magahen (Moroccan foreign board) and the powers shall be carried on through the intermediary of the French minister to Morocco. In the matter of consular courts and foreign proteges, France, in order to remove the abuses complained of, desires that not only Germany, but all the powers shall agree to the revision of the Madrid convention until French jurisdiction has been completely re-established in Morocco. Finally, foreign minister Selves proposes a new wording for the clause relating to the control which France agrees to exercise over transport enterprises. It is hoped that these differences will be easily smoothed over."

P. D. GOLD, JR., IS CHOSEN.

Elected Head of American Life Insurance Association.

Pittsburg, Sept. 23.—At the closing session of the American Life Insurance convention here today the place of next meeting was left to the executive committee and these officers were elected:

President, P. D. Gold, Jr., Raleigh, N. C.; secretary-treasurer, T. W. Blackburn, Omaha, Neb., re-elected; executive committee, T. W. Vardell, Dallas, Tex.; W. A. Lindley, Lincoln, Neb.; and Geo. A. Grimsley, Greensboro, N. C.

OUTLINES.

President Taft spent a strenuous day in St. Louis yesterday where he delivered six speeches, referring to the Tariff Board and touching on needs of the judiciary—A bad negro last night near Warsaw, N. C., attacked with a razor two white employes of the Camp Manufacturing Co., fatally wounding one; bloodhounds were ordered and posses scoured the country all night for him—Former United States Treasurer Daniel L. Morgan and seven other men were raided and jailed at the Tombs in New York yesterday on a charge of using the mails to defraud by a stock investment scheme—Geo. L. Lyon, of Durham, N. C., yesterday at Atlantic City, won the target championship of the world—France yesterday forwarded her latest reply to Germany and the outlook for a peaceful settlement of the Moroccan controversy is good—Gov. Plaisted, of Maine, yesterday appointed Obadiah Gardner to be United States Senator, thus making another gain for the Democrats and cutting the Republican majority to four.

New York markets: Spot cotton closed quiet, 15 points lower; middling uplands, 10.85; middling gulf, 11.10; money on call nominal; time loans, firm; 60 days, 3 1-4 to 3 1-2 per cent.; flour, firmly held, with demand moderate; wheat, spot, easy; No. 2, red, 99 3-4, elevator, export basis, and 101 1-4 f.o.b. afloat; corn, spot, easy; No. 2, red, 99 3-4, elevator, export basis, to arrive, and 74 1-2, f.o.b. afloat; oats, spot, steady; standard white, 52; rosin, quiet; turpentine, steady.

Have your eyes tested by Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist. Masonic Temple. Spectacles from $1.00 up. Eyes tested free. **

RENEW BILLS OF LADING FIGHT

Central Bureau Will Be Maintained Despite Recent Rejection of Plan By Shippers — Claim Unfair Action.

New York, Sept. 23.—The Central Bureau for the validation of cotton bills of lading, recently established in this city for the prevention of frauds in connection with forged bills, will not be abandoned, despite the recent rejection of the plan by a conference of shippers in New Orleans. Charles E. Haight, attorney for the committee of Liverpool cotton buyers, on his return from New Orleans, said today that the action of the New Orleans meeting did not fairly reflect the opinion of Southern shippers. Of the 40 or more shippers and bankers who attended the meeting, he said, only eleven voted to reject the plan, while the others refused to go on record, either for or against it.

The answers received from shippers in reply to letters sent out to them explaining the new rules and the advantages to be obtained therefrom" and Mr. Haight "show an overwhelming majority in favor of co-operation.

"It will not take long for the committee and the European buyers to certain exactly who those shippers are. When that information has been obtained we shall all be able to quiet down and the cotton shippers, who are so violently opposed to safeguarding American and Eurpean bankers and European buyers against forgery can sell their cotton to American spinners; while those who do not feel "insulted" by being requested to help keep the forgers out of the trade can sell to the European spinners and everyone will be happy and better still, every one will be safe."

In the Courts.

Galveston, Texas, Sept. 23.—The right of steamship representatives to forward agents receipts to the newly created central bills of lading validation bureau of New York is contested in a petition filed in district court today seeking an injunction. A temporary restraining order was issued and the case set for hearing on September 30th.

The complainants, Alexander Eccles & Co., of Dallas, W. D. Felder, of Dallas, and Campbell & Cleaver, of Dallas, and Wilde & Orme, of Paris, Texas, cotton factors, set forth in the petition that the forwarding of the receipts to the central bureau is in violation of instructions and assert that request that the agents' receipts be surrendered to them where denied.

THREE FIREMEN KILLED.

Brick Wall Collapses During Louisville Fire.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 23.—An avalanche of bricks from upper walls of a burning six-story building in the wholesale house occupied by David Baird & Son, crashed through the three floors of an adjoining building, tonight, killing three firemen and injuring several other men. The dead are Lieut. Virginia Ferguson, salvage corps; Fireman Richard Hardiman, salvage corps, and Fireman Richard Doyle, salvage corps.

The injured are John Steegal and Arthur Mantanus, employes of the Kentucky Wall Paper Company. The two clerks were dug out immediately, but it was more than an hour before rescuers got to the bodies of the firemen. The Baird loss is $300,000, while adjoining stores suffered damage.

WILL BE ELECTROCUTED.

Kentuckians Convicted of Murdering Two Officers.

Somerset, Ky., September 23.—Fount Helton today was found guilty of the murder of Magistrate A. J. Beatty and Constable W. F. Heath, and was sentenced to life imprisonment in the penitentiary. Beatty and Heath were killed in the court house at Burnside, Ky., last July. James Ellis, who was tried for the same crime, was found guilty and sentenced to be electrocuted in October.

BAD NEGRO SLASHES THREE

Young White Employes of Camp Manufacturing Co., Attacked With Razor Near Warsaw—Passes in Pursuit.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Warsaw, N. C., Sept. 23.—A negro named Ed Rouse, at the Camp Manufacturing Company's saw mill, near here, tonight seriously, perhaps fatally, cut with a razor three young white employes of the company, B. H. Bolling, J. S. Bolling and J. C. Pridgen.

The negro had become disorderly in the company's store and was ordered out. He lay in wait and attacked the young men in the dark and made his escape.

B. H. Bolling may be fatally cut. Bloodhounds have been ordered and Sheriff G. G. Best, of Duplin, has offered $50 reward and is scouring the country with posses tonight.

The young men were brought to Warsaw and are being treated by Dr. Williams. Physicians have been wired for from surrounding towns.

There is great indignation among the people and it is feared if the negro is caught tonight he will be lynched.

The negro weighs about 150 pounds and is about five feet, six inches tall and is said to have a large mole with a tuft of hair growing in it on his face; color, dark.

VIRGINIA WON AT FOOTBALL.

Defeated Hampden-Sydney College in First of Season.

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 23.—Holding their opponents to a single first down, the University of Virginia ushered in the football season here today with a victory of 23 to 0 against Hampden-Sydney College. Todd, the star of last year's back-field, made three of the four touchdowns for Virginia and was the feature of the game. In every quarter period of play, excepting the last, when she had practically an entirely new team playing, Virginia scored.

New Orleans, La., Sept. 23.—For the first time in the history of Tulane football, the Tulane team will play a game with Washington and Lee in this city Thanksgiving Day. Also, after an interval of several years Tulane will play Sewanee.

LEONARD SEEKS RETIREMENT.

American Naval Officer Who Served With Gallantry in Uprising.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Major Henry Leonard, U. S. Marine Corps, the only American officer wounded in the attack upon Tien Tsin during the famous march of the allied forces upon Pekin during the Boxer uprising, has applied for retirement. He still suffers from the loss of an arm and feels that he is incapacitated for further service. For his gallantry in the Chinese campaign Major Leonard was advanced in his rank by Congress and made an extra number.

This retirement will depend upon the findings of the retiring board, which meets here September 26th. Major Leonard is a native of this city. He commands the naval prison at Portsmouth, N. H.

REPUBLICANS ON THE ALERT.

Conference Soon to Consider Control of National Convention.

Washington, Sept. 23.—The first conference of progressive Republicans "to consider plans for gaining control of the Republican National convention next year" will be held in Chicago on October 16th, according to an announcement here today by Walter L. Houser, chairman of the Progressive Republican Campaign Committee.

An invitation has been extended broadcast to progressives to meet in Chicago "to consider the present situation and to plan for the future."

At this conference the Presidential boom of Senator Robert M. LaFollette is expected to be formally launched.

AFTER MR. TAFT WITH GLOVES OFF

Insurgent Senator Resents President's Peoria Speech.

BOURNE, OF OREGON, RILED

Oregon Progressive Declares President Made Mistatements—Also Accuses Him of Not Trusting the People.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 23.—U. S. Senator Jonathan Bourne, Jr., of Oregon, gave out a statement here today in which he takes issue with some of President Taft's remarks in his speech yesterday at Peoria, Ill. The Senator says:

"To use one of his own favorite expressions, President Taft was disingenuous in his speech at Peoria yesterday, when he attempted to state his opinion of the people, and also to define his attitude toward the Arizona constitution. He says he has confidence in the sober second thought of the people, yet he vetoed the Statehood resolution which proposed to submit to the people of Arizona a second time the question whether their constitutional provision for the recall should apply to judges as well as to other officers. Here was a plain proposal to submit to the sober second thought of the people, but the President was not willing and insisted that the recall of judges must be eliminated regardless of the most matured consideration.

"I would regret to believe his statement that he put his heart in his veto of the Arizona resolution, for his veto message contains two direct misrepresentations of the provisions of the Arizona recall and another that is false by necessity implication. I had entertained the charitable view that his errors were of the mind and not of the heart.

"The President was again disingenuous when he said that many of the measures advocated by progressives are State and not National questions. I insist that the initiative and referendum, direct primary, and corrupt practices act are more than State measures."

Senator Bourne, after declaring that President Taft does not trust the people, said:

"President Taft's declaration that he is keeping in the middle of the road on progressive issues, is also disingenuous. There can be no middle course on the question of the adoption of the fundamentals of popular government. He who is not for popular government is against it."

WICKERSHAM MAKES DENIAL.

Attorney General Says He Didn't Say It at New York.

Bretton Woods, N. H., Sept. 23.—Replying to many inquiries concerning the authenticity of a reported interview published in a New York newspaper this morning, Attorney General Wickersham made the following statement tonight:

"The purported interview is a summary of two conversations which were neither understood nor intended to be for publication. Circumstances unnecessary to state here lead me to express myself much more freely upon the subjects discussed than I would have done for publication. The report contains some inaccuracies. For instance, I did not state that the United States Steel Corporation was a combination in violation of the law, nor did I state that the men under indictment in the beef trust cases in Chicago would go to prison if I had my way. There are also other inaccuracies. In the main, however, the reported interview represents, with such corrections, the views expressed by me in the conversations referred to.

"The President has stated that 'The Supreme Court has decided what the law is and now business has got to square itself with the law.' It is not the intention of the Department of Justice to bring indiscriminate prosecutions nor is its intention to resort to criminal proceedings except where the evidence at its disposal indicates wilful and deliberate violation of law and the suppression of competitive conditions by oppression and unfair or otherwise illegal methods.

"It is hoped that monopolistic combinations which are in illegal restraint of interstate trade and commerce, will voluntarily reorganize and establish competitive conditions without awaiting prosecution. The government would very much prefer such voluntary action to the necessity of legal prosecution. The Department of Justice is prepared to give careful consideration to plans for such reorganization submitted in good faith, and if found satisfactory, to submit them to the court on appropriate petitions, to the end that a proper decree be entered, making the plan binding on the defendants and enjoining any renewed combination restraining trade between the newly separated members of the combination.

"GEO. W. WICKERSHAM."

Philadelphia, Sept. 23.—The Argentine battleship Moreno, planned to be one of the most formidable dreadnaughts in the world, was launched at 2:33 o'clock this afternoon from the yard of the New York Shipbuilding Company, at Camden, N. J.

SPORTING NEWS

CHAMPIONS STILL PREVAIL

Coast Line Won Decisive Victory Over Rocky Mount Challengers at League Park Yesterday Afternoon—Score.

As these words are being fed to the typewriter, somewhere midway between Wilmington and Rocky Mount, aboard Atlantic Coast Line train No. 42, a number of sad and weary souls, corresponding in number to one complete baseball team, are rushing Northward in a flying retreat from the enemy with which they had an unsuccessful encounter at League Park yesterday afternoon. "Dominie" Howard gives out the chorus, "Nearer My Home to Thee" and the other eight join in the refrain trailing off into reverting thought of what "might have been" had they taken the advice friendly given in these columns several days ago that charity begins at home and sometimes end there.

Nevertheless, it is all their own fault that this state of affairs has come to pass, as they were the challengers and there was nothing left for the locals to do but feed them out of the same spoon from which they have been administering bitter doses to all other comers during the past Summer.

But it was not such a walk-over with the locals at that. They were sure of the victory, but expected to have to play for it, and such was the realization when they started out

"SKEET" EMERSON, on Second.

with that strong semi-professional and college-star team from the upper railroad city. It was a game worth going miles to see, especially the star performing of Pitcher Cuthrell, Shortstop Whitaker and Second Baseman Tracy (disclaims any relation to the famous outlaw), who handled everything in a mile of their respective stations with the ease that only comes from perfect knowledge of the game and a clear thinking apparatus. Of course, the home boys put up the same class of exhibition, and as they were up against worthy foemen it was a game such as Wilmington fans have the opportunity to witness very seldom.

Green and Cuthrell on the respective firing lines ran nip and tuck for honors, the visiting twirler having the best of the local man in one instance only: he allowed only one lone hit throughout the game to three issued by Green. Each one struck out half a dozen batters and each issued five passes. Cuthrell had two wild pitches to none by Green. Whitaker, on short for the visitors, demonstrated real baseball ability and was quick as lightning. Tracy on second, also played an all-star game, handling everything with mathematical precision. The local Coast Liners may well feel proud

CHARLIE TERRY, on First.

of their victory over such a strong aggregation.

There was nothing interesting until the last half of the second inning, when Hines got a punch in the ribs and took first. Orrell struck out and Hines stole second. Hines went on to third on a wild pitch, while Starritt was performing the strike-out stunt. With two down, Hines took a fighting chance and tried to steal in, but was caught at the plate.

In the first half of the third the visitors were out in order, after which the Coast Line proceeded to do the game up in a neat little package. Symmes, first up, walked and advanced a moment later on a passed ball, stealing third almost simultaneously Green got on when the first baseman made a misplay, and stole second, but Symmes was caught with the recovered ball off third. A moment later another wild pitch was uncorked, advancing Green's runner to third. Emerson was hit, taking first and purloining second. While Taylor was trying

REV. LESLIE P. HOWARD, OF ROCKY MOUNT, in Center.

to find one, Hines scored the first run of the evening on a passed ball, and Emerson was caught trying to follow suit. Taylor went out on first.

In the fourth Tracy was out to first unassisted and Whitaker went out third to first. The Reverend Leslie P. Howard, next up, was not even charged ministers' rates to first, but expired when he attempted to steal on Starritt. For the locals Houston struck out, Terry flew to short, after which Hines again got on without a hit, this time with four balls. Of course, he stole second, and when Orrell got on, account of an error of third and went on to second on the play, Hines pattered across the plate with run Number two. Starritt went out short to first.

Nothing further transpired of interest until the locals' half of the seventh, when Hines got on for the third time without a hit. He was caught in his attempted steal this time. Orrell sent one to third, who threw wild to first, but he also was caught trying to annex an extra base. Starritt got the second pass of the inning and stole second and third in quick succession. Symmes walked for the third man and also stole second, but Green could not connect safely.

In the first half of the ninth the visitors came so very near tieing up the score that two seconds more time on the last play would have enabled them to have a few extra innings to try and break it up in their favor. Green issued transportation gratis to Tracy, who went on to second on an error of Charlie Terry. Whitaker was out on first, Tracy advancing to third. "Parson" Howard struck out, but Joyner singled to center, scoring Tracy, going on to second himself when the ball got by center. Jordon placed one in the vicinity of short, who nipped the second score with a quick whip to first. Thus endeth the ninth chapter.

The Tabulated Score.

Rocky Mount—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Tracy, 2-b	2	1	0	3	3	0
Whitaker, ss	4	0	0	1	4	0
Howard, cf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Joyner, 1-b	4	0	1	13	0	0
Jordon, rf. and c	4	0	1	3	3	0
August, c	1	0	0	2	2	1
Hilliard, rf	1	0	0	0	0	0
Cuthrell, J., p	3	0	1	0	2	0
Gardner, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Cuthrell, W., 3-b	2	0	1	1	1	2
Totals	27	1	4	24	15	3

A. C. L.—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Emerson, 2-b	3	0	0	3	3	0
Taylor, ss	4	0	1	0	0	0
Houston, 3-b	4	0	0	1	4	0
Terry, 1-b	3	0	0	15	0	0
Hines, lf	0	1	0	1	1	0
Orrell, rf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Starritt, c	2	0	0	6	3	0
Symmes, cf	1	0	0	0	0	1
Green, p	3	1	0	0	4	0
Totals	23	2	1	27	15	1

Summary—Hit by pitched ball: by Cuthrell 2; bases on balls: Cuthrell 5, Green 5; struck out: Cuthrell 6, Green 6; wild pitches: Cuthrell 2; double plays: Hines to Terry; left on bases: Rocky Mount 4, A. C. L. 4; stolen bases: Rocky Mount 1, A. C. L. 8; passed balls: August 1; umpire: Hoey.

NORTH CAROLINA CHAMPION.

George L. Lyon, of Durham, Wins World's Target Shoot.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 23.—Geo. L. Lyon, of Durham, N. C., in the Westy Hogan shoot, which ended here today defeated Lester Gorman, of Aberdeen, Md., for the cup which carries with it the "inanimate" target championship of the world."

The two were tied with 179 breaks out of 200 and on the shoot-off at 70 mixed targets Lyon won by a score of 65 to 64.

W. S. Colfax, a professional of Pompton Lake, N. J., finished second, with 172 broken out of his double century of targets. J. J. Graham, of Chicago led the amateurs in the match with 170 targets broken, finishing fourth.

CLARKTON SPLITS DOUBLE.

Played Bladenboro and White Plain Friday Afternoon.

Clarkton, N. C., Sept. 23.—Clarkton played a doubleheader here yesterday afternoon, the first game with White Plain and the second with Bladenboro. The first game went to the visitors from White Plain by the score of 6 to 2, but the locals came into their own and defeated the Bladenboro Boys in the second contest by the score of 7 to 2. The games were interesting throughout, and several star plays were made on each side. The features were the brilliant all-round playing of Clark and Hedrick for the locals and Porter for the Bladenboro team.

Eastern League.

At Newark 1; Jersey City 2.
2nd: Jersey City 1; Newark 1. (11 innings, darkness.)
At Buffalo 4; Montreal 11.
2nd: Buffalo 1; Montreal 1. (9 innings, darkness.)
At Providence 6; Baltimore 9.
2nd: Providence 5; Baltimore 11.
At Rochester 1; Toronto 7.

American Association.

At Minneapolis 9; Toledo 1.
2nd: Toledo 1; Minneapolis 5.
At Kansas City 13; Louisville 7.
At St. Paul 0; Indianapolis 1.
At Milwaukee 1; Columbus 6.

Football Games.

At Worcester: Holy Cross 13; Boston College 0.

At Amherst, Mass.: Massachusetts Agricultural College 0; Rhode Island State 5.

At Easton, Pa.: LaFayette 53; Bloomsburg 0.

At Carlisle, Pa.: Carlisle Indians 53; Lebanon Valley College 0.

Fifth Street Methodist Church.

At Fifth Street Methodist church, regular services today at 11 A. M., and 8 P. M. by the pastor, Rev. G. T. Adams Sunday school at 3 P. M., Rev. W. H. Schaefer, superintendent. Mid-week prayer meeting Wednesday 8 P. M., conducted by the paster. A cordial welcome to all.

Not a Word of Scandal

marred the call of a neighbor on Mrs. W. P. Spangh, of Manville, Wyo., who said: "She told me Dr. King's New Life Pills had cured her of obstinate kidney trouble, and made her feel like a new woman." Easy, but sure remedy for stomach, liver and kidney troubles. Only 25 cents at R. R. Bellamy's.

Cream puffs, crullers, Vienna rolls, French rolls, butter cake, coffee cake, and that good "Honey Bread", fresh every day. 'Phone 626, Farriss' Bakery. 2t

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At Pittsburg, 4; Brooklyn, 5.
At Cincinnati, 2; New York, 6.
At Chicago, 6; Boston, 14.
At St. Louis, 3; Philadelphia, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	89	47	.655
Chicago	83	57	.593
Pittsburg	82	62	.569
Philadelphia	75	64	.539
Cincinnati	64	79	.448
Brooklyn	56	81	.409
Boston	36	101	.263
St. Louis	73	67	.521

Chicago, Sept. 23.—Chicago was placed further away from the pennant when Boston administered a beating to the locals to the tune of 14 to 6. The game was a batting bee punctuated with weired fielding, each team contributing liberally to the latter. The visitors started by driving McIntire off the mound and continuing their slugging tactics until the locals had used four pitchers. Tyler, of the Bostons, on the other hand, pitched fine ball with the exception of one inning when he was touched for four hits, behind two errors and a pass for a total of five runs. There will be two games played tomorrow.

Chicago .....000 500 001— 6 8 8
Boston .....301 103 222—14 12 5

McIntyre, Rowan, Richter, Toney and Archer and Graham; Tyler and Rariden; time 2:25; umpires Rigler and Finneran.

Pittsburg, Sept. 23.—Brooklyn today defeated Pittsburg by hitting Leifield hard in the first inning, when the visitors made four hits and scored three runs. Leifield was retired after the third inning and Gardner finished the game strong. Ragon pitched well all the way.

Pittsburg .....100 100 011—4 9 1
Brooklyn .....301 101 000—5 10 4

Leifield, Gardner and Simon; Ragon and O. Miller; umpires O'Day and Emslie; time 1:50.

Cincinnati, Sept. 23.—Obtaining an early lead by making three runs in the opening inning, New York, with Mathewson pitching, was never headed off here today, winning by a score of 6 to 2. Cincinnati found Mathewson for ten safeties, but all were scattered, ten men being left on the sacks.

New York .....300 002 001—6 10 1
Cincinnati .....100 001 000—2 10 4

Mathewson and Meyers; Gaspar, Humphries and Clark; time 2:15; umpires Klem and Brennan.

St. Louis, Sept. 23.—St. Louis won today from Philadelphia in a loosely played game 3 to 2. President Taft watched the players from a decorated grandstand and applauded the Philadelphia team when the score was tied in the eighth inning. He remained throughout the game, which was won in the ninth by a double, sacrifice, a base on balls and a single.

St. Louis .....000 010 011—3 6 2
Philadelphia ....000 000 020—2 8 2

Geyer and Bliss; Chalmers, Moore and Cotter; time 2:10; umpires Johnstone and Eason.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At New York, 2; Chicago, 3.
At Washington, 1; Cleveland, 6.
At Boston, 14; St. Louis, 2.
At Philadelphia, 14; Detroit, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Athletics	94	45	.688
Detroit	84	56	.600
Cleveland	73	67	.521
New York	73	69	.514
Chicago	71	70	.503
Boston	70	72	.493
Washington	59	82	.419
St. Louis	39	102	.277

New York, Sept. 23.—In spite of the fact that Walsh was knocked out of the box, Chicago defeated New York today in the first game of the series by a score of 3 to 2. In the eighth inning, with none out, Wolter, Cree, Knight and Hartsell fell on Walsh for clean singles, but Cree prevented New York from tieing the game, when Sullivan caught him napping off second.

Chicago .....000 002 100—3 10 4
New York .....000 100 010—2 11 0

Walsh, Scott and Block and Sullivan; Caldwell, Williams and Blair; time 2:08; umpires Egan and O'Loughlin.

Philadelphia, Sept. 23.—Philadelphia and Detroit today began the final series between these clubs, the home team winning easily 14 to 3 before a large crowd. Krause was very effective, except in one inning and he was given perfect support. The home players drove Summers off the rubber in five innings and also pounded the delivery of Taylor, a young right hander. Bush, Delhanty and Stanage put up a very poor game in the field, both in handling grounders and thrown balls, and six stolen bases were credited to the home players. Murphy, with four singles, and Lapp, with two singles and a two-bagger, led in the batting, while Crawford made a home run and a single and Gaynor had a pair of two-baggers.

Detroit .....000 002 100— 3 9 7
Philadelphia ...300 161 03x—14 13 0

Summers, Taylor and Stanage; Krause and Lapp; time 2:00; umpires Perrine and Dineen.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Cleveland hit Walter Johnson today for a total of 21 bases and easily beat Washington 6 to 1. Krapp's pitching, and the fielding of Ball and McBride were features.

Washington ....000 100 000—1 3 3
Cleveland .....010 003 200—6 13 1

Johnson and Henry; Krapp and Easterly; umpires Mullin and Evans; time 1:45.

Boston, Sept. 23.—Boston piled up hits and runs at the expense of St. Louis' pitchers today and won easily 14 to 2. Loose fielding by Austin and Hallin figured greatly in the result.

Boston .....604 211 00x—14 15 1
St. Louis .....010 000 001— 2 8 3

Hall and Nunemaker; E. Brown, Mitchell and Clarke; time 1:50; umpires Westervelt and Connolly.

A Dreadful Sight

to H. J. Barnum, of Freeville, N. Y., was the fever sore that had plagued his life for years in spite of many remedies he tried. At last he used Bucklen's Arnica Salve and wrote: "It has entirely healed with scarcely a scar left." Heals burns, boils, eczema, cuts, bruises, swellings, corns and piles like magic. Only 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

..Theatrical..

At the Bijou.

The Bijou yesterday closed another big week—one that had been fraught with success after success in both moving picture and music lines—and is now preparing to open what the management claims will be an even bigger and grander week for the amusement public of Wilmington. The Bijou will inaugurate the new week tomorrow afternoon, when a giant sized bill, one filled with the very best, will be offered. A number of moving picture surprises are promised, and folks who know the enterprising methods of the Bijou can take this as a sure tip to whet up their appetites for something novel and extra good. The bill for tomorrow will be marked by both the latest and most expensive photoplays and a galaxy of bright new musical gems, which will include Broadway's merriest hit, sung by Wilmington's favorite balladist, Mr. Frank Banks.

"The Echo." in Richmond.

Mr. S. A. Schloss, manager of the Academy of Music, yesterday received the following telegram from the manager of the Richmond, Va., theatre, where "The Echo" appeared Friday night: "Echo here last night, good business and numbers best and cleanest musical piece here this season; company and production first-class."

The New Lyric.

The New Lyric will have on an all-star bill for this week. Every day brings forth something better and the bill this week will be headed by the Campbell sisters, in a high-class musical act. Too much cannot be said about these charming little ladies and they are sure to please all. They will be followed by Mr. Billie Hill, who for many years was head comedy man with the S. & A. Picture Company, in good singing and dancing. To complete the bill a couple of reels of the best thing out in pictures will be shown each day. Ladies and children's matinee at 3:30 and 4:30, evening performance starts at 7:30.

At the Grand.

There will be the usual bill of high-class motion pictures at the Grand Monday, three films in all and patrons of that amusement palace may expect a show of the usual high standard. Danford's song will be "Somebody Loves You, Dear." This is illustrated and will be one of the most captivating of the week.

NEW DIAMOND CHRISTENED.

Junior Baraca Baseball Team Defeated Wrightsboro.

The new baseball diamond at Hilton Park of the Junior Baraca team was christened yesterday afternoon when the Baraca administered their usual drubbing to the Wrightsboro aggregation by a score of 1 to 0. It was one of the most interesting amateur games of the season. The Baracas have all their men back again from the various engagements which they filled in the local league and elsewhere during the season. Penny for the Baracas allowed only one hit. The work of Sallings at first as well as the whole of the Wrightsboro team was good, but could not overcome the old time team work of the regular Baraca team. Batteries: Wrightsboro; Boswell and Eason. Baracas, Penny and McIntire.

SANDLIN CASE TUESDAY.

Appeal of Condemned Man to be Heard in Supreme Court.

The appeal of L. M. Sandlin, the white man convicted at the last term of Superior Court of the murder of his wife and sentenced to be electrocuted early in October, will be heard in Supreme Court Tuesday. L. Clayton Grant, Esq., his attorney, will leave Monday night for Raleigh to argue the case in the higher tribunal. Mr. Grant is hopeful of securing a new trial for his client. Should a new trial not be granted, Sandlin will die at the time appointed, unless he is given a respite or his sentence is commuted by the Governor. Several other cases from New Hanover county, on the civil side of the docket, will be argued in Supreme Court Tuesday also.

Yesterday The Equinox.

Yesterday was the Autumn equinox and according to the calendar the autumnal season begins on that day. It is on this date that the day and night is of an equal length of time. This particular season is always watched with some apprehension by the shipping interests in this section by reason of the fact that several storms have occurred during the equinoctical period, but at present there are no indications of any disturbance. Yesterday's chart at the local United States weather bureau showed nothing to indicate any weather disturbances over the Southern section of the country.

"Honey Bread" is the bread. Pure Food Market sells it. Farriss' Bakery makes it. Phone for one loaf. 2t.

So That Everyone May Buy

"The Standard of Proper Style"

NEW YORK MAKE McHUGHWILLOW FURNITURE SINCE 1893

High Quality & Good Value"

JOSEPH P. McHUGH & CO.

(*Established* 1878.)

(a) Forward Freight Free to any point in the United States prepaid purchases amounting to $25 or over, or

(b) Give free seat cushions for chairs with all prepaid orders, freight to be paid by buyer, or

(c) Ship on receipt of $5, money order or N. Y. draft, the McHugh Bar Harbor Cushioned Arm Chair, or

(d) Mail for 25c. in stamps (allowed on first order placed for McHughwillow Furniture) the full Portfolio of Pen Sketches and fixed Price-list, or

(e) Send postpaid without charge, the Illustrated Booklet and loose leaf pictures showing the McHughwillow Furniture in grouped effect.

Correspondence Cordially Invited.

9 WEST 42d ST., at FIFTH AVE. NEW YORK
Opposite New Public Library
(*Only Address Since* 1884.)
NO AGENTS, NO BRANCHES, BUT SATISFIED CUSTOMERS EVERYWHERE.

CITY LEAGUE AVERAGES

Summary of Batting and Fielding Averages of Players Who Have Participated in Five or More Games.

Below will be found as comprehensive a summary of the average of the players in the City League the past season as space will permit giving. To give a full tabulated list of every player in the League during the Summer would require at least three columns of space, which may be explained with the one example that there are over are a great number of players who have are agreat number of players who have participated in from one to three games, and of course no line could be drawn on them, that would at all be a correct statement of their ability as ball players, but we have selected from the list only those who have been in the thickest of the fray for the greater part of the season, whose brilliant work deserves some public recognition. The writer has a complete list of the averages and will be glad to give anyone any information desired.

Taking the first cushion position, Terry, of the A. C. L. has the rag so far as fielding is concerned, having made 141 put-outs, with only one lone misplay during the entire 17 games in which he has participated, giving him an average of .993. He is followed closely by McCravy, of the Y. M. C. A. who in 8 games has only two errors charged, with an average of .976. Grrell, L. of the W. L. I., comes next with .963, having participated in the greatest number of games, 18. Burnett, of the Boy's Brigade has a record of .949.

On the second station, Gore of the Boy's Brigade for 9 games has a standing of .920, Emerson of the A. C. L. in 11 games, .898; Carraway, Y. M. C. A., in 11 games, 892; Smith, W. L. I, 6 games, 783; and Davis, C. of the Boy's Brigade, in six games has .840.

On third, Bob Houston, of the Coast Line, leads with 14 games played and a percentage of .925; Lacy, of the Brigade, follows with one less games and .840; Shaw comes third, for the W. L. I., with 9 games and .833 and Bell, of the Triangles, a close fourth with 11 games and .814.

In short-field, C. Taylor, Ben Montgomery and T. Taylor lead with 14-.921, 16-.875 and 12-.821, respectively, while Emerson, Jones and Gore, follow with .833, .815 and .60- in order.

Five catchers are above the .900 mank in fielding as follows: Wessell, .968; Starritt, .955; Trust, .946; Thompson, .945, and Watson, .943, followed by Wright with .895.

Doing the hard work in the box, LeMoyne, of the A. C. L. in 5 games played has an error column of blanks, giving him a percentage of 1.000. McEachern, of the Y. M. C. A., follows with 6 games and .952; Green, of the Coast Line, comes third on the list as tabulated, but considering the fact that he has pitched 14 games, with only two misplays, and a percentage of .941, he has the best record for that position. Schulken, of the W. L. I. follows with .900; Whitehead, with .875, and Quinney with .812.

The outfielders who have participated in five or more games, with their standing in fielding, follows: Mintz, B. B., 11 games, 1,000; Grainger, A. C. L., 6 games, 1,000; Rhodes, W. L. I., 5 games, 1,000; Newkirk, Y. M. C. A., 5 games, 1,000; Brittain, 7 games, 1,000, Grainger, I., 5 games, 1,000; Davis, L. T., 7 games, .962; Bergen, C. 10 games, .929; Calder, 10 games, .875; Bergen, J., 15 games, 559; Parker, 5 games, 833; Smith, 7 games, .812; Wright, 6 games, .800; Goldberg, 7 games, .719; Davis, C. W., 5 games, .714; Hall, 5 games, .714; Morse, 5 games, .667; Gore, 7 games, .667, and Phil Taylor, 5 games, .500.

In team fielding the Coast Line leads with .933 for the season, followed by the Boys Brigade with .899; Y. M. C. A. .897, and W. L. I. a close fourth with .87. In batting the Coast Line also leads the van with .232, followed by the W. L. I. with .221; Y. M. C. A. .191 and Boy's Brigade, .164.

The individual batting averages, quite a long list, will be given in an early issue for all players who have participated in five or more games during the season.

Special Services at Bijou.

This afternoon at the Bijou theatre Mr. A. W. Hawks, the Baltimore humorist and philosopher, will deliver a special lecture to men, and Mr. Arnold, the noted evangelical singer, who has been assisting in a series of services at Grace Methodist Church, for the past week, will furnish the musical part of the programme. Admission is free and a cordial invitation to men and boys is extended.

FREE TO Blood-Poison SUFFERERS

Many People Have Blood Poison and Don't Know It. Remedy Also Cures Eczema, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Which Come from Poisoned, Diseased Blood.

For twenty-five years Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) has been curing yearly thousands of sufferers from Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Blood Poison, and all forms of Blood and Skin Diseases, Rheumatism and Eczema. We solicit the most obstinate cases, because B. B. B. cures where all else fails. If you have aches and pains in Bones, Back or Joints, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, Itching, watery blisters or open humors, Risings or pimples of Eczema, Boils, Swellings, Eating Sores, take B. B. B. It kills the poison, makes the blood pure and rich, completely changing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition, healing every sore or pimple, and stopping all aches, pains and itching, curing the worst case of Blood Poison, Rheumatism or Eczema.

BOTANIC BLOOD BALM (B. B. B.) is pleasant and safe to take, composed of pure Botanic ingredients.

DRUGGISTS, $1 PER LARGE BOTTLE, with directions for home cure. For free sample, fill out coupon below.

FREE BLOOD CURE COUPON.

This coupon (cut from Wilmington Star) is good for one sample of B. B. B. mailed free in plain package. Simply cut out this coupon, describe trouble, and mail to BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Important Notice

to the Prospective Purchasers of the Stock of the POST DATER-STAMP COMPANY.

It is our intention to close the sale of this Company's stock in Wilmington the 30th of this month. For this reason we advise those who have secured options on shares and those who intend to purchase or investigate, but have delayed doing so, to close their options, all of which will expire on the 30th inst., and buy at once, while the stock is available at $5.00 per share, as we intend to increase the selling price as soon as the first allotment of stock is sold. The citizens of Wilmington were given an opportunity to purchase the first allotment at $5.00 per share. Large numbers have **appreciated** the opportunity and purchased.

The Company's product has the endorsement of numerous Railroads, Corporations, Banks, and other lines of business which assure a ready and unlimited market for it, assuring highly satisfactory profits for the Company's shareholders.

For additional information, call at the Company's office, telephone or write

Department of Finance,

The Post Dater-Stamp Company, No. 411 Southern Bldg., TELEPHONE NO. 308.

se23-3t

We are Receiving This Week Another Carload of

Cooking Stoves and Wire Fencing

We have the Stock and Prices; hence, No Trouble to Move Out a Carload.

Each of these goods every sixty days. Few more Wood's Great Mowing Machines Left.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

PURCELL BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C.

We Are Gentle Operators

and even the most timid and nervous of our patrons admit that we are extremely careful with every detail of our Dental work. We have long and practical experience, taking great pains to do the finest work so as to build up a reputation that will last. Added to experience and up-to-date methods is the point of economy—our charges are moderate.

Crown and Bridge Work a specialty.

DR. CULBRETH'S DENTAL PARLORS

Rheumatism

A great many people believe rheumatism cannot be cured. They have tried many treatments without benefit. If you suffer from rheumatism, don't be discouraged. Don't give up until you have tried

KETTERER'S Excelsior BLOOD PURIFIER (K. E. B. P.)

Note this letter from R. H. Littlefield, Pensacola, Fla.—"I suffered untold misery the past number of years from inflammatory rheumatism, and could find nothing to cure or relieve me. I had almost drawn a conclusion that all patent medicines were frauds, until about one year ago I was induced by a friend to try a preparation known as K. E. B. P. It now affords me the greatest pleasure of my life to state that I am entirely cured, with no trace of the disease left, and all effected by the magical properties of the K. E. B. P. I consider it the grandest, purest and most powerful blood remedy known to man."

Ketterer's Excelsior Blood Purifier is guaranteed to help you. If you don't receive benefit, your druggist will refund your money. Get well. Why suffer?

Ask your Druggist today

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Miss HART Miss BROWN

The next session will begin **Tuesday, Third of October.**

Punctual attendance at the beginning of the session is necessary to a creditable standing.

Miss Hobday will resume instruction in Stenography, Voice Culture and Music.

For particulars, apply to the PRINCIPALS, 114 Orange Street.

sc10-8tsat

Wilmington Select SCHOOL

M. L. ALDERMAN. . . Prin.

The Fall Term will open Oct. 2nd, 1911. Prepares Boys and Girls for Business or College.

For particulars, apply to PRINCIPAL, No. 12 No. 5th.

su,tu,th,sa,su

LUMBERTON'S NEWS BUDGET

Special Term of Court—Abundant Grape Crop—Many Removals October 1st—Personal and General Items of the Week.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Sept. 23.—Since the closing of the regular one-week term of Superior Court last week, the Court House has been dark, so to speak, but a special one-week term will convene Monday morning, Sept. 25th, for the purpose of trying civil cases. After the one-week term has been held the house will again be dark for a week after which another regular one-week term will convene. It is understood that Judge Whedbee will preside at both of these courts and that much business will be transacted.

Mrs. Martha Lilly, of Roper, N. C., who arrived here last week to spend some time with the family of her son, Mr. G. H. Lilly, died Thursday night about 12 o'clock after a very short illness. Mrs. Lilly had not been in good health for three years, and came here in the hope that the trip would do her good. Late in the evening before her death she had her little grand-child out in its carriage, and up to 9 or 10 o'clock was as well as she had been for some time. She would have been 59 years old next Friday. The remains were carried to Roper Wednesday for interment.

Mr. J. M. Sellers, of Orrum, passed through here Wednesday, going to Raleigh, carrying his little son to a specialists to be treated for an eye trouble The little fellow is not quite seven years old and is the picture of good health, but during the past three months he has gone completely blind. His eyes do not show any signs of blindness, but he is unable to see anything at all. Mr. Sellers said he had been told that the trouble was in the optic nerves and he was going to Raleigh in the hope of finding relief for the child.

Things are getting mighty interesting in town affairs. Some say cuss words, some laugh and some say nothing. The first man to be cited to appear before the mayor for not complying with the sanitary law was Mr. Stephen McIntyre, of the law firm of McIntyre, Lawrence and Proctor. In giving a report of the case the Robesonian says that the law firm of McIntyre, Lawrence and Proctor drew up the bill under which Mr. McIntyre was haled into court, for which they received $25. The Star man called on Mr. McIntyre and asked him "did they really get the $25?" He said he had never seen it, and if it had been paid he was not aware of it. He had understood however, that an order had ben passed ordering it paid, but it seemed the town was shy of funds when the order was passed. He stated further that he did not think at any time that the bill would hold good, and did not believe now that it was any good. Ex-Mayor Rowland, who was Mayor at the time the law was passed, says he told the board then that such a law as they wanted could not stand, and that some one present said "frame" it up anyway, it will have the desired effect. When the town was called upon to pay for drawing the bill Messrs. M. W. Floyd and J. L. Stephenson, members of the board, asked that their votes be recorded against its payment, as the town had a regularly employed attorney for the business. We are having lots of fun, but no one expects the present administration or the present generation to make a "Garden of Eden" out of Lumberton even if it is one of the best towns of its size to be found anywhere and inhabited by people as good as live.

Much interest is being manifested in the approaching engagement of the Manhattan Opera Company, which will be soon at the Opera House next Wednesday and Thursday nights. Good reports of the show are being received from other towns and packed houses are confidently expected to greet this attraction when it appears here next week. Reserved seats will be put on sale at McMillan's drug store Monday morning. Several Lumberton people have seen the show at other towns and pronounced it great.

Owing to the abundant grape crop in this section, grapes are now being sold six quarts for 25 cents. Grapes are about the only thing we have seen for some time that housekeepers could buy at a decent price.

Ex-Sheriff McLeod has apparently regained his former good health, much to the delight of his many friends. He is now able to go horseback riding, something he has not done for a year or more.

We are of the opinion that any right thinking person makes a mistake to condemn any court for enforcing the law. It seems to us that right at this time there are three classes of people in Lumberton who need real sympathy, those who made the law, those who are trying to enforce it and those who must suffer as a result of the law being enforced. In the Mayor's court this week three colored people, two men and one woman, were indicted for maintaining surface closets on their lots in town, contrary to a town law made by somebody, we don't know who. We do not know the woman, the men we have known since childhood. They were both slaves, and are now well advanced in years, not able to do much, working today for what they eat today. By ecomony in time past they have been enabled to secure little homes, but it now looks like the law would force them to pay for putting in waterworks. They have been advised, so they say, to give mortgages on their homes in order to have the work done, and they see no chance to redeem them if they give these mortgages. Chas. Pepper, one of the defendants, up in the sixties, we are told, belonged during slavery to Mr. Henry L. Pittman, of Leesville, one of the best citizens of his day, but long past away. Ed Bell, the other defendant, belonged to the late Col. Jno. A. Rowland, and was sold when a small child to Mr. John Thompson another one of Robeson county's best citizens of his day. We know there are those who will condemn us for our views, but we have a feeling of pity for those old slaves which will not down even if we wanted it to. The mayor sympathizes with these old darkies, but his hands are tied by the "law". We don't believe the children of people who owned and were served by these old slaves will fail to assist them in securing their homes if it comes to the point.

Mr. John Q. Beckwith and family have moved into the Redmond house on North Elm street. During the next several weeks there will be several other changes of residences in town. In a short time Mr. H. B. Jenning and family will move into their elegant new home; Mr. L. R. Varser and family will move into the residence at present occupied by Mr. Jennings, and Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Williamson will begin housekeeping in the cottage at present occupied by Mr. Varser. Mr. Williamson's mother will reside with her son and daughter-in-law. Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Gray began housekeeping this week in the residence on the corner of 2nd and Walnut streets.

Sheriff McNeill and county treasurer McKenzie left this week for Jackson Springs to spend a few days. Neither of these gentlemen are enjoying the best of health, and it is hoped the trip will be of great benefit to them. Sheriff McNeill is still very weak from the effects of his recent attack of fever.

Many friends were made sad Thursday morning when it was announced that Mrs. W. H. Barnes had died at 6 o'clock. Mrs. Barnes was 71 years old and for many years had been a great sufferer from rheumatism, much of the time being confined to her bed. The funeral was conducted from the residence, 4th and Water streets, yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, her pastor, Rev. Weiss of the Gospel Tabernacle, officiating. The interment was made in the East Lumberton cemetery near the county home. Mrs. Barnes is survived by her husband and two daughters, Mesdames. Martha Edmund and Mary Roberts.

Mr. N. C. Stubbs, of Fairmount, had a mule to run away one evening this week which did a good job. He passed through Lumberton at 2 o'clock in the morning and was stopped two miles beyond St. Paul's later on. The mule covered a distance of something like 30 miles, his only companion being a cart to which he was hitched. A mule pulling a wagon on which was loaded a bale of cotton, came to town one morning this week, took fright at the new county commissary on wheels, ran into another team, with the result that the boy driving the mule was painfully hurt by having his hand caught in some way and badly cut. Thursday morning a horse belonging to Mr. Prentice Barker took fright and ran away, not stopping until he reached home, 1 1-2 miles from town. The road cart to which he was attached was wrecked.

A bill posting crew of 14 men were here yesterday advertising the Mighty Haag Show which is booked to apper here Friday, October ..th. We have never met a more clever set of show people.

Water meters are to be installed wherever city water is used, and thus save the town several thousand dollars a year. Consumers will be required to pay 25 cents a month rental for the meter or pay $10 and own it.

Mr. Willis C. Britt, has been appointed night policeman. Three men have given up the position since Policeman Sam Strain resigned to become chief-of-police at Rowland.

Everything is now done at onc and and the same time in Lumberton according to the town clock, the hour bting 4 o'clock all the time. But the town authorities have passed an order to pay Dr. Parker $10 to repair it, and he says he will perform an operation on the clock as soon as a door is put in it with lock and key turned over to him. It's amusing to see people stop and set their watches by the town clock when a telephone pole would do just as well.

Many friends here deeply sympathize with Editor Branch, of the Red Springs Citizen, in the great loss of his wife who died suddenly Monday morning.

Among the jurors drawn to serve during the November Federal court in Wilmington are: Messrs. H. McE. McMillan and A. H. McLeod, of Lumberton, Mr. McMillan for the first week and Mr. McLeoud for the second week.

We do not know that the Southern Bell Telephone Company anticipates moving its headquarters here, but judging from the number of officials who are spending considerable time in this section, something must be doing.

A good many of our people are preparing for cold weather by putting in a good supply of coal. The question of firewood is a serious problem, especially for those who have not a large bank account. The prices for wood are something fearful.

A marriage of much interest is reported to have occurred at Hamlet one day this week, Mr. Wright Edwards, of Bladenboro, 71 years old, and a lady from Pennsylvania, being the contracting parties. An interesting story is told of how they came to meet and dates back to the Civil War. Reports say that Mr. Edwards was captured and put in prison. A good lady residing near the prison sent her little girl daily to carry something to eat to the poor half-starved prisoners. Mr. Edwards in time was released and at the close of the war returned home. He is said to have raised a family of ten children, and some time ago lost his wife after many years happily spent together. Now it is said that he has taken into himself another helpmeet in the person of the little girl who carried him lunches when in prison nearly a half a century ago, the bride now being 55 or 56 years of age. It is said that when they reached Bladenboro on the night train the whole country turned out to meet them, each person, or nearly all of them, carrying a big hand torch. A gentleman who was on the train that night said that he had never seen such a torch light procession as turned out at Bladenboro that night. As per agreement, it is said, the contracting parties met at Hamlet that morning.

All places of business of our Jewish citizens were closed from 6 o'clock yesterday evening until 6 this evening, the occasion being the celebration of the jewish New Year.

Miss Bonnie Barker will leave the first of the week for Baltimore where she will enter Peabody Conservatory of Music. She expects to be gone eight months.

For the past several nights rice birds have been passing over, presumably on their way to the rice fields. They are never noticed during the day, but can be heard passing at all hours of the night—This section was visited by heavy rains yesterday evening and last night.

Mr. Jas. Stephens, who left here several months ago for Texas and other Western States, returned home yesterday and is now busily engaged in relating to his friends the many wonderful things he has seen, but "there's no place like home."

Mr. Archie Morrison, who has been in a Richmond Hospital for some time suffering with rheumatism, returned home last week. While not fully restored to his former health, he is much improved—Mr. M. L. Crump and family who have been spending some time here with relatives, will return to their home in Texas next week.

MR. FRANK GREEN DEAD.

Passed Away Yesterday at Hendersonville—To Be Interred There.

The many friends of Mr. Frank Green, who left this city about 19 months ago for Hendersonville, where he went in an attempt to regain his health, will be grieved to learn that his death occurred at that place yesterday morning about 9:15, from the effects of the dread disease of tuberculosis.

Information to that effect was contained in a telegram received yesterday by Mr. W. C. Smith, secretary of Wilmington Dodge, I. O. O. F., No. 139, and stated that the end came at Dr. Moore's sanitarium in Hendersonville.

Mr. Green came to this city about 12 years ago, from the West and remained here until his poor health forced him to seek another climate. At one time he was employed in the city Fire Department. He was a member of Wilmington Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 139, and also of Eyota Tribe, Red Men, No. 5, and had many friends in lodge as well as other circles in the city.

His friends here have no knowledge of the whereabouts of Mr. Green's relatives. They know that at one time he had a married sister living in Chicago, but they have no means of finding out her name or address. Mr. Green was about 32 years of age.

The lodge officials immediately wired to Hendersonville directing that Mr. Green's remains be interred there, as there was no means by which they could get in touch with his relatives. It is presumed that the funeral will be held today.

MAY BEGIN WORK SOON.

With Sewerage Question Settled, Paving Will Commence.

Councilman P. Q. Moore has returned from a brief business trip to Norfolk, Va., and was in his office yesterday. He said that as the sewerage question is practically settled the work of improving Front street will probably be begun in a short time. The street is to be paved from the union station to Castle street. Asphalt blocks will be used with vitrified brick between the car tracks. The contract for the asphalt was let to Mr. William Pannill and for the brick to the Southern Paving & Construction Co., Chattanooga, Tenn. Councilman Moore said that it had been suggested that the sewer pipes along the principal thoroughfares might have to be placed lower than they are at present, in which event the Front street work would necessarily have to be delayed for some time yet. However, if this is not necessary the contractors will be allowed to begin work just as soon as the sewerage question is definitely settled. For some time Councilman Moore has been urging Council to take some definite action relative to the sewerage matter so that the street improvement work might not longer be held up. He hopes that a settlement is now in sight.

LECTURE OF MR. HAWKS.

Will Be Heard Tuesday Night in Memorial Hall St. Andrew's Church.

Those who have heard the earnest, appealing addresses of Mr. A. W. Hawks, at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, and have been so greatly benefitted by them will rejoice to know that they will have the opportunity of hearing him in his "Sunshine" lecture on Tuesday evening in the Memorial Hall of the church. Mr. Hawks is a humorist and philosopher of infinite genius and he should be greeted by a very large gathering of people. In this connection it will be interesting to many to know that Mr. Hawks' father, Maj. Wells J. Hawks, was on the staff of General Stonewall Jackson and a beautiful appreciation of him, written by his son, appears in the August 1911 number of The Confederate Veteran. Of distinguished ancestry, and a talent, natural and acquired by study, Mr. Hawks is a lecturer second to none now on the platform. He should be heard by a very large audience on Tuesday night.

A boy away from home can always save enough money to telegraph for some.

A Warning About Croup

Croup usually begins with the appearance of a common "cold." Be ready for the worst—have on hand for instant use a jar of—

VICK'S Croup and Pneumonia SALVE

It goes right to the lungs by inhalation and absorption, giving instant relief.

Avoid drugs that are taken inwardly, they add to the suffocation of the lungs and derange the stomach.

At your druggist's or by mail
25c. 50c. $1.00
Economy suggests the dollar size
Vick's Family Remedies Co.
Greensboro, N. C.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and itching of the private parts. Druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.
WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio

Littleton Female College

Our Fall term will begin September 20th, 1911.

For catalogue address, Littleton College, Littleton, N. C.

By Train, Steamer and Express

New Fall and Winter goods are pouring into

Gaylord's

BIG STORE

They are all cash bought goods, therefore bought at the lowest price. They will be sold for cash, therefore sold at the lowest price possible to sell goods of such class and quality.

You will find splendid lines of Outings in all colors, of the 12 1-2c grade selling for 10c
12 1-2c black Diamond Chambries for 9c
54-inch Panamas, 75c quality, for 50c
Grand bargain in 36-inch gray mixed wool Suiting.. 50c
56-in. Mohair Brilliants 18c
32-in. Ginghams 15c
Flowered Serpentine Crepe 20c
Silk Foulards, of $1.25 values, for 85c
36-in. plaid Taffeta Silks, for 85c
34-in. 15c Zephyr Ginghams for 10c
Striped Cotton Suiting in creams and dark colors suitable for Fall Coat Suits, at 15c

Large line of new hand bags in latest styles.
Beautiful lot of Beaded Girdles.
Extra long full size real hair Switches, a special bargain in these.

Light weight Comforts and Blankets for Fall use.
Splendid line of Mattresses at remarkably low rates.
100 rolls of 30c Matting at 22 1-2c by the roll.
Big bargain in Matting Remnants.
Two yard pieces of Floor Oil Cloth for 40c per piece.

"HOBBLE SKIRT" NECKTIES FOR MEN. THEY ARE BEAUTIES.

210, 212, 214 NORTH FRONT STREET.
MEMBERS TRADE EXTENSION ASSOCIATION.

Chattanooga Plows!

We carry in stock a complete line of Chattanooga 1, 2, and 3-horse S. B. Plows, Disc Harrows and Sulky Plows.
Also a complete line of Castings for same.
Write for Catalogue and Price List. Mail orders given prompt attention.

J. W. MURCHISON & COMPANY
WHOLESALE HARDWARE.

Latest and best Selling Books

THE COMMON LAW, by Robert W. Chambers.
THE NE'ER DO WELL, by Rex Beach.
THE WINNING OF BARBARA WORTH, by Harold Bell Wright.
THE GLORY OF CLEMENTINA, by William J. Locke.
KENNEDY SQUARE, by F. Hopkinson Smith.
THE MILLER OF OLD CHURCH, by Ellen Glasgow.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET
BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

ATLANTIC INN
EUROPEAN PLAN.

Being opposite the Union Depot is, therefore, most convenient to Traveling Men. Large, Airy Rooms and Good Restaurant.

GIESCHEN BROS. :: :: :: :: :: :: :: Proprietors

Columbus Buggies

We have just received a large shipment of very attractive Buggies from the Columbus Buggy Company.
ALL STYLES
For Sale at Our Repository.
CITY LIVERY COMPANY

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective September 18, 1911. Time Not Guaranteed

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 90, 12:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:35 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M).	No. 91, a 1:00 A. M.
No. 51, * 5:45 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Columbia and Asheville, Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50, *12:00 A. M.
No. 64, 15:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate Stations.	No. 65, 16:50 P.M
No. 48, *8:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 48, * 8:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford. Pullman Parlor Car between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52, *8:05 P. M.
No. 55, *3:15 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway (!) Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, *1:40 P. M.
No. 62, * 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate Stations.	No. 63, *12:50 P. M.
No. 59, ! 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and intermediate Stations.	No. 60, !10:15 A. M.
No. 42, *7:30 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, * 9:45 A. M.
No. 57, ! 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate Stations.	No. 58, ! 8:30 A. M.

* Daily ! Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.
W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

To the Beach

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 5TH, 1911.

WEEK DAYS:

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
6:30 A. M.	6:05 A. M.
	6:45 A. M.
and every	7:15 A. M.
half hour	and every
thereafter	half hour
until	thereafter
	until
5:30 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
6:10 P. M.	6:45 P. M.
6:30 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
and every	and every
half hour	half hour
thereafter	thereafter
until	until
10:00 P. M.	10:45 P. M.
12:00 P. M.	

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
	7:15 A.M.
10:00 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	5:15 P. M.

Freight Depot, 9th and Orange sts., open daily except Sunday from 9 to 10 A. M., and from 3 to 4 P. M.
* Freight received at Orange Street Siding, near Front.

SUNDAYS:

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
7:00 A. M.	6:45 A. M.
8:30 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
and every	9:15 A. M.
half hour	and every
thereafter	half hour
until	thereafter
	until
5:30 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
6:10 P. M.	6:45 P. M.
6:30 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
and every	and every
half hour	half hour
thereafter	thereafter
until	until
10:00 P. M.	10:45 P. M.
12:00 P. M.	

FREIGHT:

10:30 A. M. 12:15 P. M.
Freight Depot open Sundays from 9 to 10 A. M.

WINTER SCHEDULE:
STEAMER WILMINGTON.

On and after Tuesday, September 5th, Steamer Wilmington will leave wharf at 10 A. M. for Carolina Beach and Southport. Leave Southport at 2:30 P.M. Leave Beach at 3:30 P. M. CAPT. J. W. HARPER.
se3-tf

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE TO
NORFOLK
via
WILSON, GOLDSBORO or NEW BERN
and
Norfolk Southern
PULLMAN SERVICE.

Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L.	* 7:00 p. m.
Ar. Goldsboro, A. C. L.	10:05 p. m.
Ar. Wilson, A. C. L.	11:00 p. m.
Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L.	‡ 8:50am, *3:25pm
Ar. New Bern, A. C. L.	9:15am 6:50pm
Lv. Goldsboro, N. S. R. R.	*7:15am*10:15pm
Lv. New Bern, N. S. R. R.	9:30am 12:30am
Lv. Wilson, N. S. R. R.	*8:20am*11:30pm
Lv. Wash'gton, N. S. R. R.	10:50am 1:20am
Ar. Norfolk, N. S. R. R.	1:35pm 4:00am

SOUTH BOUND.

Lv. Norfolk, N. S. R. R.	9:00 p. m.
Ar. Goldsboro, N. S. R. R.	6:20 a. m.
Ar. Wilson, N. S. R. R.	5:05 a. m.
Ar. Wilmington	9:45 a. m.

* Daily. ! Daily Except Sunday.
For reservations, address W. J. Williams, T. A., Wilson; F. W. Tatem, G. A., Goldsboro; T. M. Bennett, T. A., New Bern.
W. H. CROXTON, G. P. A., Norfolk, Va.

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27-28-29 Carroll Building.

DR. ROWLAND DEES
Veterinary Surgeon.
Lumberton, N. C.
Calls answered promptly, day or night.

THE PRINCESS CAFE
Formerly the Globe
Princess Building :: Princess St.,
Everything Good to Eat
J. R. KENNEDY & CO., Props.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office, 'Phone 1294, or Office of Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone 178.

Trains Leave Wilmington, Effective April 30th, 1911.

No. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet, and intermediate points to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 60, for Raleigh and points North.

No. 30—3:40 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York, and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 10:30 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington:
No. 40.—12:20 P. M.—From Charlotte.
No. 44—11:50 P. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 32, for all points North; at Monroe, with No. 53, for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41, for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis, No. 34, for Washington and New York; No. 32, for Portsmouth, Norfolk, and No. 43, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on No. 39, leaving Wilmington at 3:40 P. M., and No. 40, arriving at Wilmington at 12:20 P. M.

B. W. ARRINGTON, Union Ticket Agent, 'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.
mh12-tf

Clyde Steamship Company
to
NEW YORK
and
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington
Stmp. "Navahoe," Friday, Sept. 29th, 1911.
Stmp. "Carib," Friday, Oct. 6th, 1911.

Wilmington to New York:
Stmp. "Navahoe," Saturday, Sept. 23d, 1911
Stmp. "Carib," Saturday, Sept. 30th, 1911.

Wilmington to Georgetown:
Stmp. "Carib," Monday, Sept. 25th, 1911.
Stmp. "Navahoe," Monday, Oct. 2nd, 1911.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.
For freight, apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
H. M. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
H. M. RAYMOND, V.-P. and G. M.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and North-west.
Block System, Rock Ballast, 85-lb. Rail.
Schedule in Effect February 12, 1911:

Lv Norfolk	8:30 a m	8:00 p m
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a m	10:40 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	5:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a m	6:55 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p m	2:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all western points.
Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.
Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.
W. B. BEVILL, Gen. Pass Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

GET RID OF THE FLIES.

Use Formaldehyde as recommended by Health Authorities. We can supply you in any quantity from 10c. worth to a ton.

Do you boil the water you drink? Ask your Doctor about it. Monticello Lithia Water, the strongest in Lithia and most wholesome table water, as well as the best medicinal water on the market. We can supply you with half gallon bottles or five gallon carboys.

We also handle Harriss', Moore's, Buffalo, Lincoln, Poland, Mecklenburg, and many others.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, September 24, 1911.

The voters in Canada made our prolonged extra session of Congress look like thirty cents.

Even the recall won't deter a real patriot from rushing to the front when an office is in sight. Men don't mind taking chances in any kind of game.

The Illinois politicians met President Taft and promised him the State. They talk like they think they still lead the people around by the noses. Probably they do. Who knows?

The San Francisco Post makes this apt observation: "If the prices continue to soar, we may see some of our wealthiest society belles arrayed in necklaces of sugar one of these days." Now we know the meaning of that old expression about men's having "sugar on the lip."

Judge Thomas, of Kansas City, refused to grant a divorce to Glenn C. Burnham from his wife Ida, because she was peevish and continually scolded him. The judge held that "a wife has a right to scold her husband if he gives her provocation." This makes it necessary for a man not to hang around and indulge in provocation of any description.

The welfare of the average man and the community or State at large is more important than the ambitions of men or the jobs of politicians. First consider the average man and the public interest, and don't paw up the earth over this or that feller's aspirations. The main question is, what the deuce can this or that man do better than the other to best serve the public which is made up of the average man?

The Florida "Shakers" seem to have taken up an idea that by the use of chloroform they could help a sister to shake off this mortal coil with less pain and suffering than if she were allowed to pass away like ordinary mortals. However, the civil law does not allow mortals to abrogate the law of nature, so people who try to make death easy for others ought to be working under the penitentiary boss or be safely shelved at the lunatic asylum.

President Taft says he has tried to keep in the "middle of the road," steering clear of extreme progressives or extreme reactionaries. No man ever gained much or gathered strength by straddling in politics. Either the Progressives or Standpatters more correctly represent Republican principles, so the best thing the President could have done for himself would have been to determine which is right. We would rather put up the flag of conviction and fight under it than to flop from one side to the other under the banner of policy. A fellow in the middle of the road is liable to get run over by the steam roller. Line up and don't wabble.

Considering high prices and all kinds of people we have to support or help, there is no wonder that it is hard for us to make both ends meet. We have just found out through the New York World that in 1816 there were 6,327 names on the government pay roll, which is one to every 1,300 population. In 1911 we have 384,000, or one to every 242 of the population. Add the army and navy, 1,415 for representatives abroad, 7,000 for the employes of Congress and the Judiciary, and we have a total of 513,854, or one to every 140 of population. When the members of the group of 180 must not only provide for themselves, but aid in the support of the one who lives in better style than any one of his employers, the cost of living is bound to be a bit crushing.

PRESIDENTIAL LAMENTATIONS.

This article refers somewhat to the lamentations of President Taft over the defeat of reciprocity in Canada and also concerning his animadversions upon himself for being "a very poor politician."

Incidentally, we note that a contemporary is quoted as saying that "the people are getting ready to rise up and throw off the yoke of bondage again." The question is where do the people get all the yokes they complain about? The fact is, they are not wearing any yoke and don't have to "rise up and throw it off." All they have got to do is to break out of harness and quit standing hitched for the Republican party to saddle them with tariff taxes which empty their slim pockets into the capacious coffers of the trusts which have been created by and under the Republican party's outrageous protection policy.

By George, the Republican party was so disingenuous that in the last Presidential campaign in 1908, it actually inserted in its party platform a positive guarantee of "reasonable profit" to manufacturers. They didn't hand out any guarantee of profits to the farmers and other classes of producers. They just simply and designedly guaranteed it to special interests, knowing that the corporations and trusts would appreciate it and show their appreciation in a tangible way when fay frying began for campaign purposes. The National Republican platform with its profit guarantee displayed an "open and shut game," and, with the trick laid on the table right under their eyes, the people went to the polls and elected a President and Congress to carry out that guarantee to its favored plutocrats. They carried it out, too, by passing the infamous Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and it caused such a howl from the people who were promised and expected tariff revision that they elected a Democratic House as a substitute for Uncle Joe's aggregation.

A Hottentot might have judged from the overwhelming change in the sentiment of the voters in 1910, that they had voted for tariff revision promised by Democrats, but President Taft, after that relief had been put up to him in sundry revision bills passed by Congress, still adhered to the promise of his platform guaranteeing profits to special interests. With a fidelity that is more notable than sublime, he preferred to still stand by the beneficiaries of the tariff. So with his veto pen he stuck the dobbing to the bills passed by the people's Congress in their interest. His excuse (not a reason) was an insistence for delay for the report of a Tariff Board of five men whose recommendations he would prefer to guide him instead of the deliberate legislation of the people's Senators and Representatives. Most men, had they been President, would not have dared to pit an unauthorized Tariff Board of five against the House of Representatives, to which alone the constitution gives the right to originate revenue measures. He waved aside the constitutional House to wait on his unconstitutional Tariff Board.

Of course, we feel sorry for President Taft since he is "belly-aching" out West over the defeat of Reciprocity by Canada and bewailing the fact that he is "a very poor politician," but he brought it on himself. A tariff revision Congress had been elected but he called it in extra session to pass a reciprocity pact of which the American people had never heard a word when they voted at the election in 1910 and upon which they were not called to pass, as were the voters of Canada. What he ought have done was to have called that extra session to carry out the tariff revision will of the people and not to waste months of buncombe and hot air over his side issue of reciprocity. It simply delayed tariff revision two years longer, when in 1912 the American voters are expected to forget all about their demand for relief from the exorbitant Republican tariff for the benefit of its special interests. The people will not forget, unless they have rings in their noses and can be led to the polls to vote for a continuance of their "yoke."

The Republican party ought to, and will, renominate President Taft, because he certainly did his best to carry out its pledge about those profits for its plutocrats. By the way, did you ever stop to consider what a queer, double-dealing Republican platform that was—the one upon which President Taft was elected? It positively promised the manufacturers a reasonable profit and it only vaguely promised the people tariff revision. President Taft, on the stump, promised some kind of tariff reform, but with a party guaranteeing those profits and only "promising" relief for consumers, the "mutts" went to the polls and elected the guarantee party! Did you ever! Well, hardly ever!

President Taft needn't discount himself for being "a very poor politician." In that respect he is no worse off than voters who didn't know when it was loaded in 1908. He should know from that, that there are others—poor political dupes—who voted for a party which in its very platform guaranteed profits to the interests and vouchsafed its fostering care of the vampires. How else could that guarantee of profits been carried out than by more protective tariff—more taxes on the people to furnish those guaranteed profits? That is the only way in which a party could carry out such a guarantee—do it at the expense of the masses.

Whether President Taft is a "very poor politician" or not, the Republican party ought to re-nominate him on the ground of his fidelity to its platform pledge—guarantee of profits for special interests. He did his best, as he claimed in that heart-to-heart confab with those Illinois politicians, "dear friend Cullom" and others, at Peoria on Friday. He was downcast over the defeat of reciprocity and he unburdened himself in a manner so frank that he told them why he had been making so many mistakes as President and why he vetoed pernicious Democratic legislation interfering with Republican promises of profits to its tariff beneficiaries. The disingenuous, non-political President simply explained his vetoes because he was "under obligation to veto them, for the reason that the whole Republican party had taken the position that it was necessary to maintain the industries of this country by protection."

Those are his words. How frank they are! His fidelity to his special interest platform was what got him in a hole. He made a fetish of protection and stuck to a 1908 platform that was repudiated by the voters in 1910. Why didn't he carry out the law will of the people who were misled by his party platform and his own promises in 1908, and who in 1910 elected a Democratic House to relieve them of contributing the guaranteed profits for the trusts?

INCREASED LAND VALUES.

In the Southern Pines Tourist, of September 22nd, we find an exceedingly interesting article by "Landlooker," who philosophizes on land values and their logical increase, especially in Moore and Cumberland counties. The flourishing Winter resort of Southern Pines is in Moore county, and evidently the Tourist's well informed correspondent makes special reference to the lands thereabouts. After quite an entertaining introduction, "Landlooker" emphasizes the tremendous importance of agriculture to communities in particular and the world in general, and then goes on to observe:

"Farming is the very bone and sinew of any nation. Block the ports of Great Britain and in three weeks her people would be hungry; make it six and there would be no English Derby. Now we come to the land on which the farmer is going to produce the several agricultural products, and you will kindly allow me to localize this land as to its selling value, past and present; also its producing power as compared to other farm lands closely adjacent but at a tremendously higher figure. Assuming that you have permitted me to localize as to values, productions, etc., I will take Moore and Cumberland counties, more particularly Moore, covering a period of two years. I will not mention specific cases, but deal with two or three or possibly more cases where land enhanced from a ridiculously low figure to what seems a fabulous one. I wish to put a strong accent on the two words, 'seem fabulous,' which I will explain later on. Seven hundred acres near West End could have been bought two years ago for $3 an acre. Today it is held at $10 an acre. A large tract, bought 16 months ago at $2.50 per acre, sold at $17, with some improvements. One particular piece the writer has in mind, a 5,000-acre tract, sold at $3.50 less than two years ago, would sell readily now at $10, a clear, clean net profit of $32,500, and that handsome profit before the second payment of $2,500 became due. But why should this owner sell even at $10 and take his profit of $32,500 when it has been fully demonstrated that this same land will produce as much cotton, corn, cowpea hay, also peaches, Delaware, Niagara and scuppernong grapes as land costing $150 or $200 per acre elsewhere? I hold that this land can go to double and quadruple its present price and still be at a conservative price, considering that the $150 and $200 an acre land requires as much high grade fertilizer as any of your flat table Moore county lands. It has been proved by actual demonstration that Moore county can produce every known domestic vegetable and all the heavier commercial crops. Why, then, should land sell at $15, $25 or even $50 per acre when it has such diversified productive possibilities? Tourist readers will note the transition in less than two years—prosperous farms from Hoffman, branching at Aberdeen to Eagle Springs and between Aberdeen and Southern Pines. Southern Pines is surrounded by successful farmers and fruit producers. Meet them when and where you will, their faces wear the characteristic and genial smile of the successful man. I firmly believe if a bureau of information were established in Philadelphia, New York, Boston or Pittsburg and the possibilities of this portion of North Carolina shown and demonstrated, that thousands of home seekers wishing to escape the rigors of the North could be induced to come here—thrifty men who have saved up a few thousand and who would make most desirable citizens. Don't you thing the matter worth considering?"

"Landlooker" emphasizes what we have often remarked—that we have not begun to realize the value of the lands and climate of this highly favored portion of the world. We not only do not appreciate their value so far as we are concerned, but we overlook them as a big factor to be utilized for the purpose of inducing home-seekers to come and settle in North Carolina. We find ourselves with the tremendous advantages and resources pointed out by the Tourist's correspondent, but we do not make a single, well directed effort to take advantage of it to bring settlers to North Carolina. The simple fact is we are "asleep—fast asleep." as the hypnotist would say.

There are many reasons why land values have increased in the South and will continue to increase as the country develops. The Star has often pointed out that land investments in the South are as good as gold salted down, for the reason that the past and even present value of lands is so low that there was bound to be a big increase as the result of development and progress in the South. We took that position years ago and we are borne out by the experience of many communities in the South.

Returning to the matter of land values, it is well to remark that they depend upon development. Idle lands are worth very little. They eat up taxes. They produce nothing. Sell them at such reasonable prices as to induce setlers, or start something, and then watch the values increase? Lands are now worth something around Southern Pines because Southern Pines is there. Values are established by progress. When there is nothing doing, values are merely nominal or negligible. Start something to attract visitors, settlers and industries, and watch its magic effect on values and business of all kinds.

Development brings about the increase of values, just as the establishment of Southern Pines and its growth has brought about the increase of land values thereabouts. The building of Southern Pines and the attraction there of wealthy Northerners in seach of recreation and health, has had a magic effect on the surrounding country. Logically, it has brought an increase of values because it created a demand for formerly cheap lands. The development of Southern Pines as a resort created a demand for agricultural, horticultural and fruit products, and that made otherwise useless or idle land valuable.

What applies to the conditions around Southern Pines holds good throughout North Carolina. Wherever there is development, the logical and inevitable consequence is an increase in values. We find that true all around Wilmington and we can hasten further development by making Wilmington what it ought to be—the greatest Winter resort in the South. Build some fine tourist hotels and watch results.

The principal cause of the lament of the affable Taft should be that his destiny is handicapped by the Republican party and what it stands for.

A good farmer wants a good road because it helps him to be a better farmer. He can farm better and save more on a modern highway than he can on a pig path or a cow trail.

It is announced that the Republican editors of Ohio are for Taft. Of course, the Iowa editors may be very nice fellows, but they may not have any more political influence than the editors of South Carolina.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Another curious thing about our lady friends is that when they go on a shopping tour they begin at the stores where they know they won't find what they want and end at the place where they meant to buy it all along.—Dallas News.

Although this paper is published for wise people, every howling ignoramus should take it, because it will point out to him the absurdity of his wild-eyed, wind-broken, diabolical ways and save him from destruction.—Snow Hill (N. C.) Square Deal.

We might consider with more patience this idea of giving the government power to fix prices if we were only assured that there will be an indefinite retirement of the party that has been fixing the government for some time past.—Houston Post.

A Georgia contemporary says that "the man who resigns one office before becoming a candidate for another at least gains the respect, if not the votes of nine-tenths of the people." What right has a Georgia paper to be against Governor Kitchin and Judge Clark like that?—Greensboro News.

"Where is the old-fashioned man whose word is as good as his bond?"—Wilmington Star. Right here in Southern Pines—and there's more than one of him, too. Sorry the Star has to adviertise for that kind of men.—Southern Pines Tourist.

It speaks eloquently of the help the president gets from his law officer when he has to make detailed inquiries himself into a matter of departmental discipline after the Attorney-General has made his drastic recommendation on a basis of half-digested one-sided facts.—Chattanooga News.

Capt. J. Adger Smythe, Jr., who is connected with several large mills, has written a letter to the commissioner of agriculture asking him to put him in touch with farmers who are raising long staple cotton. Capt. Smythe also states that his mills are running a demonstration farm under the direction of Ira W. Williams, and is putting up a gin to gin this particular variety of cotton, and that he is arranging to furnish a large quantity of seed to the farmers of Laurens county for their 1912 crop. Capt. Smythe is president of the Watts mills at Laurens, and says that the Duncan mills in Greenville, which he also has charge of, will be ready for operation about the 1st of January or February, will use nothing but long staple cotton. This will open up better market for long staple cotton than we have had heretofore. There is quite a lot of long staple cotton planted in this county. Henry Savage has 100 acres or more planted on his "Westerham" plantation in West Wateree, and there are others also who have long staple planted this year.—Wateree (S. C.) Messenger.

Your eyes tested free by Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Spectacles from $1.00 up. **

GUARANTEED
Kirschbaum Clothes.
ALL WOOL HAND TAILORED

Why Do So Many Men

Neglect the self-advantage of wearing the right clothes Fortunate is the man who is wise to the importance of wearing that which he looks his very best in.

Becoming dress is a tonic to him.

His clothes help him to be spirited and life-loving.

Being right, his clothes make him confident, and confidence begets the bearing, the carriage and step, necessary to impress folks that one is in the fashionable swim.

To the man who hasn't the clothes-instinct, we offer this safe rule:

Get Kirschbaum Clothes with the Cherry-Tree Brand Label.

Guaranteed All-Wool Fabrics; Genuine Hand-Tailoring.

$12.50 to $25.00

J. H. REHDER & CO.

The Firm That Pays Your Carfare.

Headwear and Shoes to Match the Clothing.

Underwear and Hosiery a Specialty.

AFRAID TO START REVOLUTION.

Madero Sneers at General Reyes' Position in Mexico.

Vera Cruz, Mexico, Sept. 23.—In a statement made for publication a few minutes after he landed here today, Francisco I. Madero bitterly and sarcastically assailed General Reyes. He sneered at the general for withdrawing from the Presidential race, boasted of his own strength and declared that fear of losing his life was what prevented Reyes from starting a revolution.

Feet Tired—So Tired?

TIZ Makes Sick Feet Well No Matter What Ails Them.

TIZ acts at once and makes tired, aching, swollen feet remarkably fresh and sore proof.

It's the sure remedy, you know, for everything that gets the matter with your feet. It's for sore feet and for sweaty, bad-smelling feet, and for corns, callouses and bunions, too.

"For years I have been troubled with sore and tender feet; suffered intense pains. Have had the assistance of physicians without relief. I bought a box of TIZ, which worked a perfect cure, as it has with a great many of my friends. I would not be without it. All it requires is to be known to be universally used." A. F. Dreutzer, Chicago.

TIZ is not a powder. Powders and other foot remedies clog up the pores. TIZ draws out all poisonous exudations which bring on soreness of the feet, and is the only remedy that does. TIZ cleans out every pore and glorifies the feet—your feet.

You'll never limp again or draw up your face in pain, and you'll forget about your corns, bunions and callouses. You'll feel like a new person.

TIZ is for sale at all druggists, 25 cents per box, or it will be sent you direct, if you wish, from Walter Luther Dodge & Co., Chicago, Ill.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED

In 30 days a competent Bookkeeper in a first-class Wholesale Grocery House will vacate his position, which will be open to an experienced man of unquestioned experience and ability and habits and capable of assuming charge of the collections and bookkeeping. A commensurate salary is paid. Bond will be required and same paid by employer. Previous experience must be mentioned and salary expected. Address,

"CREDIT MAN."
General Delivery, Wilmington, N.C.

se24-1t

MAP OF WILMINGTON

For Sale by Book Stores, Stationery and News Stands

Published by
P. P. PILCHER,
Richmond, Va.

Stylish Suits and Wraps

A glance at our selection of New Coat Suits will convince you that we are showing the Most Up-to-Date and the Most Carefully Selected stock to be seen anywhere. We have all the New Lengths, Patterns and Weaves, including the English Tweeds, Rough Weaves, Mixtures, and Serges. We also are showing a strong line of the New Tourists' Coats, in plain cloths, mixtures and double faced cloths. These you'll find correct in every respect.

NEW SWEATERS.

Our new sweaters have arrived and we are prepared to supply your wants in any size, style or color.

A. D. BROWN Dry Goods Co.

"The Modest-Price Store."

L. C. SMITH GUNS

Made by Hunter Arms Co.

Remington Auto Guns.

Remington Pump Guns.

Good Double Hammerless Guns, $15.
Better Grades, $18.

SAVAGE RIFLES .....$4.00 (and upwards)

REMINGTON RIFLES $3.00 (and upwards)

HAMILTON RIFLES $1.50, $1.75, $2.00

MARLIN RIFLES .....$9.50 (and upwards)

Reliable Gun Clothing and everything for the sportsman is here.

$6.50 $12.00

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

10 and 12 S. Front Street.

Members of Wilmington Trade Extension Association.

162 METTS INSURANCE

112 Princess Street

BARGAINS IN IRON SAFES.

Thirty Iron Safes from 500 to 2,000 lbs. See us for Prices.

Samuel Bear, Sr., & Sons
18 Market Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

PARKS AND PLAYGROUNDS

Renewal of Agitation for Places Where People May Go and Enjoy Fresh Air and Rest — The Council Interested.

During the past few days there has been a renewal of the agitation for municipal parks and playgrounds and members of the City Council have shown some interest in the matter. While it is not likely that the Council will take any action just at this time the matter may be brought up and discussed at the regular meeting Tuesday afternoon. Several members have expressed themselves as heartily in favor of providing parks and playgrounds.

Some time ago the suggestion was made in connection with the proposed improvement of Macomber's ditch that of the city would make the improvment and make a boulevard of one of the streets running north and south that the owners of property abutting would willingly give up a few feet on either side so as to make the avenue wide enough to provide a park and playgrounds for the children. The idea was not to allow any vehicle or automobile to use the boulevard, which would extend from one side of the city to the other on 14th or 15 th street. The Council recently instructed the city engineer to prepare estimates for the improvement of the drain and it is understood that the officials hope to do the work just as soon as possible, keeping in mind the promise of the property owners to give of their property for the boulevard.

Councilman B. C. Moore said in talking of the matter yesterday that now that the sewerage question has practically been settled and no cash will be required in providing this public utility, that the Council could well afford to turn its attention to the improvement of Macomber's ditch, which has long been a menace to the health of the community, according to the physicians. Another reason why Councilman Moore thinks the improvement should be made is because a splendid place could be provided for children to gather and play and in a few years would probably be the finest park in the State.

Mayor Joseph D. Smith has received a communication to parks and playgrounds, which will be presented at the meeting Tuesday afternoon. It is as follows:

"Mayor Joseph D. Smith, City.

"Dear Sir:—Feeling a deep interest in this, the city of my birth, after an absence of 44 years, I return, and finding we have no parks here, I want to ask your kind forbearance while I talk with you a few moments on paper about this item in the beautifying of our city. Can we not have several small parks, say one each for east, west, south and north districts, and one in a central location? Also, can we not have a few play grounds for children scattered over our city, one to each district, where the children can play games and exercise and the old folks can look on and enjoy the fun? Other cities have these improvements and are not as large as ours in number of inhabitants.

"Now to be practical. The lots situated on Castle, near Third street, which rent, for shows, etc., can be had for one playground park. I have asked the owners and she said she would lease the property for a term of years to the city (as it cannot be sold for many years) and she cannot build on it.) She prefers a playground there, to renting it to shows, etc. So the way is open there and the children in this secetion would certainly flock there, if we establish a playground-park there.

"Then on Ann street from Eighth to 13th is the property opposite or fronting on the grounds of the Marine Hospital. I hear from Mr. Phillip Heinsberger, Sr., that this site was offered to our city some time ago for a park by the government, who own it, and that we did not take it up. It is such a cool, breezy place, it would make a nice site for one small park. There being no underbrush we could grade it, lay off walks, place benches and a music pavilion and the balance as we got the cash. A good start and the good will of our citizens would surely mean a completion in not very long of the other details as trees, lawns and flowers.

"Can we get this place now? Will the government grant it free if we propose to be up and doing at once and aid the treasury to get it underway?

If we could demonstrate to our citizens by getting these two sites, fitting them up for this purpose, then those who live on other sides of the city could seek for sites for small parks in their locality, so that in a short time we would have meeting places within easy walking distance for the class of people who cannot afford to go to the beach for a place to get air, and rest while enjoying it. We also find that strangers coming here for their health, miss a park to go to, evenings and mornings, etc. I have heard one lady mention the reason we have no parks is because of the colored people filling the parks and the whites will not go there. Now if this is so can there not be certain police supervision to hinder any insolence, etc? Other cities have the same question to face yet have nice parks. Was this why Hilton Park fell through? and what about the custom house and park around it? I am sure order can be maintained here as well as in other cities, and we can have some oasis to to rest eye and mind and body of the weary business man and woman, the aged, infirm and stranger. Again I have heard: 'It is the city's place to give us parks and take property owners to get them.' Is this true, and is this why we get no parks? I cannot believe that our people will not be glad to bear some extra burden to be a mutual benefit to each other. Now, I am one who believes in doing something to help on a good cause, so I have gotten me a book and started to get names of citizens and residents who will favor having a number of small parks in our city, and would be pleased to have you endorse my efforts and let me know if we can get the site on Ann street from the Government now for a park. If the offer has been withdrawn can we not petition it again pledging ourselves to get to work at once to raise funds and get the place graded, etc.? My idea is to help by getting the people to sign for $1.50 or more to be collected in due time by our city treasurer. I do the canvassing free of charge while out canvassing for my living, as an act of love for the city of my birth.

"Now, will you please let me know if we can get the site on Ann street? I have already secured subscriptions to amount of $33, and some have said they will make it $5 instead of $1 if the city shows it means business to give us parks, and begin with this site to be donated by the Government. Then as citizens see our determination and success other cities can be called for to be donated and we all help our district to keep up our park. So that it will not be heavy on any district to have a park and playground for its residents and children.

"Kindly let me know if we can get the site on Ann street and if my efforts have your and the Council's approval?

"Respectfully submitted,
"MRS. MARY A. BUMP."

WILMINGTON MARINE RAILWAY

Company Granted Charter and Articles of Incorporation Filed Here. Purchased on West Side of Cape Fear.

Articles of incorporation of the Wilmington Marine Railway Company, which was granted a charter a few days ago by the Secretary of State, were received at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court and filed by Robert Ruark, Esq., yesterday morning. The company will begin business on $30,000 paid in capital stock and the subscribers to the stock are Messrs. R. R. Stone, 125 shares; B. O. Stone, 100 shares, and E. P. Bailey, 75 shares. All told, $100,000 capital is authorized.

The incorporators will meet probably Monday to organize and the company expects to begin business in about three months. The contract is practically awarded to railway builders for the construction and equipment of the railway, which will be of sufficient capacity to handle steamers of 1,000 to 1,500 tons, in fact, anything up to tramp steamers. Two ordinary three-masted schooners may be taken up at the same time. The company has arranged for an auxiliary railway where the old Beery railway was established before the war, parts of which are still intact. This will be used for smaller boats.

The company has purchased 730 feet of water front on the west side of the Cape Fear river, nearly opposite Dock street, and the property runs in a southerly direction. It is near the government yards. The company will build a wharf nearly the entire length of the site and use it for storage purposes and probably later on will build storage warehouses on the property.

While the principal object of the incorporators is to establish a marine railway here, many privileges are set forth in the charter. Among the things which the company will be allowed to do are the following:

To lease, build, construct, and operate marine railways, dry docks, storage warehouses, wharves and docks; to lease, build, construct, maintain, and operate general machine shops, and repair shops and foundries; to build, repair and alter any and all classes of steam or sailing vessels, ships, barges, and all other floating craft; to build, repair, and alter engines and boilers and to conduct a general engineering machinery and boiler repair works; to lease, own, and operate tow boats, lighters, dredges, and pile drivers and to do a general stevedore business; to buy and sell all classes of merchandise, supplies, furniture, and fixtures for ships, vessels and boats of all kinds, and to engage in general business of shipchandler; to buy, sell, and exchange machinery of all kinds; to lease, own, maintain, and operate outfits for the use of divers; to engage in the business of extending aid to, and preserving ships, vessels, boats, and all other floating craft; to buy and sell coal, wood, oil, and other fuels.

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

Quite an Uninteresting Session Yesterday—The Cases Tried.

Like a lull after the storm was yesterday's session of the Recorder's court and the few cases on docket were of minor interest. Basco Bloodsworth, colored, charged with gambling, was found not guilty.

John Best, the negro who was arrested here some days ago on suspicion that he was wanted in Wilson for murder of another negro there, and was held here pending the arrival of officers from Wilson, was tried on a charge of vagrancy. A nol pros with leave was taken. Although the authorities at Wilson were notified that the negro was being held here and promised to send an officer to identify him, the officer never arrived and Chief of Police John J. Fowler, felt that he had not sufficient grounds to hold the man any longer. It is said that the negro answered the description of the Wilson murderer in every particular.

Willie Artis, a small colored lad was charged with attempting to annihilate another boy about his own age with a large weight. Judgment in the case was reserved until tomorrow. Edward Hyman, colored, faced a charge of assault on a female, his wife. He was found guilty and sentenced to 30 days on the county farm. Joe Pearsall and Robert Myer, both colored, were charged with an affray. They were found guilty and judgment was suspended on payment of the costs.

The session was presided over by Recorder John J. Furlong, for the first time in several days having been kept away by a slight illness.

Mr. W H Dyson Dead.

Mr. W. H. Dyson, who had many friends in this city, died at his home at Whiteville Friday evening at 6:30 o'clock. The funeral was held at Whiteville yesterday morning. Mr. Dyson is survived by his wife and several children. He lived in Wilmington for a number of years until about two months ago when he removed to Whiteville. He was connected with the local office of the Singer Sewing Machine Co. He was a member of Cherokee Tribe, No. 9, Improved Order of Red Men. Many friends in this city sympathize with the bereaved.

THE LONE MARINER IS HERE

World-Famous Hermit of the Seas Arrives in His Schopner, the Forward — Was Here Four Years Ago.

Answering the inexorable call of the sea, sailing in the Forward, a rough, nondescript little 30-foot craft, but entirely of undressed lumber picked up at Biloxi, Miss., following a hurricane there two years ago, Captain Adolph L. Frietsch, more commonly spoken of as the "Lone Mariner," came up the Cape Fear yesterday morning and anchored his boat at the city wharf, being the market house, about 10 o'clock.

With a history that reads like romance, a record of having crossed the broad Atlantic alone in a 40-foot schooner in 34-days and three hours, with a dare-devil light shining out of his deep set eyes, adventurer, able seaman and poet, the captain is a man who commands the interest and attention of all with whom he comes in contact and as he has visited this port once before and will be remembered by many, he will doubtless receive numerous visits at his strange little boat, where he will place on sale his cargo of rare shells and coral gathered from the waters of far-away Dry Tortugas, about 90 miles from Key West.

Captain Frietsch earned the title of the Lone Mariner—and no man deserves it more than he—by his long voyages on inland lakes and many seas, always sailing alone, or, as he puts it, with only nature and the Almighty as his company.

This hermit of the seas comes to Wilmington from Charleston, where he weathered the hurricane of several weeks ago, his staunch little craft riding out the fearful storm with only the loss of a bowspirt, while hundreds of larger boats were hoplessly wrecked. He left New Orleans in the Forward in the early part of the Summer and has been proceeding leisurely along the coast since that time. His idea is to reach some Northern port, probably New York, and as soon as he is supplied with funds, to construct a schooner of about 40 feet in length and in this make an attempt to cross the Atlantic by himself in 30 days, four days less than his former record. He derives his money from the sale of a book which he has written about his many voyages and exciting adventures, and from the sale of rare shells and coral which he gathers. The book also contains a number of his poems, for this strange man is a writer of no mean ability. One of the best of his poems, wherein he describes the Call of the Sea, is as follows:

"I hear the call of the boundless waste
The desert we call the sea;
Mysterious powers compell me to haste
Theyr'e urging me onward to thee.
I hear the tune of the siren's song
In that distant roar of the deep;
I've waited and waited, oh! so long
Till at last the tryst I'll keep.
I hear your challenge, you mighty waves,
I will wrestle with you once more;
Farewell to miserly, dust-bound slaves,
Farewell, you treacherous shore.
So I weigh my anchor and hoist my sail
And head her across the bar
And whether I win or whether I fail
I'll trust to my lucky star.

And that lucky star. It has brought him safely through many a storm in which vessels, manned by crews of many a men, have been battered to pieces under the fury of the mountains of water and have gone down to a bed in the unfathomed depths of the ocean caverns. Guiding and watching over this hardy man of adventure, it has brought him safely back to shore after many a perilious and lonely voyage, where he spends a few brief days and then answers the call once more. And in his eyes, as he speaks of his plans for the future and of his hopes for bettering his former record in crossing the Atlantic, there is unbounded confidence in this lucky star, as well as in himself and his ability to fight his battle unaided by the hand of man.

Captain Frietsch will remain here a week or more, partly for the purpose of repairing several leaks in his boat, occasioned by the hard battering she received at Charleston during the storm. Had it not been for these leaks he would probably have staid at Charleston and built his new boat there, at any rate he would have staid longer than he did. He was planning to earn quite a sum by fishing for groupers about 60 miles off the coast, and had made arrangements to dispose of his catch to one of the fisheries at Charleston for good prices. However, when he put out to sea the Forward sprung a leak and he was forced to put back in port for the purpose of making repairs. He found one leak and remedied this, making another start, but the boat again sprang a leak and he gave up his plans and came on to Wilmington, where he will make the repairs. He will dispose of the remainder of his cargo of shells and coral while here.

The lone mariner was born in Finland and is a Russian Finn. Strong, broadshouldered and tanned by the winds of the sea he is the perfect picture of health. He is now nearly 46 years of age and has been following the sea since he was 17 years old. He came to his country at the age of 19. It was in 1894 that he sailed alone in the Nina, a 40-foot schooner, from New York to the British coast, in 34 days and three hours, and earned a world-wide fame by the deed. A year later the Nina was wrecked off the rocky Scottish coast and the hermit of the seas returned to this country.

LARGE SHIPMENT OF CARPETS RECEIVED AT POLVOGT'S

During the past week the Polvogt Company received their last shipment of Carpets, Rugs and Art Squares. Their stock is now complete and they are opening a large assortment. They boast of havinug the largest assortment and most up-to-date in North Carolina, employing only competent salesmen and helpers. During this week they hold their advance sale of lace curtains and we advise their patrons to visit this department this week and take advantage of the sale **

SUPERIOR COURT TOMORROW

Double Term of Three Weeks With Judge Geo. W. Ward Presiding—Holly Case May be Taken Up Thursday.

A double term of three weeks of New Hanover Superior Court will convene tomorrow morning with Judge Geo. W. Ward, of Elizabeth City, presiding. The first week will be devoted to the criminal docket and Solicitor Henry E. Shaw arrived yesterday morning from his home at Kinston to get his docket in readiness.

Owing to the fact that Judge Ward has not quite recovered from a recent severe illness there is some doubt as to whether the civil term of two weeks will be held. It will depend entirely upon what Judge Ward says as to whether his condition will permit him to preside during a civil term.

This will be Judge Ward's first court in New Hanover county. He is one of the ablest judges on the bench in North Carolina and is known to nearly all members of the local bar who will give him a warm welcome to the city.

There are 42 cases on the criminal docket and among the number are several of interest. J. C. Holly, charged with the murder by poisoning of his ward, Edward Cromwell, will probably be placed on trial for the second time for his life at this term. Solicitor Shaw said yesterday that if Judge Ward feels able to hear the case at this term he will ask that the trial be begun Thursday morning. It will probably take the first three days of the term to dispose of a number of cases of minor importance. The cases against Philister King, charged with the murder of Abraham Foard, and Paul Sharpless, for killing Jerry McGee, may be tried at this term, but it is doubtful. Both negroes will be represented by L. Clayton Grant, Esq., Neither can hardly be convicted of first degree murder.

The Holly case is of more interest than any other on the docket. This case has excited no little interest throughout the Carolinas. Edward Cromwell, 16 years old, who had made his home with Holly for several months, at the Rock Springs Hotel, was found dead during the progress of a fire early one morning last year, which gutted the hotel building on Chesnut, between Water and Front streets. There were suspicious circumstances and Holly was arrested during the day and committed to jail. Cromwell, it developed, had his life insured for $2,500 in the Greensboro Life and only a few days before his death had assigned the policy to Holly. It was also found that Holly had insurance on his household and kitchen furniture and just a few days before the fire had moved practically everything away, preparatory to removing to his former home in Wayne county. With the collection of the life insurance as the motive, the coroner's jury, which first investigated the affair, was able to weave about the accused a strong case of circumstantial evidence. Some months ago Holly was tried and found guilty and sentenced to be electrocuted. His attorneys, C. D. Weeks and Wm. J. Bellamy, Esqs., took an appeal to the Supreme Court and were granted a new trial.

The plea of Holly was not guilty. He did not make a statement at the trial. His attorneys put up a hard fight for him and although unsuccessful in the lower court were able to obtain for him a new trial. It was stated yesterday that Assistant City Attorney Geo. L. Peschau will be asked by the city to appear with the solicitor if the latter desires his services.

The following are the jurors drawn for the week: S. G. Nelms, R. T. Windley, J. H. Beery, Jno. M. Cazaux, S. G. Long, J. M. Murphy, J. A. Sallings, Wm. Sneeden, W. R. Vann, W. M. Cumming, Alex Yeager, E. B. Loughlin, Geo. C. Jackson, D. G. Register, L. L. Rice, J. E. Sharp, R. F. Warren, D. D. Cameron, M. E. McNair, R. A. Cromwell, B. B. Pridgen, Geo. Harriss, R. W. Pigford, L. O. Parrish, H. T. Duls, B. M. Lehue, Chas. D. Foard, W. M. Creasy, W. E. Lawson, J. F. Roach, F. J. Grimsley, Jr., A. B. Sandlin, I. A. Hines, R. H. Pickett, G. T. Flynn and A. W. King.

POST DATER-STAMP CO.

Mr. Peed Returns to City—Stock Subscription to Close.

Mr. Garland P. Peed, who is directing the financing of the Post Dater-Stamp Company, in this city, and the Southern States, has just returned to Wilmington from a visit of several weeks to several cities whose citizens had requested that they be given an opportunity to purchase that company's stock. Mr. Peed states that he will close the sale of the stock in this city on the 30th of this month, for the reasons outlined above. Assisting him in the work here are Mr. L. C. Piatt, formerly of Chicago, Ill., who expects to become sales manager for the Post Dater-Stamp Company; Mr. J. M. Leach and Mr. H. R. Furr. Citizens of Wilmington should not neglect the opportunity now being afforded them to investigate fully and become stockholders in the Post Dater-Stamp Company.

Death of Little Son.

Many friends of Mr. and Mrs. W. F Etue, will tenderly sympathize with them in the death of their little son, William Francis Etue, which occurred yesterday at the family home, No. 707 South Fourth street, after a brief illness. The funeral will be held from the residence at 3 o'clock this afternoon, conducted by Rev. Father Dennen, rector of St. Thomas' Catholic Church.

The Southern National Bank

The services of this bank are at your command.

CHAS. N. EVANS Pres'dt.
J. W. SIMPSON, Cashier.

THAT BIG WHITE BUILDING
4 PER CENT
CORNER FRONT & PRINCESS

WE ANNOUNCE

Our next Regular Interest Period—Monday, October 2nd. All deposits made with us on or before that date will receive a full Quarter's Interest January First.

4 Per Cent. Compounded Quarterly paid on all accounts. We invite you to deposit your Savings here.

ESTABLISHED 1900.

The People's Savings Bank.

United States Government Depository Postal Savings Funds.

Depository of

United States Government (Postal Savings)
County of New Hanover
City of Wilmington
Over 13,000 satisfied individual savers.
YOUR account solicited.

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.

THE BANK WITH A RECORD

Fernside

85 Lots sold since Monday A. M. 21 left. These are sure to go in 48 hours. An announcement of when the Cottage is to be Giv en Away will be made later.

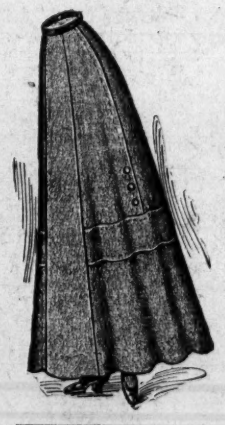
D. R. FOSTER & CO.

206 PRINCESS ST.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy."

Ladies' Suit Department



Is rapidly filling with the New Suits, Coats and Dresses. Early buyers are picking them out daily. Why not you?

Suits from $10 to $35

Coats $6.00 to $25.00

Dresses $7.50 to $20

We are showing the Newest Styles in Voile, Panama and Novelty Skirts.

36-inch Messaline in all shades, $1.00 a yard.

Velvet Carpets, $1.00 and Upwards per yard; Mattings, 20c. to 35c.

Art Squares, $10.00 to $50.00. Window Shades to Order.

Special Sale this week on Lace Curtains. See the assortment.

We are Members of the Merchants' Trade Extension—will Pay your Round Trip R. R. Fare, if your purchase amounts to enough.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Miss Lillie Love McDuffie, of Ivanhoe, is the guest of Miss Laura Carpenter on North Fifth street.

* * *

Mrs. I. W. Murphy, of Greensboro, is visiting at the home of her brother, Mr. C. C. Covington, No. 519 Grace street.

* * *

Mrs. Clayton Giles and Miss Lucile Murchison have returned from their Summer outing in Massachussetts and New Hampshire.

* * *

Mrs. James Owen Reilly and little daughter, Helen, have returned from a visit to Waynesboro, Va., and in the western part of Maryland.

* * *

Yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer: "Miss Kate Horner, of Oxford passed through the city yesterday returning home from Wrightsville."

* * *

Mrs. E. Piner and daughter, Miss Bettie Piner, returned yesterday from a three weeks' visit to relatives and friends at Morehead City, Beaufort and Newbern.

* * *

Mrs. Robbins F. Fowler, accompanied by her little son, Master Robbins K. Fowler, left Saturday to spend the autumn in Washington at the residence of Mr. Fowler's parents.

* * *

The many friends of Mr. L. M. Nobles are pleased to see him in the city on a visit to his mother. He is now located in Florida in the government service and real estate business. He expects to remain in the city a week or ten days longer.

* * *

Friends have received handsome invitations bearing the following announcement:

"Mr. and Mrs. John E. Williams announce the marriage of their daughter Lois Kathryn to Mr. Claude Fuller Shelton Wednesday, September the twentieth nineteen hundred and eleven Chadbourn, North Carolina."

* * *

MEETING LAST NIGHT OF L'AGILE COTILLON CLUB.

The annual meeting of L'Agile Cotillon Club was held in the Masonic Temple last night with Mr. T. F. Wood, the vice president, presiding in the absence of the president, Mr. J. R. Murchison. There was a fairly large attendance of the members. The report of the secretary and treasurer, Mr. E. F. Peschau, was received after which officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, J. R. Murchison; vice president, T. F. Wood; secretary and treasurer, Waddell Watters; leader, E. F. Peschau. The officers and the following compose the governing board: Messrs. Louis T. Moore, Bernard O'Neill, P. L. Cantwell and E. F. Peschau. It was left with the governing board to select the date of the first dance of the season.

* * *

REBEKAHS CELEBRATE SIXTIETH ANNIVERSARY.

Last evening in the Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Third and Princess streets, Letitia Rebekah Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F., celebrated with fitting ceremonies the 60th anniversary of the Rebekah branch of the order. There was quite a large attendance and a most enjoyable evening was spent. The following officers filled their stations for the anniversary ceremonies: N. G., Mrs. H. O. Thomas; V. G., Mrs. S. F. Garrison; Chaplain, Mrs. T. G. Landen; P. N., Mrs. J. F. Littleton; R. S. N. G., Mrs. Hamilton; L. S. N. G., Mrs. Batson; treasurer, Mrs. Lord; R. S. V. G., Miss Futch; L. S. V. G., Mrs. Tilley; I. G., Miss Jennie Thomas; secretary, Miss Bertha DeVann.

The ceremonies were interspersed with several musical numbers and readings. Among these were an instrumental duet by Misses Landen and Lettie Fales; a solo by Miss Annie Gaskill; a reading by Miss Mollie Holton; solo by Mrs. Oscar Ellis; reading by Miss Lila Aman. There were also two very interesting papers, one by Mrs. S. F. Garrison on "What We Have Done the Past Year," and the other by Mrs. H. O. Thomas on "Our Aim for the Coming Year."

After remarks made, impromptu and informally, by a number of male members of the order, the assembled company adjourned to the banquet hall, where the refreshment committee, consisting of Mrs. Hamblin, Mrs. Anderson and Miss Jennie Thomas, served dainty and seasonable refreshments.

The committee on arrangements was composed of Miss May Landen, Mrs. A. T. Parker, Mrs. Lindquist, Mrs. Dora Branch and Mrs. F. Walton. The hall was handsomely decorated for the occasion in potted ferns and golden rod, fresh from the fields.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. E. J. McRackan, of Whiteville, was a business visitor in the city yesterday and was registered at The Orton.

—Messrs. J. S. Spong, of Charlotte, and A. B. McLean, of Jonesboro, were among the arrivals at The Orton yesterday.

—Among the guests at The Orton yesterday were Mr. J. F. Woodward, Miss Gertrude Chitty and Miss May Parker, of Warsaw.

—Master Francis Thames, little son of Dr. John Thames, has returned from Cumberland county, where he visited his uncle, Mr. J. P. Thames.

—Mr. E. R. Bell, who until recently held a position with the Wilmington Steam Laundry, has moved to Rockingham, where he will act as agent for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.

—Among the guests at The Southern yesterday were: R. P. Gibson, Rocky Mount; A. D. Feltch, Waycross, Ga.; J. W. Driver, Rocky Mount; G. D. Roberts and Lorie Roberts, Conway, S. C.; D. K. Cecil, Lexington; N. J. Pickett, Kenansville; M. H. Pridgen, Currie; M. G. Smith, Kerr; W. H. Nichols and W. E. Parker, Holly Ridge; Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Joyce and son, Bolton; W. A. Cameron, Town Creek; J. C. Thompson, Kelley; L. A. Jones, Zara.

Cream puffs, crullers, Vienna rolls, French rolls, butter cake, coffee cake, and that good "Honey Bread", fresh every day. 'Phone 626, Farriss' Bakery. 2t

VIOLATING PROHIBITION LAW

Two Arrests on This Charge Last Night—Place of J. T. Newman Searched Under Authority of Ordinance.

The first attempt to enforce the "inspection ordinance," passed by the City Council more than two months ago, was made last night about 11 o'clock, when the place of J. T. Newman, No. 22 Market street, was searched by Sergeant Chas. S. Burnett and Patrolman W. C. Moore and Special Officer A. A. Nelms.

Mr. Newman was not in his place at the time and a negro, John Jacobs, appeared to be temporarily in charge. He was arrested and is charged with "locking a drawer to prevent a search for liquor." The officers say that they found any quantity of beer, but no whiskey.

Jacobs is said to have locked the drawer in the face of the officers and refused point blank to open it when commanded by them to do so. He was taken to headquarters and was later released on $100 cash bond, put up for him by J. N. Harriss, a white man.

About the time Mr. Newman's place was being searched Assistant Chief of Police C. W. Woolard, was serving a warrant upon Charlie Oliver, a young white man, who conducts the soda fountain in Mr. M. D. Bright's cigar store, No. 209 Princess street. The young man is charged with selling a half pint of whiskey to another young man during the day. He was taken to police headquarters, where he gave $100 cash bond for his appearance at trial before the Recorder tomorrow.

While the officers were yet talking about the two arrests a white man by the name of J. O. Sullivan entered police headquarters about 11:30 o'clock and made complaint against I. F. Huggins, a former police officer, but for some time a grocer at No. 12 South Second street, charged that he had been assaulted with a pistol by Huggins and put out of his store. He, therefore, asked for two warrants—one for assault with deadly weapon and another for disorderly conduct. Mr. Sullivan told the police that he had bought a bottle of whiskey from Huggins and had just received it over the counter when some one came in the place and remarked that the police were making a raid. Huggins, he claims, snatched the bottle away from him and stated in a rather loud tone that he did not sell whiskey. He contends further that Huggins would not return him his money nor give him the whiskey and that when he insisted upon a square deal Huggins drew a pistol on him and pushed him out of the store. The warrants on Huggins were served by Sergeant H. W. Howell and Officer Nelms. Soon after being taken to police headquarters a third warrant was drawn charging Huggins with the sale of whiskey to Sullivan. It was said at the hall that the United States government would probably figure in the case to some extent as Huggins has no government license.

There was an air of expectancy down town last night and the arrests did not come as a surprise. However, it was thought by some that the officers intended to visit more places than they did, owing to the wild rumors which were bruited early in the evening. It is said that it was not intended to search any except the one place last night. The lid was on pretty tight about midnight and the thirsty could not even get "malt."

The raid of last night does not necessarily mean that the police have suddenly decided to enforce the inspection ordinance, though it is believed that within the next few weeks some action will be taken toward breaking up the alleged open and flagrant violations of the prohibition law.

The raid last night as well as the several arrests were directed by Chief of Police John J. Fowler, who remained at headquarters until after midnight. Assistant City Attorney Geo. L. Peschau was also at the hall until late and counseled with Chief Fowler in the issuance of the warrants.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Rev. W. G. Hall, pastor of Southside Baptist Church, has returned from his vacation and will fill his regular appointments this morning and tonight.

—The many friends of Mr. J. D. Edwards, of No. 219 Red Cross street, will be pleased to learn that he is rapidly recovering from an operation which he underwent at the James Walker Memorial Hospital last Wednesday.

—It was erroneously stated in yesterday's issue of the Star that Mr. John M. Hines was one of the jurors in the trial of W. G. Baldwin, of Castle Haynes, for selling whiskey. Mr. Hines' name was drawn, but he did not serve on the jury.

—Yoke Fellows' appointments for today are as follows: City prison 10 A. M., P. Heinsberger; county home, 3 P. M., J. T. Sholar; Castle, 11 A. M., L. L. Corbett and L. R. Pridgen; Wrightsboro Union Sunday School, 8 P. M., W. H. Blair and H. Wormersly.

—The first meeting of the present school year of the New Hanover county White Teachers' Association will be held at the Court House next Saturday. It is expected that Mr. J. A. Bivins, who is in charge of teachers' training department of the State Board of Education, will be here and deliver an address.

POLVOGT CO. ENLARGING THEIR LADIES SUIT DEPARTMENT.

The Ladies' Ready to Wear Department of the C. W. Polvogt Company is being enlarged to accommodate the stock of their ladies' ready to wear garments, consisting of suits, coats, dresses, skirts and kimonas. Mr. Polvogt, with the assistance of Miss Woodcock, purchased the entire stock in the Northern markets and they are finding a ready sale already. Coat suits, with the aviation skirt, Messaline dresses neatly trimmed. The new heavy polo coats, tailored short waists everything found in a first-class ready-to-wear department, will be found at The Polvogt Company's store. **

Consult Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, about your eyes. No charge for consultation. Spectacles from $1.00 up. Masonic Temple. **

POSSES ARE ON DAVIS' TRAIL

Sheriff Cowan and Deputies and Wilmington Police Officers are Pursuing Murderer Toward the Waccamaw River.

In response to a long distance telephone message, received at the police station at 12:30 yesterday afternoon, stating that Sol Davis, the negro who murdered Will Stevens and wounded Alice Sutton here some nights ago, was in Lake Waccamaw and asking that officers be sent from this city, Sheriff S. P. Cowan, Deputies A. L. Kelly, W. Harvey Cox, and Melvin Horne, and Special Officer Tom Croom, with Officers Applebury and George left on the 3:15 train for Lake Waccamaw, and Deputy Harvey Cox, returning on the midnight train last night, brought word that the man escaped from the house before the party arrived but that the posse is still after him and that they have hopes of catching him this morning or today.

A relative of Will Stevens, the murdered negro, yesterday informed the authorities at Lake Waccamaw that Davis had spent the night at the house of Eli McNeil, a negro. The officials immediately notified Wilmington about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the party surrounded the house in which the negro was supposed to be and waited until the arrival of the Wilmington officers. When they came the posse closed in on the house and a thorough search was made, but Davis had evidently left before the house was surrounded. In the loft of the house they found a matress which showed signs of being recently used. Shortly afterwards, Eli McNeil, the negro living in the house, came up and he was questioned as to where Davis had gone. He tried to evade the questions but at last promised to go with the officers to a house where he said they would find Davis. One of the officers found that McNeil was carrying a pair of brass knucks in his pocket and the man was lodged in the Lake Waccamaw jail on a charge of carrying a concealed weapon.

A number of houses were searched but Davis could not be found and the officers at last ascertained that he was headed in the direction of Waccamaw river. The party then divided, Deputy Horne and Special Officer Thomas Croom, with Policeman Applebury and George going to Whiteville, where they were to join Sheriff Richardson and his men and proceed toward the river. Sheriff Cowan and Deputy Kelly, with a posse of citizens, went in another direction, the idea being to gradually close in and catch Davis on the river. The officers expect to land their man last night or this morning.

Deputy Sheriff Harvey Cox returned to the city on the midnight train for the purpose of being here to open court Monday morning in the event that Sheriff Cowan and the other officers are not back by that time.

Sol Davis' father was also in the custody of the officers for a short time yesterday, but he was found to know nothing about the matter and was released.

WHY HE DID NOT OPPOSE.

Solicitor Henry E. Shaw Talks of the Dick Gause Case.

Solicitor Henry E. Shaw, of Kinston, who is here for Superior Court which convenes tomorrow, said yesterday that he did not oppose the commutation to life imprisonment of the sentence of Dick Cause, colored, for the reason that the trial judge and the jury strongly recommended to the Governor that he expected clemency. He said that he did not feel like standing out alone and taking all the responsibility in the matter, in view of the arguments of the judge and jury. Judge G. S. Ferguson, who presided, sent to Governor Kitchin a communication strongly urging the commutation of the sentence and the jury likewise asked that he be not electrocuted. It was pointed out that the testimony of Viola Sterling, a former paramour of Gause, whom she deserted the night before for Gibson was probably responsible for the conviction of the defendant, and that owing to this fact there was some doubt—the benefit of which should be given the defendant. J. E. Tisdel was tried at the same time on a charge of being accessory before the fact, convicted of second degree murder and given a term in the penitentiary. Judge Ferguson expressed the opinion that the same verdict should have been returned in one case as in the other. Solicitor Shaw said that when he learned of the effort to have the sentence commuted that he had some correspondence with the Governor and in his last letter wrote that if the judge and jury thought Gause should be given commutation of his sentence, affording the prisoner the benefit of any doubt, both in the class of testimony offered and on account of the Sterling woman's position in the matter, that he would be content with their decision. He said that this was all he could do in the matter.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Messrs. Padrick and wife to Forest Padrick and wife, for $10 and other considerations, tract in Cape Fear township, on north side of Hamilton's pond, containing 37 1-2 acres; Manhattan Company to J. A. Hines and wife, for $105, lots 48, 49 and 59 in "Fernside"; Manhattan Company to Carl T. Miller, for $115, lots 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33 in "Fernside"; Manhattan Company to Mary E. Cook, for $35, lot No. 6 in "Fernside"; Betsey Hansley to Fred Foy, for $50, two small tracts in Harnett township.

To Locate in Greenville.

Mr. J. A. Gillerlain has resigned his position with Meier's Marble and Granite Works, of this city, and on or about October 1st will engage in business for himself at Greenville, N. C. He is a young man of wide experience in the business and his friends wish for him much success at his new location.

DIED.

DIED—At family residence in this city, Friday, September 22nd, 1911, RICHARD S. REID, son of the late Samuel and Henrietta Reid. Funeral services at St. Mark's Church, this (Sunday) afternoon at 3 o'clock. Friends respectfully invited to attend.

MEETING AT MARINE HOSPITAL

Members of New Hanover Medical Society Entertained by Dr. C. W. Stiles and His Three Assistants Last Evening.

At the United States Marine Hospital here last evening members of the New Hanover County Medical Society were hospitably entertained at a meeting by Dr. C. W. Stiles, secretary to the Rockefeller Hookworm Commission, and his three assistants, Messrs. Miller, Altman and Leonard.

Dr. Stiles and his assistants have been stationed at the Marine Hospital here during the past Summer for the purpose of studying and investigating parasitic diseases and the meeting last night was for the purpose of giving to the medical profession the results of this investigation. Dr. Stiles extended an invitation to the New Hanover Medical Society and he and his assistants furnished the programme for the evening, which consisted of nine different papers on scientific subjects in connection with the findings of Dr. Stiles and his assistants. The papers were of much interest to the members of the medical society and were heard with the closest attention. They touched upon different matters pertaining to parasitic diseases and their cause and prevention. The different papers were illustrated with stereopticon views of the hookworm and other parasites that cause the parasitic diseases, and these illustrations were of much value to the speakers as well as the hearers.

Following the completion of the programme the hosts served refreshments in the form of a light lunch, and a rising vote of thanks was taken by the members of the medical society who were present to Dr. Stiles and Messrs. Altman, Leonard and Miller.

Those present were Dr. C. W. Stiles, Messrs. Geo. F. Leonard, Harry McC. Miller and Lee Altman, the hosts; Dr. Gardner, surgeon in charge at the Marine Hospital, and Mr. Knuze, pharmacist at the hospital, in addition to Drs. Cranmer, president of the New Hanover Medical Society; Dr. Bornemann, the secretary; Drs. Wessell, Moore, MacMillan, Bulluck, Willingham and Galloway.

Dr. Stiles and his staff of assistants will leave Monday night for Washington, D. C. They will return to the Marine Hospital here next Spring and continue the research work. In the meantime Dr. Stiles will visit several other States in the near future in the interest of his work. While here Dr. Stiles and his assistants have made many warm friends who will look forward with much pleasure to their return next Spring.

TWO COTTON STEAMERS.

Wilston and Mariner, Tramp Steamers, Cleared Yesterday.

With the second cargo of cotton from the port this season, the British steamer Wilston, Capt. Niven, cleared from the port yesterday for Liverpool, carrying 8,442 bales of the staple, valued at $510,000. Both cargo and vessel are by Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son. At the present time there are two other steamers here to receive the staple and the receipts have been heavy during the past few days.

The British steamer Mariner, Capt. Morrison, also cleared yesterday with cotton cargo for Bremen from the compresses of Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son. Her cargo is valued at $498,000, making something over a million dollar value of exports for the day from Wilmington.

MILLINERY AT POLVOGT'S

The opening day for the C. W. Polvogt Co., will be announced in a few days. Cards are now in the printer's hands. The department, however, is prepared to wait on all buyers at any time. Young ladies going to school or brides-to-be may see the entire selection of pattern hats before opening. The Polvogt Company has the only Millinery Department in the city which employes Northern trimmers at all times. Their assortment this season will be the largest ever shown. Our readers are requested to watch this paper for this opening announcement**

"Honey Bread" is the bread. Pure Food Market sells it. Farriss' Bakery makes it. Phone for one loaf. 2t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Academy—The Echo.
Platt & Haar—Opening.
Geo. O. Gaylord—By Train.
J. W. Fleet Co.—A Modern.
Farley & Co.—Think It Over.
Dr. Culbreth—We Are Gentle.
D. R. Foster & Co.—Fernside.
Credit Man—Bookkeeper Wanted.
W. B. Cooper—Truckers' Guano.
Peterson & Ruifs—Stetson Shoes.
P. P. Pilcher—Map of Wilmington.
Tidewater Power Co.—$100 Reward.
People's Savings Bank—We Announce.
Southern Commercial School—Wanted.
City of Wilmington—Warrants Issued.
Wm. E. Springer & Co.—Cooking Stoves.
Wilmington Shoe Co.—Craddock Shoes.
The C. W. Polvogt Co.—Ladies' Suit Dept.
Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.—This Bank.
M. L. Alderman—Wilmington Select School.
J. W. Murchison & Co.—Chattanooga Plows.
Southern National Bank—Services of This Bank.

Business Locals.

Lost—Necklace.
Wanted—Rooms.
Wanted—Rooms.
For Rent—Room.
Wanted—Agents.
For Rent—Office.
Wanted—Machinist.
Wanted—Young Men.
For Rent—Two Rooms.
For Sale—Carolina Lots.
Spearmint Co.—Agents.
Wanted—Lady to Travel.
James Owen Reilly—$1,750.
Der Chunk—New Laundry.
For Sale—Pony and Outfit.
Wanted—Room With Board.
For Sale—Carpets and Rugs.
For Sale—Piano and Player.
For Rent—Furnished Room.
Wanted—Unfurnished Rooms.
City Laundry Co.—Washing.
For Rent—Room With Board.
Calvert Sales Co.—Eight Dollars.
National Calendar Co.—Salesmen.
Miss Rea—Fall and Winter Opening.
For Sale—Horse, Buggy and Harness.
D. R. Foster & Co.—Cottage for Rent.
Hanover Realty Co.—We Have the Farms
Southern Business Bureau—Business Men.
International Art Studios—If You Want.
American Factories Co.—Sideline Salesmen.
James Owen Reilly—Pretty Home for Sale.
J. G. Wright & Son—Apartments for Rent.
J. G. Wright & Son—Home on Fifth Street.
J. G. Wright & Son—Two Desirable Stores.

—Nearly all the business houses down town owned by Jewish people were closed yesterday until 6 o'clock, the day being celebrated as New Year's Day according to the Hebrew calendar. Services were held in the Temple of Israel yesterday morning.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

WASHING—Let us have your wet wash and rough dry Monday and Tuesday. Remember, we only charge for wet wash 50 pieces for 75c. Rough dry, 35c. a dozen. Call 249. City Laundry Co., 22 North Second street. se24-2t

BUSINESS MEN—Several excellent stenographers and bookkeepers open for positions. We secure positions for high-class business help. Write for particulars. Southern Business Bureau, Charlotte, N. C. se24,26,28,30-4t*

AGENTS—$10 daily and more can be earney by everybody undertaking an easy agency as an extra; expert knowledge unnecessary. Write (preferably in German language) to A. Steenken, Amsterdam, (Holland). se24-1t*

EIGHT DOLLARS—Per hundred paid for collecting names and addresses. Steady work; stamp for particulars. Calvert Sales Co., 217-219 St. Paul, Baltimore, Md. se24-1t*

FOR RENT—In Odd Fellows' Building, roomy offices, including light, fuel and superintendence. Have suite on corner, especially arranged for professional lines. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. se24-2t

FOR RENT—Hall in Odd Fellows' Building, 105 North 3rd street, suitable for lodge organizations. Rates, reasonable, including light, fuel and superintendence. Possession at once. Apply to L. W. Moore, Chairman Building Committee, P. O. Box 334, Telephone 631, 207 Princess street. se24,27;oc1-3t

NEW LAUNDRY—105 North Third street (City Laundry's Old Stand). I beg to announce to the public that I am now prepared to handle all work entrusted to my care with dispatch and satisfaction guaranteed. Popular prices. Remember the place, 105 North Third street. Der Chung, Wilmington, N. C. se24su,w,f-2w*

AGENTS everywhere can make big income distributing Coupons advertising our gum. No canvassing. Liberal yearly contract. Send seven two-cent stamps for supply Coupons, Samples Gum, fully prepaid. Spearmint Company, 1777 Broadway, Dept. 89, New York. se24;oc1,8,15,22,29-6t*

IF YOU WANT TO MAKE good income, learn china painting; the most fascinating art. Write at once for our Special introductory offer. All materials furnished. International Art Studios, Rochester, N. Y. se24-1t*

FOR SALE—One child's pony, one buggy and harness; also one small horse for sale. This stock must be sold. Can be seen on Orange street, between Water and Front. se24-6t

WANTED—A first-class machinist. Must have some knowledge of motor work; also must be sober. Ira Lennon, Chadbourn, N. C. se24-4t*

FOR SALE—Floor coverings, including carpets, art squares and mattings. Will sell cheap if sold before Wednesday night. Call at 310 North 7th st. Wm. E. Perdew. se24-2t

WANTED—Young married couple desire room with board or room near good boarding house in desirable location. References given. Address Box 709. se24-2t*

COTTAGE FOR SALE—Very attractive home, well located; 5 rooms and every modern convenience; on car line. Newly built, and price reasonable. D. R. Foster & Co. are the agents. se24-1t

FOR RENT to gentlemen, 2 furnished rooms, 2 blocks from Postoffice and railroad offices. Possession Oct. 1st. "W. Q." care Star. se24-2t*

WANTED—Young men and women to take advantage of the Special rates now open to you at the Southern Business College; office, 2nd floor I. O. O. F. Building. Call at once for particulars. se24-1t

WANTED—Three or four unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, by couple without children. Good location. State terms. Address "Z. P. O." Box 487. se24-1t*

TWO DESIRABLE STORES for rent, No. 215 Princess street (now occupied by Wilson Paint Co.), and No. 118 Market street, (now occupied by J. Goldstein). Possession given October first. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. se24-2t

APARTMENT FOR RENT — No. 120 South Fifth street (between Dock and Orange). New, neat, and in every way desirable. In suites of two rooms, kitchen and bath; four rooms, kitchen and bath. For full particulars, see J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. se24-3t

LOST—A gold necklace with heart attached with pearl in center, between Ann and Orange on Sixth street. Name "Lolitha" on heart. Reward for return to 213 South Sixth street. se24-1t

FALL AND WINTER OPENING — We will have on display French and American pattern hats, also the latest millinery novelties, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 27th and 28th. Miss Rea's Millinery Salon, 128 Princess street. se24-1t

HOME on North Fifth street, No. 507, for sale. Good size lot, good location, near railroad and on fine street. Look at this and we can make you desirable propositions on it. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agent. se24-2t

FOR SALE—A particularly desirable house, No. 617 South Sixth street. Go and look at it. Also 713 Castle street. If they are what you want (both nice homes) we will make price and terms right. See us. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. se24-2t

$1,750.00—Buys a pretty cottage home in good neighborhood; about $700 cash needed, balance in Building and Loan. Rents for $180 per year. A 10 per cent. investment. Large lot, and on car line. Don't miss the opportunity to look into this. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. se24-1t

PRETTY HOME FOR SALE on Orange street. Has modern conveniences and can be bought at a very low price. Let me show it to you. James Owen Reilly. se24-1t

FOR RENT in private family, one large nicely furnished room, with bath adjoining. For particulars, 'phone 1092. se24-1t*

WANTED—Two or three unfurnished rooms in a desirable locality, not over $3.00 per room. "A. X." care Star. se24-1t

WE HAVE THE FARMS for sale. If you are thinking of buying a farm call on us. We also have some nice city property for sale, some located on Front street; nice house and lot on Orange street. In fact we have property for sale in all parts of the city. We have a dandy store on Water street for rent. Fine for wholesale grocery store. If interested, call on us; 'phone 771, Hanover Realty Co., 109 1-2 Chestnut street. Will move Oct. 1st to 207 North Front street. se24-1t*

BOARD AND ROOM in nice locality with privilege of bath and telephone, may be had by applying at 305 North Fourth street. se24-1t*

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy and harness. May be seen. Apply at 305 North Fourth Street. se24-1t*

FOR SALE—Two lots at Carolina Place, on Creacy Avenue, near Turnpike. Address "Profit," care Star office. se24-1t

SIDELINE traveling salesman make $50 to $75 weekly handling our latest production of advertising fans. Liberal terms. Apply at once. United States Calendar Co., Cincinnati. se24-1t

SALESMEN—Do you want $10 a day side line deal? Snappiest proposition ever sprung. Will sell everywhere. Strong enough for main line. American Factories Co., St. Louis, Mo. se24-1t*

WANTED—Three rooms, completely furnished, for light housekeeping. 'Phone 916. se24-1t*

WANTED—Lady to travel in North Carolina. Good pay and tailor made suit in 90 days; experience unnecessary; reliable firm. Write for particulars. McBrady & Co., Chicago. se24-1t*

FOR RENT—A desirable front room near Coast Line offices. "C. C.," care Star. se24-1t*

FOR SALE CHEAP—One nice Mathuschek Piano, and one almost new Angelus Player with sixty pieces of music. P. O. Box 385. se24-1t*

SALESMEN—A first-class calendar salesman for Wilmington; also some open territory in North Carolina. Liberal proposition to the right man. National Calendar Co., Denckla Bldg., Philadelphia. se24-1t

SECOND HAND square piano for sale. In good order. Cheap to cash purchaser. Address "Piano," care Star Office. se15-tf

AN OFFICE IN WILMINGTON can use a boy with sufficient ambition and physical and mental energy to do the work entrusted to him in a satisfactory manner. An elemental education and ordinary common sense are the only essentials necessary to one answering the above description. Such a boy who will stick will receive a training in one of the most important phases of commercial life. Salary, small, to start; after that, it is up to him. Address application in own handwriting, giving age and present or past employment, to "C. Y.," care Star office. se22-3t

SHEPARD'S MOSQUITO DRIVER. — Something new; a liquid smoke; kills mosquitoes when sprinkled in a closed room. Applied, cures the poisonous sting. Telephone Bunting or Fentress. se22-1w*

FOURTEENTH SERIES of the Hanover Building and Loan Association will be opened on Saturday, Oct. 7th, 1911. Subscription books are now open at Wilder's Real Estate Office, 207 Princess street. This issue will be limited to five hundred shares. H. F. Wilder, Secretary and Treasurer. se21-tf

A FOUR-ROOM house and two acres of good land, under cultivation, in the incorporation of Chadbourn, N. C., for sale. The house and land can be bought for twelve hundred and fifty dollars. Write Rev. E. B. Carr, Atkinson, N. C. se20-6t*

FOR RENT—3 offices on 2nd floor; hall on 3rd, in Peterson & Ruifs building, 202 North Front St. Apply at store. se10-su,tu-6t

WANTED—Bright man or young lady to handle our goods to the Hotels in North Carolina. Fine opoprtunity, permanent situation. We have been in this business twenty-five years. Address for full particulars, Hatch Hotel Register Co., Des Moines, Iowa. se 23-2t½

FARM FOR SALE—Containing 280 acres near Warsaw. 200 acres cleared; well improved; good eight-room house and outbuildings and tenant houses. Will sell cheap to quick buyer. C. D. Chambers, Warsaw, N. C. se20-5t*

DRESSED CHICKENS today. Norfolk oysters best of beef, veal, lamb and pork. Very best native beef of season for today. Fancy celery etc. Palace Market Co. Phone No. 72. se 23-tf

FOR SALE—A wholesale grocery business in Richmond Va. Established over 30 years. No year without a dividend. For past eight years has paid 2 per cent on capital over and above all salaries. Annual sales $375,000—employing only one salesman. Stock about $50,000. Services of present force can be retained. Under active management business can be doubled. Present owners wish to retire, having other interests. Address P. O. Box 1961, Richmond, Va. se 23-6t½

TAILORING—Gentlemen, see my line of Spring and Summer Suitings before you buy; popular prices. Leger Meyer, Merchant Tailor, 109 Princess st., 2nd floor; over Globe Lunch Room. jy9-su-tf-*to7-18

WANTED—Druggist partner with $1,500. Dr. Wilson, Stokes, N. C. se21-th,su-2t*

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. Al. classes typewriting and notary work. Meares Harliss, Notary Public, Stenographer; 114 Princess street; 'phone 708. de1-tu,su,th-tf

FOR RENT—October 1st, one of the most desirable apartments in the city, consisting of parlor, bed room, dining room, kitchen and private bath. Nice porches and use of telephone; on car line and very convenient. Will rent to couple without children. Address "X," Box 146, City. se6-eod-tf

8 PER CENT INVESTMENT, free from taxes, interest payable semi-annually. Reliable incorporated company that needs more capital to extend business. Box 148, Charlotte, N. C. se21-3t*

SAY BOYS! SAY BOYS! They have just arrived—forty head of as good horses and mules as you ever saw in Wilmington. The right kind at the right price. Call and see them. 116 North Second street. F. T. Mills, Manager. se21-4t

WANTED—Position by young lady of some experience, position as stenographer or bookkeeper. Address "E. L., care Star. se10-tf

PLANING MILL MAN wanted. One who can keep two or three machines going and furnish references. Wire at once when you can report. Enterprise Lumber Co., Mount Olive, N. C. se14-tf

NOTICE—Plumbing; when it comes to plumbing, call 'phone No. 1132, as we know what to do if you need anything done put us next. D. L. T. Capps Co., J. B. Griffith, Mgr. au30-tf

ARE YOU GOING AWAY? See Uncle Charles for a good suit case or trunk. 16 S. Front st. "Yellow Building." my31-tf

TO THE PUBLIC—Uncle Charles' pawn shop has moved to 16 S. Front street; look for the yellow building. my31-tf

FOR RENT.

Desirable Front Office in the Masonic Temple is For Rent from October 1st. Apply to JAMES C. MUNDS.

se17-su2t

CASH OR CREDIT

Think It Over

—At this Store the cash and credit customer have equal advantages. We have done away with the old idea of charging extra for the credit privilege.

—You may buy anything you wish on $1 a week payments and you will get the same values, the same low prices and the same courteous service and attention as though you paid cash.

$1 a week

—Fall Styles are ready and every garment is guaranteed. Complete outfits for Men and Women at all prices from $12 to $35.

FARLEY & CO.
116 Market Street

WANTED ALL YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN

Interested in a business course to write or call at once for full information of our special offer and save $10 to $20 on a course. All Commercial and English Branches taught by experts.

Day and Night School. Position Secured for Graduates or money refunded.

SOUTHERN COMMERCIAL SCHOOL

Winston-Salem, Wilmington, Salisbury, and Durham, N. C., Charleston, Spartanburg and Greenwood, S. C., and Johnson City, Tenn.

The Highest Endorsed Business College in the South Atlantic.

se24-su-6t

Financial and Commercial

COTTON IS MOVING DOWNWARD

New Low Records Again Established on Market—Decline of From Seven to 18 Points—Quickly Weakened.

New York, Sept. 23.—The decline in the cotton market continued today new low records being again established, with prices closing barely steady at a net decline of from 7 to 18 points. The opening was steady at unchanged prices to a decline of four points and while there were a good many overnight covering orders around the ring which accounted for the steadiness of the initial tone, the market quickly weakened under more or less general selling encouraged by the sharp break in the stock position at Liverpool prospects for good weather in the cotton belt over Sunday, reports that the interior was still offering spot cotton freely in the eastern belt, the bearish visible supply figures and continued southern selling of future in the local market. Realizing by shorts for over the week-end was active enough to check the decline during the middle of the morning and cause a rally of 3 to 4 points, but there was no snap to the buying and the market eased off again in the late trading when October sold to 10.53 and December at 10.62 of from 9 to 12 points net lower, with the close from the lowest point of the movement. The sharp break in September contracts and spot cotton in Liverpool was supposed to reflect a final weakening of the old bull position in that market, but the dominating influence of the day so far as could be gathered from opinions expressed around the ring, appeared to be a feeling that trade demand would be insufficient to absorb the daily increasing [illegible]. Weekly reviews reported a better demand for cotton goods in the domestic market and reported a steadier feeling as to prices, but southern advices continued to claim a slack trade demand in the interior and local bears are predicting that spinners will [illegible] from hand-to-mouth [illegible] prices reach a more attractive level. leading bull brokers gave the market some support on a scale down during the morning, and there was a little demand from spot houses but the chief demand was attributed to running by scattering shorts.

Receipts at the ports today 52,000 bales against 52,247 last week and 18,444 last year. For the week 400,000 bales against 327,115 last week and 392,994 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 3519 bales against 2,946 last year and at Houston 26,645 bales, against 18,972 last year.

Spot closed quiet, 5 points lower; middling uplands 10.80; do gulf, 11.00; no sales.

Cotton futures closed barely steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
October	10.60	10.61	10.46	10.46
December	10.62	10.62	10.46	10.46
January				10.66
March	10.79	10.79	10.72	10.73
April				10.73
May	10.88	10.89	10.8	10.85
July				10.85
September	10.73	10.73	10.66	10.66
October	10.62	10.62	10.53	10.53
November				10.53
December	10.69	10.69	10.62	10.62

Cotton spot and futures market closed as follows:

Spot cotton closed quiet, 5 points lower; middling uplands 10.80; do gulf, 11.00; no sales.

Futures closed barely steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
October	10.60	10.61	10.46	10.46
December	10.62	10.62	10.46	10.46
January				10.66
March	10.79	10.79	10.72	10.73
April				10.73
May	10.88	10.89	10.8	10.85
July				10.85
September	10.73	10.73	10.66	10.66
October	10.62	10.62	10.53	10.53
November				10.53
December	10.69	10.69	10.62	10.62

Cotton futures closed steady at a net advance of 2 to 11 points.

Spot coffee firm. Rio No. 7, 14 to 14 1-16; Santos No. 4, 14 3-4 to 15; mild coffee quiet. Cordova 14 1-2 to 15. Spot sugar

Cotton seed oil was easier again today under scattered liquidation; spot closed 6 points lower and futures 7 to 9 points off. September 730 to 735 October 578 to 580; November, December and January, 562 to 565. Prime crude, 460 to 467; do summer yellow 710 to 755. Prime winter, yellow and Summer white 700 bid.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady, 49½ cents.

ROSIN—Steady, $5.75 per barrel.

TAR—Firm at $1.80 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$3.00 per barrel for hard; $4.50 for dip, and $4.50 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady at 70¾; rosin, steady, 5.40; tar, firm, $2.50; crude turpentine, firm, at $4.00@$5.50 and $6.00.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	15
Rosin	135
Tar	4
Crude Turpentine	38

Receipts same day last year, 23 casks spirits turpentine; 16 barrels rosin; 35 barrels tar; 80 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady, 10⅝ cents.

Same day last year, nothing doing.

Receipts—4,087 bales; same day last year, 3,851 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Sept. 16.)

PEANUTS—Virginias, 85 to $1.00 per bu.; North Carolinas, $1.00 to $1.25; Spanish, $1.10 to $1.25.

CORN—Firm; .85 to .87½c. per bu.

PEAS—Out of season.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, new crop, $1.25 per bu.

BEEF—On foot, dull, .03@.04 per lb.

PORK—Out of season.

WOOL—Burry, .11@.12c. per lb.; free of burr, 17 to 18 per lb.

HIDES—Green, .08 to .08½ per lb.; dry, .12 to .13 per lb

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 20c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 13c. to 14c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; .27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY—Turkeys, out of season. Chickens, grown, .40@.45 per head; chickens, spring, 15@35 per head; Geese, .50 per head.

EGGS—Fair demand, .21 to .22 per doz.

SHEEP—Lambs, .90 to $2.50 per head; grown sheep, .90 to $2.25.

Petersburg Peanut Market.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Farmers' Spanish—Firm, at $1.25 per bushel; Virginias—Firm; Bunch, 5c to 5½c per lb.; Fancy Hand-Picked, 4½c to 5c. per lb.; Prime, 3¾c per lb.; Machine Picked, 3½c. to 4c. per lb.; Shelling Stock, 3c. per lb.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Sept. 23.—Money on call nominal. Time loans firm; 60 days 3 1-4 to 3 1-2 per cent., and 90 days 3 3-4 to 4 per cent., six months 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4 3-4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8325 for 60 day bills and at 4.8655 for demand. Commercial bills 4.82 1-2. Bar silver 52 1-2. Mexican dollars 45.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Sept. 23.—The observance of a close Jewish holiday caused quiet conditions in the primary markets for the day. Values are holding fairly steady at the new levels current.

MARINE.

Cleared.

Br. str. Mariner, Morrison, Bremen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Br. str. Wilston, Niven, Liverpool, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Navahoe, Packer, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

Exports—Foreign.

Bremen—Br. str. Mariner, 8,295 bales cotton, valued at $498,000; cargo and vessel by Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Liverpool—Br. str. Wilston, 8,442 bales of cotton, valued at $510,000; vessel and cargo by Alexander Sprunt & Son.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Dunolly (Br.), 2,127 tons, Comer, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Mariner (Br.), 1,533 tons, Morrison, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Barques.

Tomasso Drago (Ital.), 352 tons, Orengo, C. D. Maffitt.

Schooners.

John H. May, 349 tons, Stille, C. D. Maffitt.

Geo. F. Scannell, 475 tons, Stratton, C. D. Maffitt.

Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulbourn, C. D. Maffitt.

Edith H. Symington, 881 tons, Stiles, C. D. Maffitt.

Lottie R. Russell, 266 tons, James, C. D. Maffitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 23rd.

Atlantic Coast Line—3,868 bales cotton; 4 casks spirits turpentine; 12 barrels rosin; 1 barrel tar; 31 barrels crude turpentine.

Schr. C. T. Herman—11 casks spirits turpentine; 123 barrels rosin.

Seaboard Air Line—219 bales cotton; 3 barrels tar; 7 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—4,087 bales cotton; 15 casks spirits turpentine; 135 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar; 38 barrels crude turpentine.

Total last year—3,851 bales cotton; 25 casks spirits turpentine; 16 barrels rosin; 35 barrels tar; 80 barrels crude turpentine.

SURPRISING CALM FOR STOCKS

Further Crush of Liquidation in United States Steel—End of Week of Uncertainty and Wild Speculation.

New York, Sept. 23.—Contrasted with yesterday's tempestuous trading the stock market today was surprisingly calm. There was no further crush of liquidation in United States Steel and the extreme nervousness of the preceding day disappeared. Movements of stocks, while uncertain, were not large. Sentiment was still confused, however, and the questions raised in regard to the relations between the government and the United States Steel Corporation and other large combinations remained unanswered. It was said with a degree of positiveness that the steel corporation had taken the definite attitude that it would not submit to dissolution without at least trying conditions with the government in the courts, but this report, like its predecessors, received scant attention in responsible quarters. At the end of a week of uncertainty and wild speculation, Wall Street was as thoroughly in the dark as ever.

Following the advance in stocks in London, the market opened with a majority of gains. United States Steel sold at 57 1-4, a gain of 1 1-4 from yesterday's close. The preferred opened at 106 3-4, a gain of a point.

Rallies where reactions were frequent. Early in the trading the common stock fell two points, but quickly recovered most of the loss. At the close the preferred stock was unchanged, and the common 1-2c higher on the day. During the first hour, when trading was heaviest, the transactions in steel common amounted to 105,000, less than one-third of the amount traded in during the same period of yesterday.

A conspicuous feature was the strength of the high class railroad stocks. Union Pacific, Reading and Lehigh Valley advanced more than a point, although the gains were lost later, when the whole market reacted. Some of the active industrials were particularly weak.

London was a persistent buyer, taking large amounts of United States Steel and the active railway issues in which there is an international interest. This foreign buying was estimated at 30,000 shares.

Acute weakness developed in the copper stocks. American Smelting and Amalgamated Copper fell to the lowest point since 1908, with no news to account for the movement, other than mere rumors of possible government investigation.

The heavy liquidation of stocks during the week was reflected in the bank statement. The actual table showed a decrease in loans of more than $9,000,000. The bond market was irregular. Total sales par value $1,045,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call, on the week. Total sales of stocks for the day 464,100 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers, pfd	15
Amalgamated Copper	40⅞
American Agricultural	47½
American Beet Sugar	49½
American Can	9⅞
American Car and Foundry	44½
American Cotton Oil	50¾
American Hide and Leather, pfd	19
American Ice Securities	17½
American Linseed	8½
American Locomotive	33½
American Smelting and Refining	59¾
American Smelting and Refining, pfd.	98½
American Steel Foundries	26
American Sugar Refining	114
American Tel and Tel	134¼
American Tobacco, pfd	91½
American Woolen	28½
Anaconda Mining Co	32
Atchison	102⅝
Atchison, pfd	101¼
Atlantic Coast Line	118
Baltimore and Ohio	95⅝
Bethlehem Steel	27
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	73⅝
Canadian Pacific	226
Central Leather	19½
Central Leather, pfd	91⅞
Central of New Jersey	285
Chesapeake and Ohio	70⅝
Chicago and Alton	30
Chicago Great Western	17⅜
Chicago Great Western, pfd	36½
Chicago and North Western	139
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	111½
C., C., C. and St. Louis	55
Colorado Fuel and Iron	25¾
Colorado and Southern	43½
Consolidated Gas	132
Corn Products	11⅜
Delaware and Hudson	159
Denver and Rio Grande	22¼
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	46⅜
Distillers' Securities	30
Erie	30⅞
Erie, 1st pfd	50
Erie, 2nd pfd	40
General Electric	145
Great Northern, pfd	122¼
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	44
Illinois Central	135½
Interborough-Met	13½
Interborough-Met., pfd	41¼
Inter-Harvester	101½
Inter-Marine, pfd	14¾
International Paper	10
International Pump	28½
Iowa Central	17½
Kansas City Southern	27
Kansas City Southern, pfd	62¼
Laclede Gas	102
Louisville and Nashville	139
Minneapolis and St. Louis	35
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	126½
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	28½
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	63
Missouri Pacific	36
National Biscuit	127¼
National Lead	44
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	28½
New York Central	101¼
New York, Ontario and Western	38½
Norfolk and Western	100⅝
North American	65⅛
Northern Pacific	114
Pacific Mail	29½
Pennsylvania	119½
People's Gas	102½
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	91
Pittsburg Coal	17½
Pressed Steel Car	26
Pullman Palace Car	154
Railway Steel Spring	26½
Reading	139
Republic Steel	22
Republic Steel, pfd	84
Rock Island Co., pfd	46
St. Louis and San Fran. 2nd pfd	38
St. Louis Southwestern	30
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	69¼
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	35
Southern Pacific	107⅝
Southern Railway	20⅜
Southern Railway, pfd	65½
Tennessee Copper	32
Texas and Pacific	23
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	18
Toledo, St. L. and Western, pfd	41
Union Pacific	159⅝
Union Pacific, pfd	89½
United States Realty	66
United States Rubber	32½
United States Steel	56⅛
United States Steel, pfd	105¾
Utah Copper	40
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	48¾
Wabash	12¾
Wabash, pfd	24¼
Western Maryland	52
Westinghouse Electric	59⅝
Western Union	76
Wheeling and Lake Erie	2⅝

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Sept. 23.—Although the wheat market today touched the highest point of the season the scare over the rejection of reciprocity was apparently at an end. Transactions on the whole were of a humdrum sort, with the close steady at a moderate advance at ¾ to ⅞ above last night. Corn finished unchanged to ⅜ lower and oats up ⅛ to ¼c. and provisions dearer by 2½ to 15c.

Wheat—No. 2, red, 95⅞@96¾; No. 3, red, 94¼@96¼; No. 2, hard, winter, 98½@1.00; No. 3, hard, winter, 956@97; No. 1, northern, spring, 1.05@1.11½; No. 2, northern, spring, 1.05@1.10½; No. 3, northern, 1.03@1.09; No. 2, spring, 1.02@1.06; No. 3, spring, 97@1.05; No. 4, spring, 80@1.03; velvet chaff, 80@1.04; durum, 90@1.04.

Corn—No. 2, 68¼@68½; No. 2, white, 68¾@68¾; No. 2, yellow, 68¾@68½; No. 3, 67⅞@68¼; No. 3, white, 68@68¼; No. 3, yellow, 68@68¾; No. 4, 67¼@67½; No. 4, white, 67½@67⅝; No. 4, yellow, 67¼@67½.

Oats—No. 2, white, 47@48; No. 3, white, 47@47¼; standard, 46¾@47¼.

Wheat:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Sept	94¾	95⅝	94⅜	95⅝
Dec	98⅝	99½	98¼	99⅛
May	1.04⅞	1.05½	1.04¼	1.05⅜
Corn:				
Sept	68½	68¾	68¼	68¾
Dec	64⅜	64⅝	64	64¼
May	66¼	66¼	65¾	66¼
Sept	45¼	45⅞	45	45⅞
Oats:				
Dec	47¼	47⅜	47	47⅜
May	49⅝	50	49½	50
Mess Pork, per barrel:				
Sept	14.87½	14.90	14.87½	14.90
Jan	15.17½	15.30	15.17½	15.27½
May	15.25	15.25	15.17½	15.25
Lard, per 100 pounds:				
Sept	9.45	9.52½	9.40	9.52
Oct	9.42½	9.50	9.40	9.50
Dec	9.00	9.02½	8.97½	9.00
Jan	9.00	9.02½	8.97½	9.02½
Short Ribs, per 100 pounds:				
May	8.10	8.12½	8.07½	8.12½
Sept	8.77½	8.87½	8.77½	8.82½
Oct	8.90	8.92½	8.75	8.82½
Jan	8.05	8.07½	8.02½	8.05

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Sept. 23.—Rosin, quiet; turpentine, steady.

Charleston, Sept. 23.—Turpentine and rosin, unchanged.

Savannah, Sept. 23.—Turpentine, firm, at 50¼@50½; sales, 464; receipts, 555; shipments, 1,379; stocks, 34,701.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 2,354; receipts, 1,844; shipments, 6,276; stocks, 77,899. Quote: B, 6.15; D, 6.35; E, 6.40; F, G, H, I and K, 6.55; M, 6.60; N, 6.70; W G, 7.00; W W, 7.25.

This is a bad era for the politician who is going forward looking backward.—Houston Chrinicle.

See Page Six for Business Locals.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

September 24, 1911.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., Friday, Sept. 23rd:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 74 degrees; at 8 P. M., 74 degrees; maximum, 82 degrees; minimum, 70 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., Saturday, 3.3 feet.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; for the months, 3.60 inches.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Cloudy on coast; probably fair in interior Sunday and Monday; moderate east wind.

Port Calendar—Sept. 24.

Sun rises	6:02 A. M.
Sun sets	6:06 P. M.
Day's length	12 hrs. 6 min.
High water at Southport	9:34 P. M.
High water at Wilmington	12:34 P. M.

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

September 23, 1911.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest Today	Temperature: Lowest Last Night	24-Hour Precipitation 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	92	68	.0
Asheville	cloudy	70	64	.48
Atlanta	pt cldy	80	68	.0
Augusta	pt cldy	84	72	.01
Birmingham	pt cldy	90	68	.0
Boston	clear	66	56	.0
Charleston	clear	82	74	.06
Charlotte	clear	78	68	.01
Chicago	clear	76	60	.0
Galveston	pt cldy	88	78	.0
Jacksonville	clear	86	74	.0
Memphis	clear	82	60	.0
Mobile	cloudy	90	74	.0
Montgomery	raining	90	72	.04
New Orleans	cloudy	88	76	.01
New York	cloudy	72	64	.0
Palestine	clear	92	68	.0
Oklahoma	clear	88	68	.0
Pittsburg	clear	82	56	.0
Raleigh	clear	80	68	.02
Savannah	clear	84	72	.14
Shreveport	clear	92	70	.0
St. Louis	clear	78	58	.0
Washington	pt. cldy	78	62	.0

Stomalix

A Safe and Absolutely Harmless

Digestion Tonic

Prepared by Saiz de Carlos, a Physician, Surgeon and Pharmaceutist of acknowledged standing in Europe.

Stomalix, already favorably known to, and recommended by, the medical profession, is introduced to the public as the best and safest treatment for

Diseases of the Stomach and Intestines

relieving pain, aiding digestion, stimulating appetite and toning the entire system.

No alteration in the patient's usual diet need be made, except in extreme cases.

Stomalix is gradual and benign in its results, restoring the patient to robust health. It is invaluable to brain workers; it increases the capacity for effort, corrects ailments of children, and benefits both young and old.

For sale by all druggists.

E. FOUGERA & CO.

Agents, U. S. New York.

Cargo of Salt

This is to advise our customers that Schooner "Chas. E. Ross" has just arrived with a cargo of salt, and we will commence discharging on Wednesday and will fill all orders promptly.

Any others wanting salt shipped immediately let us have their orders and they will receive prompt attention.

Also have a full line of Table and Ice Cream salt. Send your orders.

D. L. GORE CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS

Wilmington, N. C.

Cream Puffs

CRULLERS.

GERMAN BUTTER CAKE

COFFEE CAKE

FRENCH, VIENNA, AND WATER-ROLLS.

FRESH EVERY DAY.

Phone 626

QUICK DELIVERY.

Farris' Bakery

THE STONE CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS

5, 6, 7, 8 S. Water Street

Wilmington, N. C.

WRITE US FOR QUOTATIONS

Wood's Fall Seed Catalogue

just issued—tells what crops you can put in to make the quickest grazing, or hay, to help out the short feed crops. Also tells about both

Vegetable *and* Farm Seeds

that can be planted in the fall to advantage and profit.

Every Farmer, Market Grower and Gardener should have a copy of this catalog.

It is the best and most complete fall seed catalog issued.

Mailed free. Write for it.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,

Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

THE NEW LYRIC.

Market Street.

Vaudeville

Pictures and Orchestra

ALWAYS GOOD.

THE COOLEST AND MOST COMFORTABLE PLACE IN THE CITY.

The GRAND Theatre

ORCHESTRA AND INTERESTING PICTURES.

AT YOUR SERVICE

Call on us, we are ready to furnish your table with the best fancy Meats, Poultry, Vegetables, Etc. Dressed Hens and Fresh Eggs a specialty. Don't forget Phone 141 for the best and you get it.

Prompt delivery and polite service.

HOPKINS & DAVIS

FRONT STREET MARKET

'Phones Nos. 128 and 141.

SPECIAL NOTICE

FOR SALE—The Atlantic Trust & Banking Company desires to sell the old building now situated on the northeast corner of Front and Market streets, known as "GREEN'S DRUG STORE BUILDING." The building will be sold to the highest bidder, and sealed bids will be opened on the 22nd of September at twelve o'clock noon. The purchaser will be required to move the building and all old material on or before the 10th day of October, filing a bond of $100.00, with approved security, for the performance of his contract.

Address bids to the undersigned.

ATLANTIC TRUST & BANKING COMPANY.

ROOM 513 PHONE 813

MADE BY HR Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

BLUE-PRINTS

SOUTHERN BUILDING

A Modern Fall Clothes Department That Shows You Everything

The clothes themselves ready to be taken down and tried on, to be felt and examined. Broad mirrors that show you from head to foot. Dressing rooms well lighted. Intelligent personal service. And STEIN-BLOCH'S tailoring label in each suit and overcoat. This means **Style Workmanship.** The clothes **Fit.** They give **Dollar for Dollar Value.**

The biggest and best line of Boys', Children's Clothing in the city. A full line of Jno. B. Stetson Hats.

J. W. FLEET COMPANY

Members of the Trade Extension Association.

'American Boy' SHOES

"None Just as Good"

The Shoe that is made to stand the rough and tumble service that the healthy American boy gives his shoes.

Once worn, always worn.

Ask to see them.

PETERSON & RULFS

Next to Murchison Bank.

College Suits for Young Men and Boys

New Styles and Newest Fabrics

Holeproof Hosiery

J. W. H. FUCHS

No. 28 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

Members Wilmington Trade Extension Association.

Pale Export Beer

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersburg.....$3.00

10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersburg.....$7.50

Darley Park Brewing Company

G. Morgan Knight, Mgr. PETERSBURG, VA.

SPECIAL 32 squares peach bottom certificate No. 1 Slate; one two-horse wagon, almost new; will sell at attractive prices. Call or write,

W. B. THORPE & CO.

Phone 789

There sits Dr. Wiley, they speak of so highly; Dr. Harvey Wiley, who's served us so well.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

See Page Six for Business Locals.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Spot Unsettled, Prices 36 to 38 points Lower.

Liverpool, Sept. 23.—Spot cotton unsettled. Prices 36 to 38 points lower. American middling fair 6.88; good middling 6.62; middling 6.44; low middling 6.30; good ordinary 6.04; ordinary 5.78. The sales of the day were 4,000 bales, of which 400 were for speculation and export and included 3,000 American. Receipts 2,000 bales, including 1,500 American.

Futures opened easier and closed steady. September 6.11; September and October 5.79; October and November 5.74 1-2; November and December 5.73 1-2; December and January 5.73 1-2; January and February 5.74 1-2; February and March 5.76 1-2; March and April 5.79; April and May 5.80; May and June 5.81.

Spot Cotton Closed Quiet, 5 Points Lower.

Spot cotton closed quiet, 5 points lower; middling uplands 10.80; do gulf, 11.00; no sales.

Futures closed barely steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
October	10.60	10.61	10.46	10.46
December	10.62	10.62	10.46	10.46
January				10.66
March	10.79	10.79	10.72	10.73
April				10.73
May	10.88	10.89	10.8	10.85
July				10.85
September	10.73	10.73	10.66	10.66
October	10.62	10.62	10.53	10.53
November				10.53
December	10.69	10.69	10.62	10.62

Receipts, 52,000 bales; American, 48,000; actual export, 5,000; forwarded, 11,000; sales, 4,000; American, 3,000; speculation, 400; export, 1,500; American, 1,500; imports, 52,000; American, 48,000; stock, 1,051,000; American, 900,000; afloat, 1,000; American, 1,000.

Futures opened easier and closed steady.

September	6.11
September and October	5.79
October and November	5.74 1-2
November and December	5.73 1-2
December and January	5.73 1-2
January and February	5.74 1-2
February and March	5.76 1-2
March and April	5.79
April and May	5.80
May and June	5.81

Receipts, 52,000 bales; American, 48,000; actual export, 5,000; forwarded, 11,000; sales, 4,000; American, 3,000; speculation, 400; export, 1,500; American, 1,500; imports, 52,000; American, 48,000; stock, 1,051,000; American, 900,000; afloat, 1,000; American, 1,000.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Easy, 10 11-16; net receipts, 25,658; gross receipts, 25,658; shipments, 24,267; sales, 5,637; stock, 75,374.

Augusta—Steady, 10¾; net receipts, 4,219; gross receipts, 4,515; shipments, 2,789; sales, 3,324; stock, 23,744.

Memphis—Steady, 11¾; net receipts, 673; gross receipts, 673; shipments, 400; sales, 250; stock, 19,890.

St. Louis—Quiet, 11½; net receipts, 157; gross receipts, 537; shipments, 466; stock, 1,985.

Cincinnati—Quiet; net receipts, 22; gross receipts, 22; shipments, 46; sales, 400; stock, 13,135.

Little Rock—Quiet, 10¾; net receipts, 152; gross receipts, 152; shipments, 9; stock, 1,901.

Louisville—Firm, 11¾.

Total today—Net receipts, 30,881; gross receipts, 31,557; shipments, 27,977; sales, 9,511; stock, 136,029.

Galveston, Sept. 23.—Cotton steady, middling 10½; net receipts, 3,519; gross receipts, 3,546; sales, 2,270; stock, 51,910; continent, 3,106; coastwise, 800.

Mobile—Easy, 10½; net receipts, 900; gross receipts, 900; sales, 800; stock, 13,215; coastwise, 27.

Savannah—Quiet, 10½; net receipts, 17,421; gross receipts, 17,421; sales, 6,605; stock, 83,770; continent, 550; coastwise, 6,018.

Charleston—Quiet; net receipts, 6,678; gross receipts, 6,678; stock, 29,575.

Wilmington—Quiet, 10½; net receipts, 4,087; gross receipts, 4,087; stock, 24,336.

Norfolk—Steady, 10½; net receipts, 2,533; gross receipts, 2,533; sales, 1,160; stock, 13,535; coastwise, 2,778.

Baltimore—Nominal, 11; stock, 2,678.

New York—Quiet, 10.85; gross receipts, 7,895; stock, 91,239; Great Britain, 2,040; continent, 1,982; coastwise, 4,347.

Boston—Quiet, 10.85; net receipts, 6; gross receipts, 4,377; stock, 7,499; continent, 222.

Philadelphia—Quiet, 11.10; gross receipts, 498; stock, 2,616.

Brunswick—Stock, 9,053.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 59,274; Great Britain, 13,388; continent, 9,644; stock, 444,350.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 59,274; Great Britain, 13,388; continent, 9,644.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 795,009; Great Britain, 208,425; France, 74,768; continent, 203,069; Japan, 700; Mexico, 350.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Easy, 10 11-16; net receipts, 25,658; gross receipts, 25,658; shipments, 24,267; sales, 5,637; stock, 75,374.

Augusta—Steady, 10¾; net receipts, 4,219; gross receipts, 4,515; shipments, 2,789; sales, 3,324; stock, 23,744.

Memphis—Steady, 11¾; net receipts, 673; gross receipts, 673; shipments, 400; sales, 250; stock, 19,890.

St. Louis—Quiet, 11½; net receipts, 157; gross receipts, 537; shipments, 466; stock, 1,985.

Cincinnati—Quiet; net receipts, 22; gross receipts, 22; shipments, 46; sales, 400; stock, 13,135.

Little Rock—Quiet, 10¾; net receipts, 152; gross receipts, 152; shipments, 9; stock, 1,901.

Louisville—Firm, 11¾.

Total today—Net receipts, 30,881; gross receipts, 31,557; shipments, 27,977; sales, 9,511; stock, 136,029.

PRESIDENT SPENT A STRENUOUS DAY

(Continued from Page One.)

power and then making the judges responsible. There is no difficulty about making the judges responsible either. I know it is proposed to make a short cut, and cut his head off without any reason just because the people wish it, under the theory of a judicial recall. I agree that the movement has foundation in the basis which I have stated, namely: that the courts have not fulfilled the function that they ought to fulfill, but I do not agree that therefore you ought to kill the court, and that is what I think you are doing if you make every tenure of office dependent on an election.

"Gentlemen, that won't do. Make your judges responsible. Impeach them, impeachment of a judge would be a very healthful thing in these times. I have known instances in Congresses where there was ground for impeachment that ought to have been carried through, but on inquiry I found that the difficulties between the members of Congress and the judge had been settled by compromise, the thing had passed away.

"It is not necessary that we should have an impeachment by the Legislature, if that it is a clumsy method, as it is. We can have some other method of investigating the qualifications of judges, and if they don't fill the measure, to remove them. Have some sort of judicial hearing in which the facts shall be considered."

In his speech tonight President Taft declared that attacks made upon the tariff board were not candid criticisms of that board's work, based on the showing made, but came "from the thoughtless heat of political controversy, and ought to have no weight with unbiased friends of the public weal."

He upheld the wisdom of his selections for the tariff board and announced he never expected to see the tariff taken so far out of politics that it would not be the subject of political debate. He agreed that the members of the board were not tariff experts, but said that it was better so.

Mr. Taft denied that the board was partial and pointed out that of its total membership of five, only two could really be termed members of a political party. Two of the others were professors, skilled in economics and the third was a magazine editor.

President Taft will spend the entire day tomorrow at Baldwin, Kan., with the exception of thirty minutes at the State University at Lawrence, Kan. His train left here for Kansas at 11:30 o'clock.

WILL POOL TOBACCO CROP.

Growers in Stokes County Will Build Warehouse.

Winston-Salem, N. C., Sept. 23.—A resolution providing for the pooling of their 1911 crop of leaf tobacco was adopted by the Stokes County Farmers' Union, at Danbury today. A large dryhouse, to be used by the Union, is nearing completion at Walnut Cove.

SIMMONS IN FAYETTEVILLE.

Senior Senator Given Enthusiastic Reception in Upper Cape Fear.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 23.—Senator Furnifold M. Simmons spent today in Fayetteville and was given an enthusiastic reception by the people of the Upper Cape Fear. To newspaper men, he said that he had nothing to say and that he was simply in the city as the invited guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Underwood. The Senator left this afternoon at 5 o'clock for Raleigh.

The reception given Mr. Simmons last night by Mr. and Mrs. Underwood at their beautiful home on Rowan street, was a brilliant affair. The Senator arrived on the A. C. L. train in the afternoon and was met at the station by a committee in automobiles, accompanied by Mr. Underwood, Dr. Lily and others. During the evening a sumptuous seven-course dinner was served, after which a public reception was held from 8:30 to 10 o'clock. It is estimated that 600 citizens greeted the Senior Senator. There were many callers from the different precincts throughout the county. Seventy-Frst being particularly well represented, while a number came from Hoke, Harnett and Robeson. During the reception, punch, ice cream and cake were servied, Mayor McNeill doing the honors.

SOVEREIGN GRAND LODGE, I. O. F.

Mysterious Removal of Commander of Patriarchs Militant.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 23.—Though the term for which Gen. M. A. Raney, of Maringo, Ia., was elected as commander of the Patriarchs Militant, does not expire until January 1, 1912, he is to be succeeded within the next ten days by Gen. A. R. Stocker, of Miamisburg, Ohio, according to the announcement today of Grand Sire John B. Sockrum, of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Cockrum declined to state his reasons for superseding Gen. Raney at this time.

Over the opposition of Gen. Raney's friends and the military council of the Patriarchs Militant, the Sovereign Lodge at its convention here this week empowered the Grand Sire to appoint the commander of the Patriarchs Militant, who hitherto had been elected by the military branch of the Odd Fellows.

LOUISIANA'S SOCIETY MURDER.

Mrs. McCrea Will Be Prosecuted for Killing Garland.

Opelusus, La., Sept. 23.—The prosecution began its preparations today for what is expected to be the most bitter legal battle ever fought in this section of the State as a result of the killing of Young Allen Garland last Thursday by Mrs. J. P. McCrea, a young society woman of this city, in a room of her residence. District Attorney Lee Garland, a near-kinsman of the dead man, declared today that Mrs. McCrea would certainly be prosecuted and disclaimed the slightest intention of allowing her liberty on bail. Mrs. McCrea still refuses to discuss the details leading up to the fatal shooting of young Garland.

HUGE ELECTRICAL PROJECT.

Company With $27,000,000 Capital in Georgia.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 23.—One of the largest financial deals to be consummated in Georgia in recent years will be concluded within the next few days when a charter is granted to the Georgia Railway & Power Company, with a capitalization of $27,000,000. Among the waterpower developments to be consolidated under the new company are the plants at Bull Sluice, the Etowah power plant and the Tallulah plant, now in course of construction.

The company is backed by Canadian and English capitalists and plans to absorb hydro-electric development projects throughout the Piedmont section of Georgia and to operate in connection therewith the street railway, lighting, heating and power companies now consolidated in the Georgia Railway & Electric Company, of this city. Among the incorporators are J. M. McWhinney, Charles Magee, R. Matheson and Geo. A. Kingston, of Toronto, Canada, and Forest Adair, J. J. Spalding, Alexander C. King, and F. M. Underwood, of Atlanta.

WOMAN KILLS ANOTHER.

Second Murder in Hendersonville in Few Days.

Asheville, N. C., Sept. 23.—While Dr. William R. Kirk, coroner of Henderson county, was receiving the jury's verdict in the Will Fletcher inquest tonight at Hendersonville, another killing was in progress a block from the doctor's office. Anna Williams, colored, 28 years old, fatally cut Mamie Bridges, aged 17, also colored. The Williams woman, who is now in jail, used a razor. The quarrel is said to have been the outcome of jealousy.

The verdict in the case of William Fletcher, whose body was found on the Southern Railway tracks, was to the effect that "death was caused by a blow inflicted by a blunt instrument in the hands of persons unknown."

GOVERNORSHIP OF GEORGIA.

Ex-Governor Brown and Two Others Candidates.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 23.—Former Governor Joseph M. Brown, who was defeated for re-election by Governor Hoke Smith, tonight announced his candidacy for the governorship to be vacant when Governor Smith resigns next month to assume his duties as United States Senator. This makes three avowed candidtes in the field, the others being Judge R. B. Russell and J. Pope Brown.

No Need to Stop Work.

When your doctor orders you to stop work, it staggers you. "I can't," you say. You know you are weak, run down and failing in health, day by day, but you must work as long as you can stand. What you need is Electric Bitters to give tone, strength, and vigor to your system, to prevent breakdown and build you up. Don't be weak, sickly or ailing when Electric Bitters will benefit you from the first dose. Thousands bless them for their glorious health and strength. Try them. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only 50c at R. R. Bellamy's.

JAIL DELIVERY AT SANFORD.

Prisoners Cut Their Way to Freedom During Sheriff's Absence.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Sanford, N. C., Sept. 23.—Upon returning from the theatre tonight about 11 o'clock, Sheriff Petty, of Lee county, discovered that all the prisoners had escaped jail. Some one outside provided them with tools whereby they cut the iron bars from the cells and windows, making a hole large enough to crawl through. Friends of the prisoners cut the telephone wires before the escape was made. There were four white prisoners, three men and one boy, all bad characters. At midnight the sheriff is in pursuit. Officers in different directions have been asked to look out for them.

CHILD STILL LIVES.

Erroneous Report From Raleigh as to Death of Little Girl.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 23.—Little Emma Hamilton, the seven-year-old child injured under the touring car of H. C. Bridgers, of Tarboro, desperately ill for several days, still lives, in spite of the belief that she was dying last night and this forenoon and reports several times during the day that the end had come. The best medical skill and trained nurses provided by Mr. Bridgers, are fighting desperately for the life of the child and physicians declare tonight she may yet pull through, though there is only the slightest chance.

MAYOR BEATEN TO DEATH.

By Man He Mortally Wounded Near Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 23.—W. H. Johnson, mayor of Oakhurst, a suburb of Atlanta, was beaten to death with a scantling this afternoon by T. W. Zuber, after the latter had been shot and mortally wounded by Johnson. Zuber was rushed into Atlanta for medical attention, while Johnson died at his home about 15 minutes after the fight.

The dispute, it is stated, grew out of a small bill which Zuber claimed Johnson owed him.

West Stockbridge, Mass., September 23.—Mary McCarthy, believed to have been the oldest person in Massachusetts, died here today, aged 112 years.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 23.—Col. William F. Prosser, who commanded the second Tennessee Cavalry during the Civil War, and who was afterwards a member of Congress from the Nashville district, died here today at his home, aged 77.

Truckers' Guano Specials

439 Bags Sulphate Potash.
167 Bags Muriate Potash.
436 Bags Cotton Seed Meal.
311 Bags Fish Scrap (to arrive
950 Tons 16 Per Cent. Acid.
322 Bags Cotton Seed Hulls.
475 Bags Ship Stuff.
238 Bags Red Dog.
394 Bags Perfection Feed.
141 Bags Sugar Feed.
476 Bags No. 2 White Oats.

W. B. COOPER

Member Wilmington Trade Extension Association.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

This Bank Wants Your Account

The officers are pleased to see the steady growth of small depositors and are glad to help and encourage all who earnestly desire to better their financial condition.

This Bank will help you to Save. will pay you to Save.

By allowing you 4% Interest, compounded quarterly.

The Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

Southern Building. Opposite Postoffice.

DO YOUR OWN BANKING.

Your savings get into the bank whether you put them there or not. If you spend all, somebody else deposits your money. Better start a savings account today and receive the benefits of 4 per cent. interest yourself, and when you see your deposits begin to mount up you will become enthusiastic and ambitious, and later on find it is no hardship, but a positive joy. One dollar opens a savings account at our bank.

American National Bank
WILMINGTON, N. C.

BARGAINS

100 Kegs XX Mullets.
1000 Bales Rice Straw.
250 Bbls. Belle of Wilmington, Fancy Patent Flour.
250 Bbls. Eldred ancy Paten Flour.
150 Bbls. Violet Half Paten Flour.
400 Bags Rice, All Grades.
50 Cases Mecklenburg Ginger Ale.
25 Crates Lemons.
50 Cases Herring Roe.
500 Bales No. 1 Timothy Hay.
300 Bundles Hoop Iron.
500 Spirit Casks.
10 Bbls. Glue.
5 Bbls. Bungs, All Sizes.

We also have a full stock of cigars, tobacco, cakes, candy and all kinds of canned goods. All orders will be appreciated and given prompt attention.

J. W. BROOKS
WHOLESALE GROCER.
Wilmington, N. C.

Diamonds Watches Jewelry Silverware

REPAIRING
Fine Watches and Jewelry
A SPECIALTY.

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER,
104 North Front Street.

$100.00 REWARD.

For the arrest and conviction of the person who shot into the Beach car, No. 37, on the night of September 22nd.

TIDEWATER POWER CO.
A. B. SKELDING,
se 24-1t. General Manager.

The automobile is becoming the unconcealed deadly weapon.—Memphis Commercial-Appeal.

Thinking is but an idle waste of thought,
And naught is everything, and everything is naught.
—Horace Smith.

See Page Six for Business Locals.

WE ANNOUNCE

Our Next Regular Interest Period—Monday, October 2nd. All deposits made with us on or before that date will receive a full Quarter's Interest January First.

4% Compounded Quarterly Paid on All Accounts. We invite you to deposit your Savings here.

ESTABLISHED 1900.

The Peoples Savings Bank

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEPOSITORY.
POSTAL SAVINGS FUNDS.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 14

VOL. LXXXVIII—NO. 161. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 24, 1911. WHOLE NUMBER 13,72

GOVERNMENT ON PELLAGRA

Investigation of the Disease by United States Public Health Service — Causes and Effects—What is Being Accomplished.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, Sept. 23.—Recently it was published in State papers that there were 200 cases of pellagra in the town of Durham, North Carolina, and no one has denied the charge. Durham, the home of the great tobacco kings of the world, has about 25,000 people. Two hundred of them have pellagra if the reports are true. That amounts almost to a scourge.

It is said that the Medical Association of Durham and some of the county and city authorities will ask the government to investigate the situation in that locality.

Pellagra is spreading at an alarming rate. It reaches the high and the low, the rich and the poor, the saint and the sinner alike.

Durham is said to be one of the worst pellagra spots in this country. Experts who have taken up the study of the disease are eager to know just what causes the prevalence of it there.

Gaining headway against a feeble and disorganized fight by the medical fraternity and the Public Health Service, pellagra is increasing annually more, than 100 per cent. There are more than 10,200 cases in 11 Southern States alone this Summer, as opposed to about 1,000 in 13 States two years ago.

Believing that the disease with its rapid spread has long since passed the point where it became a serious menace to public health, the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, which has been offering the only concerted study of and fight against the disease, will ask an appropriation of $50,000 at the next session of Congress, to be used in fighting this malady.

The annual report of Surgeon General Wyman, of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, which will be sent to the printer shortly, will present the situation in such a light as to call for serious consideration. At present any money expended in fighting the disease must be drawn from the appropriation for the service contrained in the sundry civil bill. The hands of the Service, therefore, are tied, and as the medical literature of the country contains practically nothing about pellagra, which was discovered in this country only as far back as 1905, the country is left helpless by the helplessness of the Service. The Service has already given over one hospital and the services of two officials entirely to the observation and care of pellagra cases. The hospital at Savannah, Ga., is given over entirely to the care of pellagra cases, in charge of Dr. C. H. Lavinder, while Dr. R. H. Grim, spends all his time in field investigaing and recommending passing on applicants for admission to the hospital. In addition, the Service has sent out from time to time such literature as it has been able to collect data for and prepare. These few bulletins of the Service are practically all the information the medical profession in this country has to rely upon.

The eleven Southern States where the ravages of the disease are fiercest and where are approximately 10,300 new cases this year are Virginia, North Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Louisiana, Texas and Kentucky. It is reported that in one North Carolina village where are less than 3,000 inhabitants, 200 cases of pellagra have sprung up this Summer, and North Carolina physicians have estimated for the Public Health service that there have been 50,000 cases in his State alone since the disease was discovered six years ago.

Few northern States have been shouldered with any prevalence of the disease, though Illinois has furnished several of the most interesting subjects of study and has a greater number of cases than any other northern State. New York has had a few cases and the District of Columbia has furnished several, though most of those discovered in the District could be traced directly to some point farther South. In all, the disease has been reported from thirty-one States, though the problem has never become serious except in the South and, possibly, in Illinois.

A number of State authorities have taken the matter up and instituted a campaign to reduce the danger of the spread of the disease. California, although the disease is not at all prevalent there, has gone so far as to make it a quarantineable disease, requiring reports to municipal health officers of every case noted or treated.

The malady is not believed, however, to be either contagious or infectious and for that reason it is probably harder to make headway than if the infected district could be cut off and the further spread of the disease stopped.

As a matter of fact little progress has been made by the medical profession in determining upon the causes of the disease or in prefecting a cure for it. Do what they may, the doctors are unable to prevent the hign rate of mortality in the sections where the disease is prevalent. This mortality is estimated as between fifty and seventy-five per cent. of the total number of cases—a much higher rate than in Italy where pellagra is supposed to have originated. About twenty percent of the cases reach the insanity stage, filling the hospitals and asylums of the South with a loathsome form of mental disorder.

Dr. Lavinder in charge of the Savannah hospital, was sent to Italy last year by the Service to study the disease there. He met investigators there from England, where the malady is presenting a serious problem. In Italy a national law for the cure and prevention of pellagra is in force. This law is based entirely on the theory that the disease is caused by eating spoiled corn—a theory which has been generally accepted in this country. However, two more hypotheses, have recently gained some credence and, if finally adopted, will present the case in a still more serious aspect.

One of the new theories goes on the assumption that the disease is brougnt by the sting of a sand fly. The other assumes the malady to be brought into the human system by the water-borne trematode, an Italian blood-infecting insect. These theories have attracted wide attention in Italy and are now being carefully investigated. In this country the fight is still being made on the assumption that spoiled corn is the principal agent in the spread of the disease.

The corn theory puts a more serious face on the problem when it is explained that by corn is meant chiefly its various products such as hominy and meal, a form by which diseased or spoiled corn can be disguised by unscrupulous millers and manufacturers. As these foods are the principal subsistence for thousands throughout the South the result is obvious.

Like cholera, pellagra is stopped by cold weather. Frost followed by warm weahter has no appreciable effect, a permanent drop in temperature being necessary.. These cases which are contracted late and apparently cured by cold weather often hibernate and return again the following Spring. In some cases the recurrance continues for years, ultimately ending in insanity. In other cases not more than two weeks may elapse between the first symptoms and death.

The malady is now being treated as a nervous affliction with blood manifestations, but the physicians admit that the necessary study and investigation may change the diagnosis altogether. H. E. C. BRYANT.

COUNT BIRD VALUES.

Conservation Men Look Into Flying Resources.

New York, September 23.—Planning the first scientific and comprehensive census of the bird and animal life of the United States, as one of the nation's most valuable natural resources, delegates from the National Association of Audubon Societies are today taking a prominent part in the activities of the Third National Conservation Congress that has been called at Kansas City. Federal control of migratory birds and State regulation of the sale of game are two special objects that the Audubon workers are striving to attain through their active cooperation in the national work for the cause of conservation. At the request of Gifford Pinchot and other leaders in this movement, the association's conservation committee will continue this work, which it has carried on in co-operation with other organizations interested in the saving of the lumber, land, water and mineral resources of the land.

Following the great gathering of conservationists, a delegation from the National Audubon organization is considering a tour of the Middle West to continue its demonstration of the fact that protection of the pest destroying birds is an important factor in conserving the fields, woods and streams of the continent.

That the national wealth is being affected by the market butchery of the country's waning game supply, is also being urged. In the field of the conservation of vital resources, the preservation of the shore birds, that check plague and pestilence in their natural function of scavengers and mosquito destroyers, is shown to be essentially necessary.

Action toward making Uncle Sam the guardian of the economically valuable hosts of birds that wing their way over separate States, where protective legislation differs and is often lacking, is expected from the National Conservation Congress, that has already endorsed this idea at its convention in St. Paul last year. It is also believed that the thousands of delegates gathered from every State in the Union will return to their homes prepared to push legislation looking to the increase of bird life, that has for years been urged by the Audubon workers.

"Crops, trees, waterways and almost every other source of this nation's wealth and prosperity are influenced to more or less extent by the birds, which we are working to save from extinction," said T. Gilbert Pearson, who was chosen to represent at Kansas City the National Association of Audubon Societies, at its headquarters, 1974 Broadway, today. "One of the greatest problems, therefore, in connection with the conservation of our national resources is the preservation of the wild bird life of the country."

The dealers are now robbing the cotton farmers and the government through its crop estimates are helping them to do it. Because the present crop is opening faster than usual it is being picked and marketed faster, and the bears who want to buy it for as little as possible are pressing the price down, claiming that the receipts indicate the large crop estimate made by the government. As soon as the cotton has passed from the hands of the farmers to the dealers, then they will discover (?) that the crop is short and prices will push up. The decline in price now is costing the South millions of dollars which the speculators will make out of this crop.—Greenville Reflector.

The next Bell Telephone directory goes to press soon. Now is the time to subscribe in order to get your name in the new book. If you wish to make changes or corrections in your listings, write to the Manager, Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph.
se14,17,21,24,28

SERVICE OF SENATOR SIMMONS

Wilmington Attorney Tells of Distinguished North Carolinian—Something of Past Political History of the State.

Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 23rd.

To the Editor:

I have read with pleasure the communication of Hon. Cameron Morrison, of Charlotte, in the Charlotte Observer of August 16th, giving in part the splendid record of achievement which our senior Senator, Hon. F. M. Simmons, has made in the Senate of the United States. I endorse every word which Mr. Morrison has so well written. It is a record of which not only the Senator's friends, but the entire people of the State, may well be proud, and should insure his return to the Senate, not only as a reward for duty ably and faithfully performed, but for the best interests of the people of the State who will be more efficiently served by a representative of experience than by a new man.

But, splendid as his record in the Senate has been, we people of the East have a greater reason for our support of F. M. Simmons. It is his matchless record of services to the Democratic party and the white people of the State in the hour of their greatest need.

We all recall the ill-starred campaigns of 1894 and 1896 when a combination of Republicans and Populists carried the State overwhelmingly, the latter year by forty thousand majority. We remember when Russell was Governor and Pritchard and Butler were Senators and the fusion Legislatures of 1896 and 1897 with their records of incompetency and viciousness. It's still recent and vivid to memory how these fusion Legislatures tore down the safeguards which their Democratic predecessors had thrown around the white people of the eastern counties and the consequent election and appointment of more than one thousand negroes to office in the State. The shame and degradation of it all is yet a horrible nightmare. Such were the unbearable conditions which obtained in North Carolina under fusion rule.

The coming of the year 1898 found our party counsels divided. Some of our leaders and newspapers, fearing our ability to overcome the immense fusion majority of the preceding election, advocated fusion with Marion Butler and the Populists on the basis of a division of offices, while others, with F. M. Simmons at their head, favored a straight party fight on the race issue. This contest within the party raged for months. The fight against fusion was conducted from Mr. Simmons' law office in Raleigh, while that for fusion was carried on from a nearby newspaper office. When the convention met the straight-outs won and the fusion was defeated. From this contest within the party can be traced several of the Democratic antagonisms which even now confront our Senator, and it is to this he is indebted for the undying hatred and malice of that traitor to his State, Marion Butler.

After the convention Mr. Simmons was commissioned as Chairman of the State committee to lead the fight, which all conceded to be desperate, to dislodge the fusionists and restore the government of the State to the white people. Simmons' plans were conceived in wisdom and carried out with a determination and courage unequalled in the annals of American politics. Deaf alike to the fears of the timid in his own party and to the threats of the enemy, enthroned in complete power in State and Nation as it was, Simmons dared to do those things needful to be done.

The State was redeemed. A legislature thre-fourths Democratic in each House was elected. When the Legislature met it was determined to so amend the State Constitution as to disfranchise all the negroes and render further negro rule in any part of the State impossible. It is no detraction to others to say that Simmons did more to bring about this determination than any other man. When the amendment was sumbitted to the people it was found that thousands of Democrats feared it would disfranchise a large number of white men along with the negroes, and that another great campaign of education in 1900 was necessary for its adoption. With one accord, Simmons was selected to conduct it, and with the same unequalled ability and matchless courage of two years before he led the party to its greatest victory. The amendment was ratified by over 50,000 and Aycock was elected Governor by over 60,000 majority.

In this campaign, Mr. Simmons left his law office on the first day of January and gave his entire time to the party until after the Presidential election in November. Months before any speakers were put in the field Mr. Simmons had secured the co-operation of the Democratic newspapers of the State, and they were filling their columns with arguments prepared by him and others under his direction for the adoption of the amendment.

This amendment is the State's greatest enactment. White men all vote and very few negroes bother our election officers. The elimination of the negroes has enabled the people to adopt measures for the educational, moral and material development of the State, whose adoption would have been impossible with the negroes as voters. So beneficial have been the effects of the amendment that the members of the Republican party, who fought its adoption so bitterly, are now loudest in its praise.

In these great contests for white supremacy and the adoption of the amendment hundreds, and I might without exaggeration say thousands, of the State's ablest and best sons gave their time and talents for the redemption of their State. From private in the ranks to general, all did their full duty. Patriotic and capable men conducted the fight in the precincts and counties. Never in the history of politics was more effective work done by our Democratic newspapers. Aycock and Craig, Glenn and Overman, Watson and Jarvis, and scores of others traveled the State from the mountains to the sea painting in burning words the dark picture of the State's degradation and calling upon her white sons to forget past differences and unite for the old mother's redemption. But the brave, determined, resourceful chairman was the central figure of the fight. He it was who surprised the enemy almost every morning with a new line of attack, and it was confidence in his ability and courage which inspired the Democratic hosts with the hope and determination necessary for success. Against him chiefly were hurled the abuse and detraction and slander of the State's despoilers. Russell and Butler hated him most of all. He was the Democratic leader in these two great campaigns.

We people of these eastern counties have long memories. We remember the horrors of the fusion administration in North Carolina. We remember the magnificent campaigns which F. M. Simmons led to dislodge the fusionists and to ratify the constitutional amendment, and we will remember him when we vote for Senator in the primary next year. J. O. CARR.

SINGERS WANTED.

Prominent Feature of Dedication of New Municipal Auditorium.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 23.—One of the most prominent features of the dedication of the great auditorium in Raleigh during Fair Week will be the grand concert to be given on Wednesday evening, October 18th, by the most celebrated talent in North Carolina. The committee on entertainment is anxious to secure the soloists of North Carolina who are considered the most celebrated by those who are capable of judging. To this end the committee will be glad to receive suggestions from those in the State who will recommend the most celebrated singers. Such suggestions should be sent to the Committee on Entertainment, Chamber of Commerce, Raleigh, N. C.

If poverty is the mother of crime, want of sense is the father.—De La Bruyere.

It is well to remember that there are positively no free drinks served over the bar of justice.—Puck.

CITRANGE, NEW CITRUS FRUIT

Limited Number of Trees Are Available For Those Who Want Them From Bureau of Plant Industry—Its Peculiarities.

Hon. H. L. Godwin, congressman from this district, is in receipt of a letter from Mr. B. T. Galloway, chief of the Bureau of Plant Industry, stating that limited number of Citrange trees, a new citrus fruit, are avaliable to those who care to cultivate or develop them and he would be glad to confer with anyone interested. The letter from Chief Galloway to Congressman Godwin, with accompanying circular is self explanatory:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14.—1911.

Hon. H. L. Godwin, Dunn, N. C.

Dear Sir:—Several new varieties of hard types of citrus fruits more resistant to cold than ordinary varieties have been developed by the plant experts of this Bureau The enclosed circular will give you an idea of the characteristics and use of the citrange, a new and hardy substitute for the lemon.

A limited number of these trees will be available for distribution to growers after December 1st. If you will furnish us with the names and addresses of ten careful growers in your State who would like to test these trees, we will be pleased to correspond with them and arrange for sending a few to those who are in a position to care for them properly.

We also have a few hybrid citrus trees for distribution which it is believed will prove of exceptional value, and we would like to have you designate two or three experienced growers who would appreciate them and who could be relied upon to give them proper care and attention and report results to the Department.

Trusting that you can furnish us the names not later than November 1st, I remain,

Very truly yours,
B. T. GALLOWAY,
Chief of Bureau.

The Citrange: A New Citrus Fruit.

The citrange, which is a cross between the worthless Trifoliate orange of Japan and our ordinary sweet orange, is not an orange, but a hardy substitute for the lemon. The fruits are very juicy, containing a large amount of juice proportionately than the best lemons. They make a refreshing "citranged," similar to lemonade, which people who have a comparison pronounce equal to or even better than the latter. The fruits also make excellent pies and narmalade, and for these purposes are probably equal to the orange and the lemon. The citrange will undoubtedly prove valuable for general culnary purposes in the making and flavoring of cakes, making jellies and preserves, and in many other ways in which the lemon is now employed. When it is considered that these citranges can be grown throughout the Gulf and South Atlantic States, a large part of Texas and Arizona, and parts of New Mexico, Utah, Nevada, Oregon, and Washington, where there is now a dearth of acid fruits, their great value becomes evident.

There is at present, however, no market for the citrange, and it will probably prove of value mainly as a home fruit for cultivation throughout the regions mentioned, where the sweet orange, the lemon, and the lime can not be grown. The trees are attractive in shape and semi-evergreen, so that they will make desirable lawn trees. Wherever a home can be supplied with them it will be possible on the warm days betwen the 1st of September and the 1st of December to pick a few fruits and make a desirable and refreshing beverange.

COTTON PLANTS' PARTS.

Its Habits and Its Peculiarities As Seen From Experiments.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 23—The U. S. Deperament of Agriculture will soon issue Bulletin No. 222, Bureau of Plant Industry, entitled "Arrangement of Parts in the Cotton Plant."

The bulletin describes the plant, its peculiarities, its habits and the various parts, a number of interesting illustrations accompany the bulletin.

"The basis of scientific study of cotton," states the report "as of agricultural plants, is the recognition and comparison of difference, whether experiments are being made for the breeding of better varieties or to determine the most favorable conditions or methods of culture, account must first be taken of the differences that are shown in the character or behavior of the plants. Two principal kinds or classes of differences may be recognized in the study of such a plant or cotton. The component parts, such as the points, leaves, flowers, or fruits, may differ, or there may be differences in the number or arrangement of parts that are otherwise alike. Changes of behavior that are of serious economic importance may be brought about by changing the number and arrangement of the parts of the plant."

Your days may be lengthened by drinking S. S. Mineral Water. Phone 1825.

WHAT IS DOING IN NEW YORK

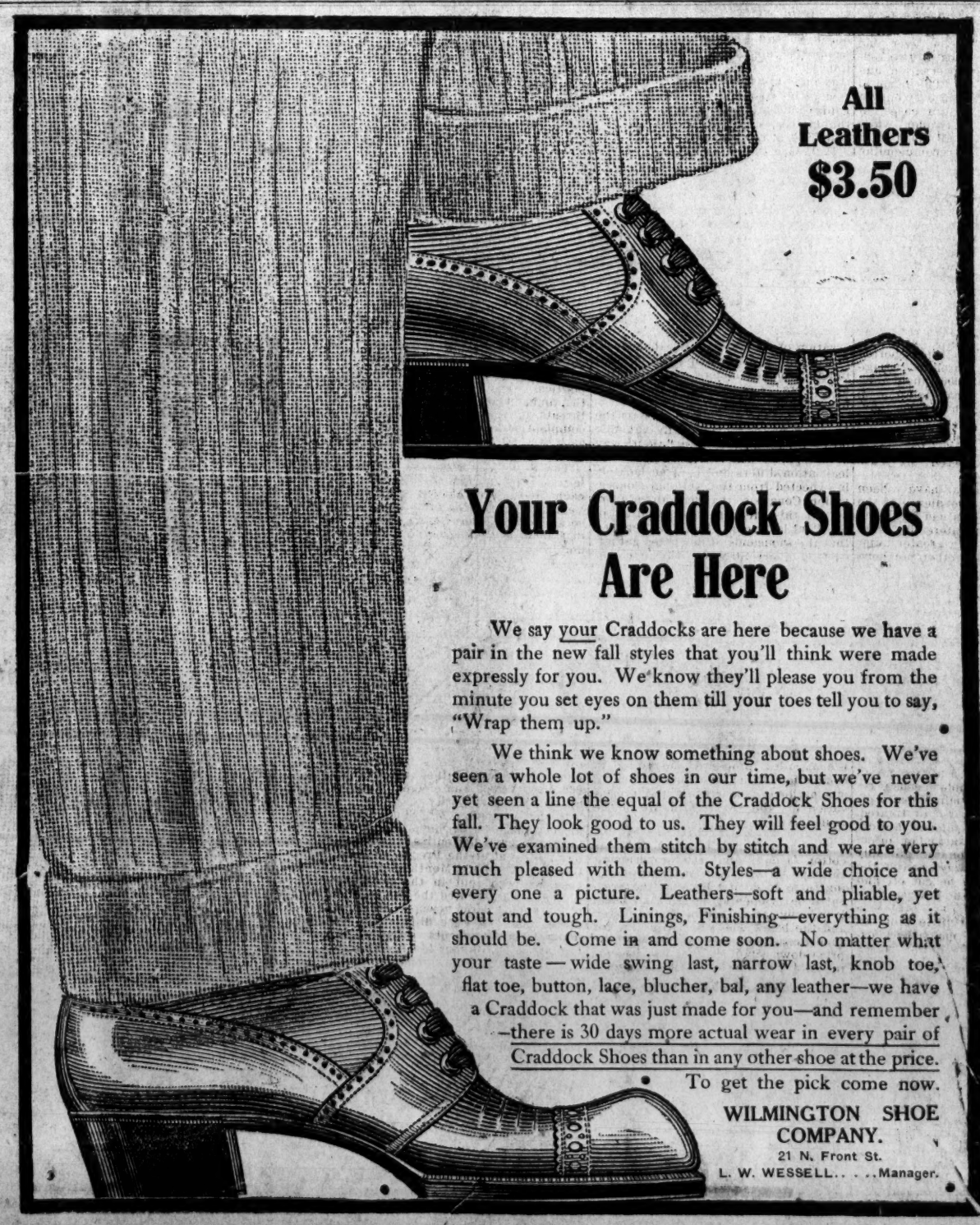
Novel Decision May Revolutionize Menus—Study of Fewer Faces —Church Building Expansion Majazines by Freight.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, Sept. 23.—As a result of a novel decision just rendered here by one of the city's magistrates, epicures and chiefs have been thrown into a panic, while the keepers of hotels and restaurants are confronted with the possibility of having to rearrange their menus and bills of fare along lines which according to present methods would be simply idiotic. The decision to cause all this excitement is to the effect that the cucumber is a fruit within the meaning of the law. In reaching this opinion the learned judge apparently disregarded the well-known Mr. Webster of dictionary fame who notes that the succulent promoter of indigestion has been cultivated as a vegetable "since the days of Moses." Magistrate Kempner, however, reasons from the analogy of the watermelon and others of its class that anything growing on a vine is a fruit. His decision, therefore, elevates the pumpkins, squash, tomato, egg plant and even the lowly gourd from the vegetable to the fruit class. the question came up in the interpretation of the law requiring sellers of fruits and various other articles to have a license from the city. If the decision is to be generally accepted it will involve a re-arrangement of hotel menus so that pumpkins and egg plant may be placed along with cantaloupe among the pre-breakfast delicies on the bill of fare. It is pointed out that some other judges is likely to be called upon to wrestle with the problem of whether peanuts and potatoes are fruits since these also grow on vines, though not above the surface.

The system of identifying criminals by fingerprints had a striking and unusual demonstration of its value here this week. A short time ago a loft in the wholesale district was broken into and $8,000 worth of loot was carried away. In looking over the ground the next day the central office detectives found some finger prints in the dust which covered an empty and unused showcase in the rear of the establishment. Evidently the burglar had put his hand against it while groping about the place. This was the

(Continued on Page Ten.)



Your Craddock Shoes Are Here

We say your Craddocks are here because we have a pair in the new fall styles that you'll think were made expressly for you. We know they'll please you from the minute you set eyes on them till your toes tell you to say, "Wrap them up."

We think we know something about shoes. We've seen a whole lot of shoes in our time, but we've never yet seen a line the equal of the Craddock Shoes for this fall. They look good to us. They will feel good to you. We've examined them stitch by stitch and we are very much pleased with them. Styles—a wide choice and every one a picture. Leathers—soft and pliable, yet stout and tough. Linings, Finishing—everything as it should be. Come in and come soon. No matter what your taste—wide swing last, narrow last, knob toe, flat toe, button, lace, blucher, bal, any leather—we have a Craddock that was just made for you—and remember—there is 30 days more actual wear in every pair of Craddock Shoes than in any other shoe at the price.

To get the pick come now.

WILMINGTON SHOE COMPANY.
21 N. Front St.
L. W. WESSELL.....Manager.

GOSSIP OF FOREIGN CAPITALS

Britishers Taking Rest From Politics. Eminent French Engineer in This Country—Signal Honor for American.

(By Associated Press.)

London, Sept. 23.—British politicians are taking a brief rest—only a brief one—after one of the most strenuous sessions of Parliament in the history of the country, in preparation for an even harder campaign.

The end of September will see the opening of the Home Rule campaign. Both sides have already organized, and from one end of the country to the other meetings will be held in support and in opposition to the government's plans. It is hoped that before this some idea of the government's bill will be given to the public. Mr. Birrell, relieved of a cabinet minister's usual share of work during the past session, has been busily engaged on the measure and after the holidays the cabinet will complete the bill and authorize its introduction as early in the new year as possible.

The bill will apply to Ireland only, but the government is prepared to extend it to England, Scotland and Wales if public opinion demands it. The Liberals, although on the defensive, are making the first move. The League of Young Liberals have moved into the enemy's country and are carrying on a van campaign in the English counties, where Home Rule finds its most ardent opponents outside of Ulster itself.

The Young Scots Society' with a membership of 160,000, is co-operating with the regular Liberal organization in Scotland, and the Eighty Club, a Liberal society, given more to entertaining than to active political fighting, is making a tour of Ireland. In exchange, the Ulster Liberal Association are sending some of their best speakers to England and Wales. Winston Churchill, Home Secretary; the Master of Elibank, chief Liberal whip, and Robert Harcourt, M. P., are at the head of the campaign and, besides the organizations mentioned, will have the help of every cabinet minister, the Irish Nationalists and a host of speakers.

Unlike Gladstone, who had to meet the opposition of the non-conformist leaders, Spurgeon, Dale, Bright and Chamberlain, Premier Asquith today has the support of the bulk of nonconformity. Sylvester Horne, Dr. Clifford, Sir George White and David Lloyd George are but a few of the members of the Free Church who will take the stump for Home Rule.

Arrangements for the Unionist campaign are not so far advanced except in Ulster. There a great demonstration is to be held on September 23, and an effort will be made to have it extend throughout the country. In Belfast at least 200,000 persons are expected to take part. The Unionist members will fight the issue in their respective constituencies and will receive support from the party organizations. It is hard to judge yet; still at present there is no great excitement in the country over the prospects of Ireland being given local self government, which in speeches and interviews John Redmond has repeatedly said was all that they wanted. Probably the government's greatest difficulty will come when the bill reaches the House of Commons, for a measure of such complexity lends itself to obstruction, a game at which some of the Unionist members last session proved themselves as proficient as are the Irishmen themselves.

Ireland given Home Rule, Wales will demand the disestablishment of the church. The bill to give effect to this has long been ready for introduction, and only awaited the passage of the Parliament bill to give it a chance of getting through the House of Lords. The Prime Minister has given his promise to the Welsh members, and as soon as the Home Rule bill is out of the way it will be the turn of disestablishment for Wales. English and Scottish Liberals are also to have their more urgent demands complied with. The greatest outrage imaginable, in the eyes of the English Radical, is the old system by which voters may exercise the franchise in as many electoral districts as they own property or have other interests. The Unionists being the party of the wealthy, the Liberals claim that this system gives them a great advantage. It is no uncommon thing for a man to have half a dozen votes. A wealthy London merchant for example, would certainly have three votes, one for his place of business and one each for his town and county seats, and the elections being held on different days, he has an opportunity to exercise them all. The Liberal proposal is one man, one vote, and a one-day election.

All of this, in addition to land reform for Scotland and other social legislation, including the insurance bill, which, if passed this Fall, will require some additional legislation, is a pretty heavy programme.

General Botha, first and present premier of the Union of South Africa, the man who fought so hard against the British not so many years ago, has found himself in the unique position of having to look to the English in South Africa as political allies. He has apparently become too British for some of his Dutch compatriots, suffering in this respect much as does Sir Wilfrid Laurier in his native province of Quebec. Upon his return to South Africa, after attending the Imperial Conference in London, General Botha found a rival claimant to the leadership of the Dutch. General Hertzog, Minister of Justice in the Botha cabinet, has long been conspicuous for his advocacy of the use of the Dutch dialect in the schools of the Union. He recently received an address signed by 12,000 Boers, in which he is described as "the national hero par excellence who has roused South African national spirit out of a peaceful sleep, and has helped to lay the foundation of a true South African code of education based upon equal rights." The address concludes with the significant words, "We see in you our leader and will follow."

In Gay "Paree."

Paris, Sept. 23.—M. J. de Pulligny, the chief of the permanent engineering commission that the French government has sent to the United States, is one of the most distinguished of the technical staff of the Ministry of Public Works. As chief engineer of the board of bridges and roads he has done important work in France. He returned recently from Brazil, where by permission of the French government he laid out and began the construction of the harbor improvements in Pernambuco which are to cost $10,000,000 and be completed in five years.

Before his departure M. de Pulligny spoke of what France might learn from the United States.

"It is generally thought here," he said, "that we can learn from the commercial organization of American railroads, from the methods of handling freight in ports and from the manner in which problems concerning large public works are solved. It is likely that the immense development of industry and transportation in the United States has originated ideas and methods which may be applied to the further development of the same things in France. Ways of doing things cannot be transplanted entirely from one country to another, but the useful, growing out of the individuality of one people, may be studied and often adapted to the needs of another people.

"France wants some of her young engineers to learn of America and bring home an understanding of the means Americans use in treating with the requirements common to all industrial nations."

M. de Pulligny's colleague, M. Vetillart, General Inspector of Bridges and Roads, visited the United States last year and did preliminary work in arranging for French engineers to have opportunities for observing from the inside how great enterprises are conducted. M. Vetillart found there the same hospitality in ideas that foreigners find in France. Four thousand students are enrolled this year in the University of Paris alone. Thirty-six important American interests have agreed to admit French engineers. They include two government departments, fourteen railroad companies and eighteen mining and industrial works of the first rank. The Ministry of Public Works has granted an initial credit of $20,000 for the Engineering Mission. Four engineers will be assigned by M. de Peulligny to particular work in the year.

A signal honor nas been done to American art by the selection of the painter, Edward Steichen, of New York, to execute a large part of the mural decorations of the new Luxembourg Museum, formerly the great seminary of the arch-diocese of Paris, which was sequestered by the government after the Separation Law came into force.

The builders have been at work on the new gallery for some time and the pictures from the present Luxembourg will soon be moved across to their new and spacious home. The large central court yard of the old seminary is to be covered with glass and France's magnificent collection of modern sculpture, much of which has, on account of the limited accommodation, been hidden away in cellars or placed in the gardens, exposed to the mercy of wind and weather, will be seen there under perfect conditions.

Edward Steichen is the son of a Luxembourg farmer, who emigrated to the United States and married there. His mother was a woman of remarkable character and attainments and strained every resource to give her son a liberal education. He first became known for his wonderful photographs, but his ambition was to be a painter, and all the money he made by photography he devoted to perfecting himself in painting. He has now completely abandoned photography, although besieged with requests at prices which many a portrait painter would be glad to accept. Only in the case of personal friends will be consent to break his rule from time to time, the last exception being Miss Margaret Anglin, for whom he made a photograph-portrait considered to be one of the best he has ever done.

Steichen is a close friend of Auguste Rodin, the sculptor, who has the very highest opinion of his young colleague's work, and it was upon Rodin's recommendation that he received the Luxembourg commission from the French government.

Modern inventions, says Mr. Taft, are fast making farm life very desirable. True; but think how much more desirable it would have been if that free list bill had not been vetoed.—St. Louis Republic.

OTTUMWA WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Ottumwa, Iowa.—"For years I was almost a constant sufferer from female trouble in all its dreadful forms; shooting pains all over my body, sick headache, spinal weakness, dizziness, depression, and everything that was horrid. I tried many doctors in different parts of the United States, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than all the doctors. I feel it my duty to tell you these facts. My heart is full of gratitude to you for my cure."—Mrs. HARRIET E. WAMPLER, 524 S. Ransom Street, Ottumwa, Iowa.

Consider This Advice.

No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.

This famous medicine, made only from roots and herbs, has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, confidential, and always helpful.

WHAT IS DOING IN NEW YORK

(Continued from Page Nine.)

only clue that could be found. The showcase was taken to police headquarters, the finger prints were photographed, and experts of the department began comparing it with all the other records in their possession. At length an identical set of prints was found. They had been taken from a man arrested for burglary over three years ago. Detectives were set on the man's trail, he was arrested and this week the grand jury indicted him on the mute evidence afforded by the careless placing of his hand on the dusty case. So important is the Bertillon system of identification considered that a school has just been started at police headquarters here in which detectives are being instructed not only in the art of identifying finger prints but also in the observation of distinguishing marks about the nose, ears and other physiognomical details regarded as of scientific value in identifying criminals. This school is under the direction of Captain Faurot who has just returned from studying the system as it is used in Paris. The students are all the detectives of the central office force.

* * *

Magazine publishers here are watching with keen interest the result of the Postmaster General's experience of sending magazines by freight throughout the central mail district instead of making them a part of the regular mail carried on fast passenger or special mail trains. It is realized of course that the magazines will require longer to reach their readers in this way, but just how much longer is the question that is worrying the publishers. The larger part of the monthly output of periodicals is going out from here this week and many of them are carrying notices to subscribers asking them to notify the publisher when the number is received. The monthly magazines are already made up so far in advance of the date of publication that an extension of this period will put the editors at their wits' ends. The other interested party to this new plan is made up of the railway lines that transport the mail. So far they have raised no objection to the new plan but it is pointed out by the traffic managers that if its adoption is made general it will be necessary for the roads to discontinue many of the important mail trains on which business men rely for quick communication. Inasmuch as second-class mail constitutes sixty-four percent of the total the loss of the greater part of this would make it impossible to provide the present extent of transportation facilities for the remainder unless the rate of remuneration is very materially increased. Postmaster General Hitchcock has admitted that the present basis of railway mail pay is inadequate but to bring about a change will require action by Congress.

* * *

While the period immediately preceding the first of October is made the occasion of a change of residence by a large proportion of the dwellers of Greater New York and brings a rich harvest to the operators of moving vans, it is safe to say that the unique moving job of the season is one that is taking place this week among a large delegation of the city's finny population. In connection with the building of the new aqueduct system which is to give the city a largerr water supply it became necessary to drain Kensico Lake in the Croton watershed. This has long been known to anglers as the home of some of the finest bass in this part of the State. Sooner than lose this valuable collection an appropriation was made to transfer them to another nearby lake and a large force of men has been set to the task of making the transfer with as little injury and inconvenience to the fish as possible. The fish are taken in big nets, transferred to large cans and carried by motor trucks to their new home, three miles distant. Ten thousand game fish have been moved thus far and the work is still moved thus far and the work is still under way. As a special mark of distinction the largest of the bass, an eigh pounder, was separated from his fellows and placed in the city's aquarium.

* * *

Within the next few weeks this city is to enter upon the greatest campaign of church expansion so far as the erection of new edifices in this city is concerned ever undertaken by a municipality in this country. The magnitude of the plan is indicated by the fact that more than 6,0000,000 is to go into new churches in Manhattan alone. As might be expected the greatest sums will be expended by Episcopalions, their share amounting to nearly $3,000,000. Their largest advance in this line is the erection of St. Thomas's Chapel on Fifth Avenue at a outlay of $1,000,000. The new Intercession Chapel on Washington Heights will cost $500,000. Further north a new Hollyrood Church is building to cost $200,000. St. George's Chapel in Stuyesant Square is costing $100,000, and the Seaman's Institute at South Street and Coenties Slip $500,000. Altogether Father Knickerbocker is working lustily to refute his reputation for godlessness.

After a man gives his wife a lecture on practicing economy he feels he can afford to take a cab to go to his office.

I have seen the day of wrong through the little hole of discretion.—Shakespeare.

If Your Head Aches

You should Take the Sure Remedy

Hicks' CAPUDINE

There's a cause for every headache—**Capudine** reaches that cause quickly, whether it be heat, cold, gripp, or stomach troubles—and cures, even though it be sick or nervous headache.

Capudine is the surest remedy for Colds and Gripp. Feverishness, Aches and Nervousness disappear and normal conditions are restored.

Capudine is liquid—easy and pleasant to take—acts immediately.

10c, 25c and 50c at drug stores.

THE BEST ALWAYS
BIJOU
ALWAYS THE BEST

Strength to Stand the Heat

Hot weather is terribly debilitating to many, robbing them of appetite and reducing their vitality to a low ebb and producing nervous exhaustion and

RUN DOWN SYSTEMS.

You cannot stand the heat when your powers of resistance are weakened, and this condition is intolerable when you find the

BLOOD FULL OF FIERY ACIDS

and other impurities, causing rashes and other skin affections. Be guided by the experience of others and strengthen, cool and purify the blood, invigorate the appetite and build up the entire resisting power of your system with

MILAM
FOR GOOD BLOOD

The guaranteed reconstructive tonic.

RELIABLE PEOPLE TESTIFY

You may keep your money, my face is entirely well, after 20 years of eczema I am cured. C. H. Williams, care Cluett Peabody Co., Troy, N. Y.

I believe Milam to be the greatest medicine ever discovered for nervous and run-down systems.
T. Shep Brown, Norfolk, Va.

After using seven bottles of Milam I find myself in perfect health, fine appetite and feeling better than in 20 years.
Mrs. H. Reynolds, Critz, Va.

Since I have taken Milam the boils have quit coming, my skin has improved and I can eat almost anything I want without hurting me.
Rev. L. C. Douthit, Walhalla, S. C.

Milam is a grand medicine—for some years I was troubled with uric acid to such extent that I could not eat tomatoes without breaking out with a rash—now I can eat them to my heart's content.
Rev. H. D. Guerrant, Danville, Va.

I have taken six bottles of Milam and can truthfully say I am feeling better than I ever remember before.
Miss Myrtle Chofield, care Wemple Ellerson & Co., Washington, D. C.

I had not taken Milam more than three or four days when I began to see a decided improvement in appetite and digestion, and within a few weeks my strength was restored. Rev. R. L. McNair, Charlotte C. H., Va.

BUY SIX BOTTLES FROM YOUR DRUGGIST AND GET YOUR MONEY BACK, IF NOT BENEFITED.

THE MILAM MEDICINE COMPANY, Inc.
Danville, Va.

COURTESY OVER TELEPHONE.

Greenville, S. C., News Tells Why it Should Be Observed

Has it occurred to you that both time and patience would be conserved by a study of the expression used in introducing yourself to the man at the other end of the wire? Modern life is one rush, bustle and hustle, with little thought for the niceties of the occasion, yet a stranger does not rush into an office or private residence and shout out, "Hello, hello,"! and wind up this by angrily exclaiming, "Well why don't you answer?" There is a certain civility due over the telephone as well as in the presence of the other person.

Large corporations are rapidly instructing their employes, especially their "exchange girls," to use the shortest, and at the same time, most courteous means of calling a person to the 'phone. Loss of temper does not make for expendiency. The man who goes to the 'phone in a dignified way, talks in a modulated tone, and has clear cut ideas of what he wants to say usually accomplishes his business in a much shorter space of time than the man who wrangles with "central" and is in a temper by the time he gets the person he wants and finds it necessary to explain to a total stranger why he is in such a stew.

The telephone is one of the most important of the modern time-saving inventions. It plays a part in the life of each one, and there is no reason why it should not prove an efficient aid to all classes. We strive for perfection in our mechanical development, and the human equation is fully as important as the purely industrial arts. The key note to the whole situation as relating to telephone use is, "be polite."

The La Follette Magazine says that last year's election was not a Democratic victory but a Republican protest. Well, just watch next year's.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Good Reasoning.

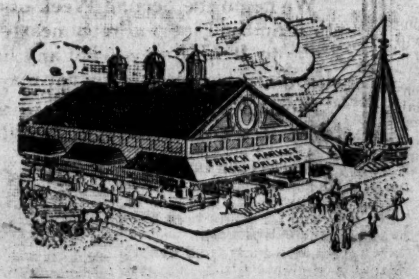
"Now, children," said the stimulating teacher of the brilliant juvenile class, "why did God create this beautiful world?" "I guess because he didn't know of anyone who could do it as well," was the matter-of-fact response of diminutive John.

Some fellows would be pleased if a contradictograph were invented.—Omaha World-Herald.

BETTER THAN SPANKING

Spanking does not cure children of bed-wetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W, Notre Dame, Ind., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

Society Leaders of New Orleans Drank This Coffee at Midnight



over a hundred years ago. Its wide popularity is increasing daily. It is so different from other coffees, so delicious, that it never fails to please.

All harshness and bitterness is *roasted out* of French Market Coffee by the French Market Process, leaving it mild, soothing, rarely aromatic and delicately flavored. You can drink cup after cup, as has been the habit at the French Market for hundreds of years.

French Market Coffee

was famous 150 years ago. Every visitor to New Orleans knows the old French Market which Andrew Jackson, Henry Clay and other famous men delighted to visit to enjoy this delicious blend.

Then—it could be had nowhere else, but NOW you all may serve it—daily—at your own table, for

The Same Unique Hygienic Roasting Process

has perpetuated the old French Market Blend and it is packed in hermetically sealed cans for shipment everywhere. "There is only *one* real old French Market Flavor."

Get it at your grocer's. Insist on the *genuine—French Market Coffee*—the coffee with a history—ground, roasted and blended only at the

French Market Mills
(New Orleans Coffee Co., Ltd., Proprietors)
New Orleans, Louisiana

(61)

Proposals for the Erection of a State Building at Raleigh.

The North Carolina State Building Commission invites proposals for the erection of a State Building at Raleigh, North Carolina, to be approximately 60x195 feet, 4 stories in height, reinforced concrete construction with exterior of stone, brick and terra cotta.

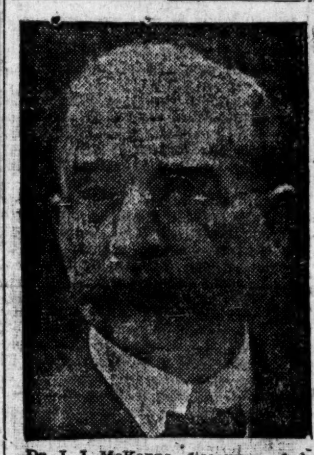
All proposals must be directed to Mr. Ashley Horne, Chairman State Building Commission, care of State Auditor's Office, Raleigh, N. C., and be delivered not later than one o'clock P. M. on November 1, 1911. Each proposal must be accompanied by certified check in the amount of $5,000 payable to the Chairman of the Commission, check to be forfeited in the event of bidder failing or refusing to enter into contract if same is awarded to him. A copy of the plans and specifications will be sent express collect upon application to P. Thornton Marye, architect, 1405 Candler Building, Atlanta, Ga., and upon payment of eight dollars to cover cost of blue printing, or may be seen at the office of Frank P. Simpson, associated architect, Raleigh, N. C.

ASHLEY HORNE,
Chairman.
W. E. SPRINGER,
se 21-tu-thu-su-4w Secretary.

RECEIVED, Sept. 18th, 1911, libel and monition, and executed Sept. 19th, by taking possession of the schooner James Davidson, her cargo, tackle, apparel and furniture. The owners of said schooner cannot be found in this division of this district. CLAUDIUS DOCKERY,
United States Marshal.
By C. O. Knox, Deputy Marshal.

In the District Court of the United States, for the Eastern District of North Carolina..... ..In Admiralty.
George V. Downey, Master, et al., vs. The Schooner "James Davidson" ..No. 121...

In obedience to warrant of seizure to me directed in the above entitled cause, I have seized and taken into my possession the following described property, to wit: The Schooner "James Davidson," her cargo, tackle, apparel and furniture. For the cause set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States, for the Eastern District of North Carolina, at Wilmington. I hereby give notice to all persons claiming the said described property, or knowing or having anything to say why the same should not be condemned and forfeited, and sold, and the proceeds thereof distributed according to the prayer of the libel, that they be and appear before the court to be held in and for the Eastern District of North Carolina, at Wilmington United States Court Room, in the city of Wilmington, on the 27th day of September, 1911, at 11:00 A. M., if the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, wherein on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, then and there, interpose a claim on the same, and to make their allegations in their behalf.
CLAUDIUS DOCKERY,
U. S. Marshal.
By C. O. KNOX, Deputy Marshal.
se14-4t-20,21,24,25



Dr. J. J. McKanna, discoverer of the only permanent cure for the liquor habit. No dangerous hypodermic injections or nerve wrecking drugs used. Twenty-five years' of experience and we have the best known methods. Investigate now.
DR. J. J. McKANNA.
Reidsville, N. C.

GOLDSBORO BRICK WORKS
H. L. GRANT & SON PROPRS.
GOLDSBORO, N. C.
CAPACITY 1,000,000 PER MONTH
HIGHEST QUALITY
PROMPTEST SHIPMENT
WRITE US

LOW EXCURSION FARES.

Following round trip rates from Wilmington are in effect daily until September 30, tickets good to stop-over and limited to return October 31, Trains leave 8:00 A. M. and 7:00 P. M.

Washington, D. C.	$16.00
Baltimore, Md.	$18.00
Philadelphia, Pa.	$22.80
New York	$26.00

For reservations 'phone 160.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST
Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.
Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:00pm	6:35pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15am	9:55am	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:00pm	5:55pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	6:15pm	9:15pm	7:17am

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.
Quickest and Best Route.
The line to the celebrated mountain resorts of Virginia.
For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address,
W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

GENERAL "STONEWALL" JACKSON

His Character and Career as Seen By Only Surviving Members of his Staff—A Protest Against "The Long Roll".

During the Summer there have been several contributions to the study and portrayal of the remarkable man known as Stonewall Jackson, which have been widely read. In the Atlantic Monthly for June Mr. Gamaliel Bradford, Jr., of Boston, in one of a a series of papers on the great men of the South during the war period, contributed an article on Lee and Jackson, comparing and contrasting the two great soldiers—an article we may discuss at another time.

"The Long Roll" is a work of historical fiction from the brilliant mind and pen of Miss Mary Johnston, the author of "To Have and To Hold," "Lewis Rand," and other stories of Virginia life at different periods. "The Long Roll" has been read by many in all sections of the land and will be read no doubt for years to come. It is a story of love and adventure, of manly courage and heroism, wrought into the history of the War Between the States, and especially the war career of Stonewall Jackson. As is always true in Miss Johnston's literary work, there is much of vivid and charming description of nature in all its moods, with the poet's eye and the artist's pen. And yet more vivid and thrilling are her descriptions of the soldier's life in camp, on the march, with the privations and sufferings of a Winter's campaign in the mountains and the awful tragedy of the battlefield in the Tidewater. There is throughout the book a just and stirring portrayal of the spirit of the splendid soldiery of the Army of Northern Virginia, the heroic men of the ranks, their utter sacrifice and patience and courage, their high aims, devotion to duty, their comradeship and hero-worship. The heroes, the greater heroes of the ranks are here who without reward or applause gave their lives for their country and their homes; and the story of the coward and the deserter but adds to the color of the picture of the true and steadfast.

"One is surprised at the extensive knowledge of the details of the campaigns and the gathering of so much of incident and story both of the leaders and of the ranks. Especially is the reader surprised that a woman should have gathered so much of the detail of march and battle, at the cost of a long period of industry, you may be sure.

The accounts given of profane swearing are much exaggerated, we are confident, and the frequent introduction of profane language is much to be regretted. These things are not necessary to the story, and not to any such extent true to history. They are to be regretted in a book to be read by many of our boys and as not just to the character of their fathers. The gentlemanly behavior of officers of all ranks repressed any such profane habits whenever they came into the army. The few men of prominence who were known to be profane in speech in time of excitement and passion themselves felt the repression of the noble men of character and piety who were their leaders, and in later years they left the bad habit behind them.

General Richard S. Ewell, Jackson's trusted division commander and his successor in command of the Second Corps, is represented as frequently uttering profane oaths. One who after Jackson's death served on the staff of General Ewell and was in intimate personal contact with him is ready to testify that he never heard him utter an oath, but knew him as a Christian gentleman, reverent, devout and free from any habit of profanity. Losing a leg at the Second Manassas, he was for some time an invalid in Richmond, during which time he made a confession of Christ, from which he never declined. There may be those in Richmond who yet remember the day when General Ewell went up the aisle of St. Paul's Church on his crutches and was confirmed, probably by the venerable Bishop Meade.

The readers of the "Long Roll" will do well to remember that this is a book of fiction, and the author uses the novelist's right of imagination. Like all historical fiction, it is impossible to draw the lines between the history and the fiction. The author's view of the history, her conceptions of the character of historic men will color the picture, with depreciation here and exaggeration there.

Those living today who knew General Thomas J. Jackson, and especially those who followed him and came to trust, to admire and to love him, will not be satisfied with the strange and homely picture given as a frontispiece in "The Long Roll," uncouth, misshappen, almost monstrous. It would have been more true and just if the artist reproduced the Beresford-Hope statue, with its force and dignity; or the yet more fathful front face of the Routzahn Winchester photograph. "The Long Roll" picture is an unfortunate caricature, forbidding as it is unjust. With a bland countenance and courteous manner, Jackson was erect and soldierly in bearing, riding with natural and unaffected ease. If in the strenuous Valley campaign his forage cap and uniform were sunburnt and worn, it was not from neglect of dress, but from the thoroughness with which he shared the exposures of his army. Nor was his horse, the Little Sorrel, as distinguished from a larger sorrel he sometimes rode, the unfed and bony animal here described. Compact and easily kept, the Little Sorrel was always in good condition, receiving the daily attention of its master.

Some of the strong features of his character and bearing as a commanding officer are well described, though not without some exaggeration; his reticence and secretiveness, his will power and determination, his prompt decision on the field, his expectation and requirement of obedience to orders and fidelity to duty. With strong convictions of the right and justice of his cause, with a great personal devotion to that cause, with a deep and strong moral purpose, he expected fidelity and efficiency in all officers and men. For men of self-indulgence, of personal ambition, of indifference to duties on which depends the safety and welfare of others in the army and in the homes of the people, and the success of the campaign, he could have no toleration. To many he seemed occupied, abrupt, sometimes severe, so intense was his own earnestness, so faithful was his effort to discharge all duties and secure the success of the cause."

Some things in the account of his personality are overdrawn. He was not uncouth and ungainly in appearance and manner. In his bearing and intercourse he was a gentleman of naturalness and simplicity, very gentle in the expression of his face and courteous and considerate in manner. He was accessible in reasonable conditions to officers of all ranks and to private soldiers. In personal habits he was cleanly and neat, without affectation or display.

To men outside of army life, to very young and inexperienced men, to irreligious and unworthy men, no doubt he often seemed a mystery, strange, stern, unkind and unjust. Stories went abroad that were more or less untrue. Miss Johnston describes him as esteemed, "harsh, hostile and pedantic," "awkward, hypochondriac, literal, strict."

Readers of "The Long Roll" will do well to remember that Stonewall Jackson was an educated gentleman, pure and upright in life, and of constant association with the best classes of society. He was twice married most happily, in families of high standing and culture. In Lexington his daily associates were the first gentlemen of Virginia.

For the first winter of the war, when his army was not in the field, General Jackson and his wife were at home in the family of the Rev. James R. Graham, D. D., of Winchester, a home of such gentle courtesy, refinement and intelligence as we have not often known; and there he was esteemed and loved as a gentleman of courtesy that could not be excelled.

The changing staff he gathered about him included cultivated men of the highest class, who, without exception, came to trust, to admire and to love him, and to whom he was full of consideration; such men as Colonel John T. L. Preston, Colonel Stapleton Crutchfield, Dr. Hunter McGuire, Dr. R. L. Dabney, Colonel A. S. Pendleton, Colonel Edward Willis. He was the friend and associate of Robert E. Lee and of J. E. B. Stuart, of Richard S. E. Ewel, W. B. Taliaferro, John B. Gordon and others with whom he was in frequent and cordial intercourse, and at whose table he was often the most welcome guest.

He won the profound respect of distinguished visitors, such men as Lord Wolsley, Colonel Freemantle, Mr. Lawler, Lord Hartington, later the duke of Devonshire, and his friend, Colonel Leslie, who were entertained by him with cordial hospitality, each one for a week or more. Colonel Leslie, chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs in the British House of Commons, an accomplished gentleman, after spending a week in personal intercourse with Jackson, on taking his leave, said to the staff: "General Jackson is the best informed military man I have met in America," and as courteous a gentleman as I have ever known."

Repeatedly "The Long Roll" speaks of Jackson's "jerking" his hand up, an uncouth description of a gesture sometimes observed, but certainly not habitual. He was slightly wounded in the left hand at the First Manassas, and until that was well healed he sometimes held that hand up as giving relief to an interrupted circulation of blood. The writer of this paper rode with the general in the early dawn of the morning to the battlefield of Fredericksburg. Silent, occupied as he was, I dropped behind him and saw him raise his right hand, not the left, making the impression that he was engaged in prayer, looking for guidance and help to the God he trusted and served. It was the only time I saw the gesture or heard of it, and there was no awkward "jerking" of the hand.

It was not true that General Jackson was devoid of humor. That, indeeed, would have shown him an abnormal man, devoid also of sanity. His happy domestic life, deschibed in Mrs. Jackson's charming "Memories of Stonewall Jackson," shows him fond of play, sometimes to a ludicrous extent. At Moss Neck, through the last winter of his life, he made himself the playmate of Janie Corbin, the sweet child of six years with whom he played and romped for an hour or more each afternoon. He enjoyed the table talk of staff and guests and laughed heartily at the stories of some of the best conversationalists we have ever known. No guest received so cordial a welcome as General Stuart, whose gayety and exuberance of spirits gave him the greatest delight. It was the general's own humor that set certain traveled gentlemen of his party to discussing the part of France from which a bottle of wine came, which was really made at Front Royal in the Valley of Virginia.

Some things in the career of Stonewall Jackson, of which Miss Johnston does not hesitate to give her judgment, are too serious and difficult for discussion in this paper. There were cases of military discipline in which he seemed to some unjust and unrelenting. He was not infallible nor did he think himself infallible; but with his high sense of duty and his entire devotion to the cause, it was inevitable that some men should cross his path. No doubt he was sometimes mistaken; but this is certainly true, he bore no ill will to any one and put away as unworthy of him any thought of recrimination against those who made charges against him.

The much discussed delays at Gaines Mill and Savage Station will continue to be problems for the military student and will yet find solution in which the integrity and fidelity of Jackson will not be questioned in the slightest degree. Those who followed Jackson may rest assured that in the farther research which military history in this country and abroad is giving to these problems there will be nothing to dim the glory of their great captain.

Most of all do we regret that "The Long Roll" has no adequate conception of the religious character of Stonewall Jackson. It presents him as "a particularly devoted fatalist and enthusiast." To his author he was evidently a most "unhappy Presbyterian," and in his religion a crank and a fanatic, liable at times to a religious obsession that made him unfit for duty, for all of which there is absolutely no foundation whatever.

Stonewall Jackson was a Christian believer of very direct and simple character. His religion had taken hold, deep and lasting, of his whole being. He was devout and reverent, humble, steadfast, prayerful in spirit and faithful in duty. Ruling his own life strictly according to the will of God which he sought to know, he respected the views of others. He worshiped in the churches of all denominations with satisfaction and comfort, and he gladly assisted the chaplains from all the churches in their work. He was neither bigot nod fanatic. He was personally interested in securing a Catholic chaplain for a Louisiana regiment largely composed of men of Roman Catholic faith. His religion made him not austere and severe, but gentle and catholic in spirit and generous in conduct.

He was in a marked degree sensitive to the wants and troubles of those in any distress. He was deeply concerned for the suffering people of Fredericksburg under bombardment and the destruction of battle. To the colored people of Lexington he gave his personal ministry and effort. For a man condemned for desertion to the enemy he was much grieved and himself directed the ministrations of a godly chaplain. In all this religious life there was nothing abnormal or forbidding. On the contrary, it deeply and winningly impressed those who were about him, and by his example some were led to a new and happier life.

One cannot but wonder from what source the author of "The Long Roll" derived her conceptions of the great man of whom she writes. It was not from Dr. Dabney or Dr. McGuire, members of his staff and his trusted and intimate friends. Nor is it the picture given by the accomplished English soldier and author, Colonel C. F. R. Henderson; and very far removed is it from the noble and gentle man of whom his wife writes in her intimate and attractive memories.

It will be a wrong to him who so freely gave his great abilities and his brilliant services to the Confederacy to his country to consent without protest to this most unfortunate picture of the spirit and career of this great man. And it will be an unmeasured loss to generations to come if a picture so marred be retained in the of the South and then gave his life thought and memory of our people.

of General T. J. Jackson.

JAMES POWER SMITH,
Former Captain and A. D. C. Staff

True friends have no solitary joy or sorrow.—Channing.

Keep a good thing going. Seven Spring Mineral Water. Phone 1825**

S.S.S. CURES ECZEMA, ACNE, TETTER, POISON OAK, ETC.

Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Poison Oak, Pimples, etc., show that some unhealthy humor or acid impurity is diseasing the circulation, and that a thorough cleansing of this vital fluid is necessary in order to correct the trouble. Salves, washes, lotions, etc., may relieve some of the itching and other discomforts caused by skin diseases, but such treatment has no effect on the blood and therefore cannot do any permanent good. Until the humor is removed from the circulation the cuticle will suffer the effects of an acrid irritation. *S. S. S.* is the best and quickest remedy because it is the greatest of all blood purifiers. It goes into the circulation, and removes every particle of the humor, whether it be an infection of poisonous plants or from other causes, and makes the blood pure, rich and healthy, allowing it to soothe and nourish the skin instead of irritating and inflaming it with acrid humors. Book on Skin Diseases and any medical advice desired sent free. *S. S. S.* is for sale at drug stores.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

Headquarters for Children's School Suits

We have received our stock of Children's Suits and Pants for the coming Fall and Winter. It consists of the best assortment of style and quality that has ever been shown on our counter. Come now while our stock is complete and make your selection. Every garment is skillfully made from good wearing woolens that are the delight of every mother that comes to see.

Our stock of Fall and Winter Suits for Men are also in. and we are ready to show you the best ready-to-wear clothes on the market today.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

Phone 617. Masonic Building.

The Greatest Furniture Sale of the Season

The Mecca for Wise Buyers. The Money-Saving Sale of Years. Headquarters for High-Grade Goods. Every article and price as represented. ——— The first week of Our Great Sale was a Success in Every Particular. We sold Thousands of Dollars Worth of Goods. Our Customers Saved Hundreds of Dollars in Cash.

We begin the Second Week under Most Favorable Conditions. We have moved, at a Sacrifice, most of the regular stock on the Floor. Pretty nearly every article we begin this week is New, and Samples, at That, purchased at from 25 % to 40 % Below what any living man could buy them, under other circumstances. No such values can be bought elsewhere, regardless of what may be said to the contrary.

Most of these offerings are of a decidedly Higher Grade than is usually carried in Wilmington. We submit only a few prices as indicators of the values running through the Entire Stock.

Solid Mahogany Dressers, large Mirrors, worth $35; at, each **$21.90**

Genuine Birdseye Dressers, worth $30 ..... **$17.90**

Handsome Oak Dressers, large roll, 24x30 Mirror; worth $17.50 ..... **$10.39**

Good Solid Oak Dressers; nice, good Glass; worth $10.00 ..... **$5.48**

Solid Mahogany Chiffonieres, worth $40.00.. **$21.90**

Genuine Birdseye Maple Chiffonieres, worth $35.00; now **$17.90**

Genuine Quartered Oak Chiffonieres, piano polish; worth $25.00 ..... **$14.48**

Good, large Arm Oak Rockers, worth $2.50.. **$1.63**

Large Mission Rockers, worth $4.50 ..... **$2.93**

Large Mission Rockers, genuine Leather Seat; worth $12.50 ..... **$6.48**

Genuine Quartered Oak Rockers, genuine Leather Seat, worth $10.00, at **$6.39**

We do not carry imitation quartered oak, sometimes called American quartered oak, nor have we imitation mahogany.

Good, full-size Iron Bed, worth $3.50..... **$1.89**

Large Iron Bed, Brass Trimmings, worth $12.50, at **$7.98**

Big 2-inch Continuous Post Iron Beds, worth $15.00, at **$7.98**

Good Brass Bed, Best Quality, large posts and fillers, worth $35.00, at **$17.98**

(Other Makes cheaper and costlier).

Our 36x66 inch Smyrna Rugs at **98c;** Our genuine Velvet Rugs, 27x54, at **$1.00;** Our 36x72 High Grade Velvet Rugs, at **$2.98;** Our Good Brussels Rugs (Art Squares), 9x12, at **$8.75,** and Our Genuine Velvet Rugs (Art Squares), 9x12, at **$11.75,** puts the oldest rug houses in the country to guessing.

Good China Matting, 12c. per yard, by the Roll.

Large lot Sample Lamps and Toilet Sets, Library, Center and Dining Tables, Side Boards, Buffets, Clocks, Pictures, Hall Racks, Etc.

Full size E. & C. Mattresses, each **$1.39**

Good White Bed Spreads, each **75c**

Genuine Leather Suit Cases, linen lined, 24 inches, worth $5.00, at **$2.98**

Hundreds of Other Articles which we cannot enumerate for Lack of Space. Our regular help is doing all the work, which Reduces Expense—Besides, these men Know the Goods, and You Can Rely Upon What They Say. This is a Genuine Bargain-Giving Sale. Don't Buy until you see Our Goods and Prices.

WILMINGTON FURNITURE CO.

BIG HITS

The Gum Worth Chewing

HONEY-FRUIT
THE GUM WORTH CHEWING

SAM'L BEAR SR & SONS
DISTRIBUTORS
WILMINGTON, N. C.

DAVID'S

CLUB-MEN, young men in business; college and high-school men; young fellows generally, who want and appreciate the best things in clothes; you're all invited to see what we have here for you to wear in

Hart Schaffner & Marx

suits and overcoats.

The styles are very smart; you'll find nothing to match them for excellence. The fabrics are all-wool, and the tailoring perfect; a guarantee of good service and shape-keeping. We can fit anybody correctly; and the prices are easy.

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Our Boys' School Suits, the best values and largest variety ever shown in Wilmington, are now ready for your inspection.

We sell Genuine Holeproof Sox.

Suits Made to Order.

THE A. DAVID CO.

Clothiers and Furnishers.

This Store is the Home of HART - SCHAFFNER & MARX Clothes.

You Save 85c Per Pair!

Ladies' patent gunmetal Ties and Pumps

-- $2.65 --

HEWLETT & PRICE

109 Market Street.

School Books & School Supplies

STATE—Wholesale Depository
—FOR—
New adoption Contract Books to be used in the Public Schools of North Carolina for the next five years.

Send for price list of Books and School Requisites.

C. W. Yates & Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

President Taft Has Traveled Farther Than Up to the Moon

THE TAFT HANDSHAKE, MOUNT RAINIER, WHICH HE WILL ATTEMPT TO CLIMB, AND ONE OF HIS FAITHFUL ARMY ESCORTS.

By GEORGE WAUGH ARNOLD.

FIFTEEN thousand miles will be the circumference of the circle that President William Howard Taft will start to "swing" this month in order to tell the people in person exactly what are the ideas and plans of his administration.

Up to date the circle record is 13,000 miles. President Taft will make it 2,000 better. He will spend about $18,000 of the $25,000 allowed him annually by congress for traveling expenses, and he will speak in twenty-six states.

His speeches will be on six topics—tariff, currency reform, reciprocity, arbitration, recall and conservation—and they have all been carefully prepared with an eye toward local interests.

The work of so arranging his itinerary as to avoid long hauls and stopovers has been tremendous, but it has been accomplished, and his private car will speed along the allotted route without the traveling of an unnecessary mile.

Will Visit Half United States.

The states through which Mr. Taft will pass are Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Iowa, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Nevada, California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, South Dakota, North Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Indiana and Maryland.

Some of the bigger towns where he will stop are Syracuse, for the state fair; Erie, Fort Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Topeka, Cheyenne, Salt Lake City, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Sacramento, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Spokane, Walla Walla, Wallace, Ida.; Butte, Billings, Mont.; Deadwood, S. D.; Aberdeen, S. D.; Pierre, S. D.; Minneapolis and St. Paul, Milwaukee, Pittsburg and Baltimore.

Thousands of invitations to stop and talk have poured into the White Houses at both Washington and Beverly, and the task of sending refusals to the towns that could not possibly be placed on the visiting schedule has been one of the most painful jobs in the president's preparations.

The start will be made from Beverly on Sept. 15, his birthday, and the first speech will be at Syracuse. Then the president will go to Indiana, Missouri, back to Kansas, then to Nebraska, Ohio and Illinois. Then Iowa, the Dakotas, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Wyoming and Utah.

Wants to Climb Rainier.

Next on the list is Washington, where he has announced his intention of climbing, part way at least, Mount Rainier, with its altitude of 14,500 feet. Next will be Oregon and then California, where he will look over the preparations for the Panama exposition at San Francisco.

On his way back to the capital he will revisit Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Ohio.

A sum total of the distance Mr. Taft has traveled in his public career gives a figure that would make even Jules Verne gasp.

Just start from May, 1900, when he became governor general of the Philippines. His annual mileage has been:

	Miles.
1900	12,080
1901	12,060
1902	23,145
1903	6,000
1904	11,724
1905	33,650
1906	14,075
1907	38,050
1908	47,270
1909	8,290
1910	13,000
Total	221,354

Has Gone as Far as the Moon.

And his 1911 trip will bring the total up to 236,000 miles. As the moon is only 221,500 miles away from the earth and as the circumference of our planet is only 25,000 miles, it will readily be seen that the president, in the parlance of the day, has "traveled some, and then some more." As just one item of the many inconveniences of this wholesale traveling it may be recited that he will have to reset his watch eight times this trip.

One ardent statistician has figured that up to the beginning of the 1911 trip Mr. Taft has slept 855 nights on trains and 221 nights on steamships.

No one has yet estimated how many miles the president has perambulated on the golf links.

Queer Sartorial Edict.

A humoresque of the tour of 1909 was the edict of the officials of a certain city (its name shall not be mentioned) to the effect that every "gent" who had paid $20 for a ticket to a dinner for the president should wear a "spiketail" coat, gray trousers and white spats. Many "gents" forfeited their $20 and their chance to dine with the president rather than risk such bizarre attire.

It is doubtful whether this trip will produce so impressive a spectacle as when Mr. Taft and President Diaz walked to meet each other on the El Paso bridge and exchanged gifts and courtesies. On the evening of that day President Taft dined with Diaz at Juarez, and the value of the gold, silver and cut glass service was estimated conservatively at $1,200,000.

Not All a Pleasure.

To those who envy the president his journeyings this extract from the San Francisco Chronicle of Oct. 6, 1909, is reproduced:

"That a presidential tour of the country is very far removed from a pleasure jaunt was one of the first comments of those who saw the president yesterday. With all the joviality of his smile, his cordial greetings to the throngs which lined the streets and filled the windows and the obvious great good nature of the man it was impossible not to note that the ordeal of his travelings, his many addresses, the innumerable entertainments, had brought their effect of physical weariness.

"Raising his silk hat and bowing to right and left through the four or five miles of streets through which the presidential carriage drove, it was easy to see that the president was tired. It was not the exhaustion which comes from lack of physical strength or of mental enthusiasm. Simply it was the outward showing of the strain under which he has been continuously since the departure from Beverly three weeks ago.

"Only when the procession turned into Van Ness avenue from Market street and the long line of school children, 25,000 of them, banked along the western side, came into view did the president lose his appearance of fatigue. As though catching from their keen, youthful faces something of the fresh excitement which was theirs the president brightened visibly. Whereas before he had lifted only his hat to the cheering crowds, he now drew forth his handkerchief, and, waving that in one hand and raising his hat in the other, he bowed his way up the long, wide avenue."

United States to Send Oversea Statue of Our First Drillmaster

STATUE OF VON STEUBEN SOON TO BE UNVEILED AT BERLIN.

TO further cement the entente cordiale now being radiated by most of the world powers the United States will send to Germany on Sept. 23, in care of Congressman Richard Bartholdt of Missouri and C. B. Wolfram of New York, a replica of the splendid bronze statue of Baron von Steuben which ornaments Lafayette park in Washington. The gift is a recognition of the emperor's gift to us in 1897 of a statue of Frederick the Great.

To Baron Major General Friedrich Wilhelm Augustus Henry von Steuben, to give him all his names and titles, the people of the United States owe an eternal debt of gratitude. He came to us voluntarily in 1777 to give his help, without financial recognition, in the war against Great Britain.

Possibly to Benjamin Franklin, doer of things of greatness, belongs the initial honor of interesting Von Steuben in our affairs. Franklin, then ambassador to France, had been asked by congress to secure some experienced European army officer to put the straggling American troops into some shape of discipline and greater efficiency.

His searching brought him to Von Steuben, fresh from his experiences as personal adjutant to Frederick the Great through all the Seven Years' war. Here was a man familiar not only with the details of active field service, but of those concerning the maintenance of armies, the procuring and preserving of food and the financing of a campaign.

The character of Von Steuben betrays itself best in a remarkable letter which he directed to congress soon after his arrival in America. It reads: "The only motive I have in coming to this continent is the desire to serve a people engaged in such a noble war for its right and liberty. I ask neither title nor money. My one ambition is to win with my blood the honor that my name may be found among the defenders of your freedom."

Congress accepted the German soldier's offer with the heartiest thanks. The secretary of war wrote: "We all congratulate ourselves on the arrival of a man of such military knowledge. His services are especially valuable at a time when the lack of discipline and organization in our army is felt so keenly and is so deeply regretted."

The situation was desperate. Washington's army, only a few thousand strong, had taken refuge in Valley Forge, totally unfit for any action, as it had neither food nor arms. The soldiers were without uniforms and tents. Crowded together in a number of rude log houses, starving and suffering from cold, they led a most miserable life.

To get an idea of the general disorder one must read the descriptions to be found in volumes 11 and 12 of Van Steuben's personal papers, now in possession of the New York Historical society. "The army," so he says, "was divided into divisions, brigades and regiments, the strength of which had been fixed by congress. But the constant coming and going of the men, who were bound for six or nine months only, caused the words 'company,' 'regiment' and 'division' to mean nothing and did not furnish the slightest idea of the strength of the army."

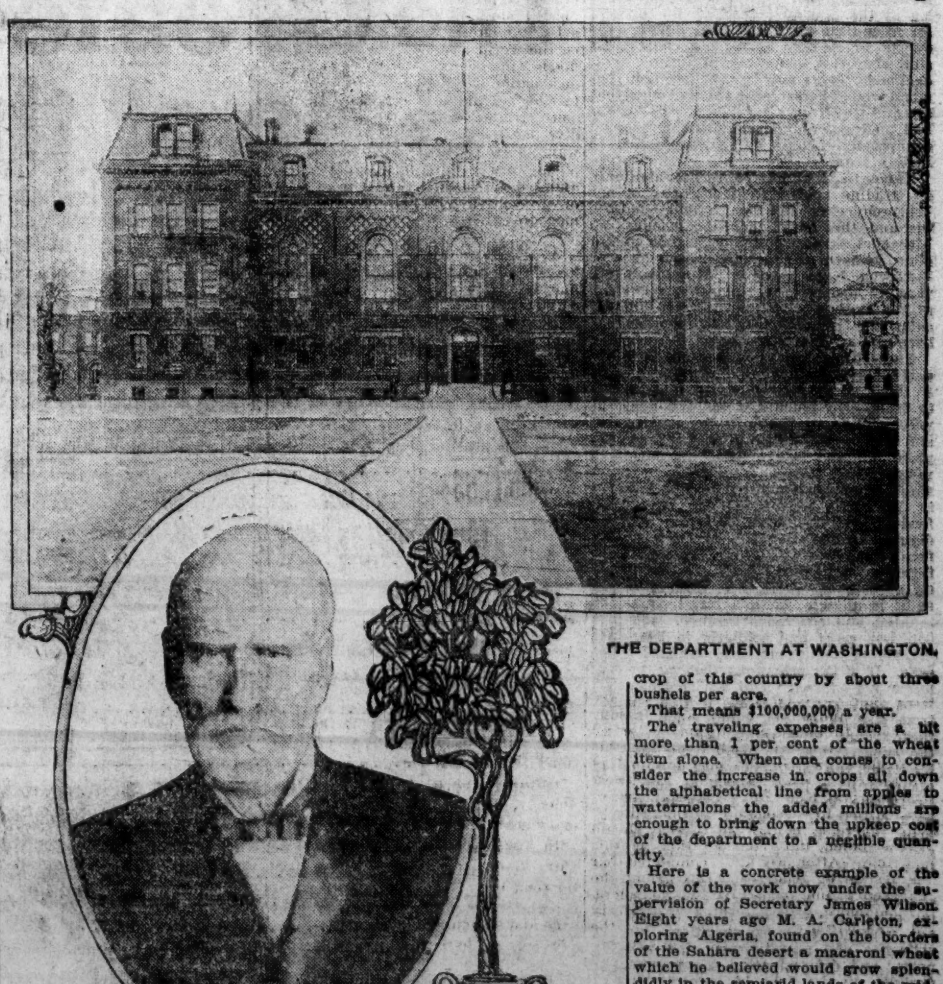
Von Steuben mentions a "regiment" of thirty men and a "company" consisting of only one officer. To get a list of the men belonging to a regiment or company was almost impossible. Where such lists were kept the captains made them without stating which men were present or absent.

Of course it was very difficult to accustom the American recruits to discipline and subordination, as all had grown up in full freedom and had never been subjected to any military rules. But Von Steuben selected 120 of the most intelligent men, had them equipped with like uniforms and weapons and twice daily trained this troop in the presence of all the officers. Beginning with easy exercises, he led them step by step to more complicated movements.

The results became apparent in the next spring, when the Americans met the British at Barren Hill and Stony Point and forced their retreat. The greatest effect of these battles was that from that day on the American army was aware of being equal to the British troops.

ALEXANDER SIMPSON.

Department of Agriculture Is Worth Its Pay



THE DEPARTMENT AT WASHINGTON.

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE WILSON.

THERE be casual reading and mentally inactive persons who query as to the worth of our department of agriculture. They cannot see how an institution that spends yearly the sum of $1,300,000 just for the traveling expenses of its employees can be classed as beneficent.

Here is the answer. In four years the experiments and advice of its experts have increased the annual wheat crop of this country by about three bushels per acre.

That means $100,000,000 a year.

The traveling expenses are a bit more than 1 per cent of the wheat item alone. When one comes to consider the increase in crops all down the alphabetical line from apples to watermelons the added millions are enough to bring down the upkeep cost of the department to a negligible quantity.

Here is a concrete example of the value of the work now under the supervision of Secretary James Wilson. Eight years ago M. A. Carleton, exploring Algeria, found on the borders of the Sahara desert a macaroni wheat which he believed would grow splendidly in the semiarid lands of the middle west.

From the first seeds he sent to Washington a crop of 75,000 bushels was raised in Kansas, Nebraska and Texas. Last year the crop of macaroni wheat, then growing in a dozen states, was 50,000,000 bushels.

The corn crop of the country has averaged of late $15,000,000 a year. But experiments by the government's corn breeding experts have brought out seed that should double the value of the crop in less than three years.

JAMES MIKEL.

THE BRUNSWICK FREE FERRY

Mr. James W. Murrell Writes of the Action of His County on the Proposition—A Mistaken Policy, He Thinks.

Editor Star:—The action of the joint committee appointed by the city of Wilmington, New Hanover and Brunswick counties, for the purpose of establishing a free ferry across the Cape Fear river at Wilmington, under an act of the last Legislature, has been awaited with much interest and the attitude of our county commissioners towards this project has been a distinct disappointment to hundreds of people in this county.

There can be no doubt now that Brunswick county does not intend to put any money in the ferry unless compelled to do so. And yet this is such a meritorious proposition and the advantages are so clearly in our favor that only one man has dared come out and openly oppose it.

I have reference to Hon. C. Ed Taylor, our representative, who, we remember, fought the measure so vigorously in the Legislature and who largely influences our county administration. It seems rather peculiar to me that just a little while ago Mr. Taylor was an enthusiastic advocate of Town Creek township voting $15,000 worth of bonds, also a similar amount for Lockwood's Folly township, to build an improved highway right up to the ferry property and then denies these same people and the rest of the county the privilege of investing $8,000 of their own money in a sound business proposition to complete their transportation facilities and give them free and unrestricted communication with their only market. How much longer does Mr. Taylor think he can fool the people of Brunswick by such rank inconsistency?

Wilmington and New Hanover county extended such a fair and generous offer that we could not flatly refuse it and retain our self-respect, without some kind of excuse so this plea of "poverty" was brought forth as a kind of blind and is the only defense that the county officials can make in explanation of their position. It does not bear the semblance of an argument and partakes more of the nature of an apology for their delinquency than anything else.

Brunswick county may not be as wealthy as some others, neither is it as poor as some would have you believe. To my mind this line of talk is unwise and is not calculated for the best interests of the county. New capital and prospective settlers, which we need so much, are not attracted by pessimistic slush. They are looking for live communities that exhibit the most progressive ideas. Everybody knows that Brunswick county could raise $8,000 or $10,000 if it wanted to. If the treasury is empty it can be borrowed and a few cents added to the tax rate for two or three years to pay it. This course would be justifiable for several reasons. If we ever get any public improvements ~~worth while the money must come~~ out of our own pockets. If I remember correctly, the most progressive centres carry the largest debts and have the highest tax rate and their people enjoy modern improvements intended for their comfort and convenience, and would not return to antiquated and obsolete conditions for the lowest tax rate that could be offered. The argument the county officials put up against raising the rate is more for political effect than otherwise.

This property is a safe investment and the county would get value received for every dollar put into it. It is used by all classes of people from every part of the county with the possible exception of Southport.

The corporation that operates it at present collects at least 80 per cent. of their total receipts from traffic out of this county. I should estimate that anywhere from $6,000 to $8,000 is extracted annually from our farmers and business men who are compelled to cross the river there to get their produce to market and reach their only trading centre. The majority of our produce is of a heavy, bulky nature, and the ferry charges amount to about 5 per cent. This is not so bad for the man who only uses it once or twice each year, but is a heavy tax on those who patronize it regularly.

Another advantage of more importance than the one just cited is that it would make the lands of the whole of Town Creek and Northwest townships more desirable for trucking or general farming, and residential purposes on account of their convenient location to Wilmington, and would increase the value of about 60,000 acres, to at least three times what it is at present, inside of five years. This would add about $2,000 to the county revenue almost immediately and as this territory developed the values would continue to increase and eventually would be sufficient to repay the original investment and operating expenses. If this statement is not true why is it that land in New Hanover county, within a radius of 15 miles of the city sells for $50 to $200 per acre, while ours of equal distance will not command more than $5 to $20?

These are facts that cannot be disputed and either within itself is sufficient to clinch the argument for all time. However, I might add in this connection that the northern end of the county and especially Northwest township is a heavy taxpayer and is entitled to reasonable consideration.

There is another factor that should be taken into consideration at this time. After we have completed our system of good roads throughout the county and have diverted considerable more traffic towards the ferry isn't it reasonable to believe that the property will be worth several thousand dollars more than it is at present? Six years ago our commissioners could have purchased it for $14,000. Now it is held at $25,000, and we are still too poor to put $8,000 in it, and ten years hence it will be worth $40,000, and unless we wake up it will still be beyond our reach.

Now for a few words in reply to Mr. Cool's article in the Star, of September 16th. Some of his statements are misleading, while some others are absolutely preposterous. He says, "In the last three years we have voted bonds for and have undertaken construction of 65 miles of improved roads in the county." This is true, but it must be remembered that these bonds were voted by the individual townships and that each will have to pay the debt incurred, by a special tax on its own property and not by the whole county. He also says, "We need waterworks and sewers." Does Mr. Cool wish to convey the idea that the county needs a system of waterworks and sewers? Anyway, this is the impression that his statement makes and if he did not have this in mind why make such assertions. It is apparent that it was only intended to confuse the public mind and attract its attention from the real facts of the issue involved. Southport, as a municipal corporation, needs them and if it ever gets them it will have to vote bonds as such to pay for them.

It is true that our county voted $80,000 railroad bonds a few years ago and when they run for 20 years the principal and interest will have amounted to $160,000. Southport people ought to be the last ones in the county to mention the fact. They are on deep water and the terminus of the road and should be a populous city in a few years, provided she lends the proper encouragement and manifests a progressive spirit.

The whole thing can be summed up about like this. Our county commissioners and representative are very enthusiastic when the several townships vote bonds for road improvement so they can get cheaper and quicker transportation facilities for the products of their farms. They talk about our wonderfully rich lands and other resources that only need development to make this the garden spot of the world. But when these same people ask for the paltry sum of $8,000 and an annual expenditure of $2,000 to $3,000 of the public money to relieve them of a heavy tax on their traffic and place them on an equal footing with their competitors in the same market, they hold up their hands and proclaim that we are dangerously poor and will have to be exceedingly careful.

Now, gentlemen, you who have thrown cold water on this project, and still say that you are open to conviction—I invite you to refute this argument and discredit the main facts in this case. Don't evade the vital points. Here they are. Where does the traffic come from that supports the ferry? Who pays the bills? Deny the increase in land values that would follow its establishment. When will the county be able to buy it if it continues to increase in value? If the county is too poor to expend this small sum, bring forth your figures and show us where our money is going. We want to know.

Yours very truly,
JAMES W. MURRELL.
Phoenix, N. C., Sept. 20th, 1911.

TO PREVENT CHINESE FLOODS.

American Red Cross Engineer in China Studying Problem.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 25.—The present flood in the Yangtze river, in China, with the frightful loss of life and property which it has caused, makes especially timely the recent action of the American Red Cross, in sending to China an expert engineer for the purpose of studying the best means of preventing the floods which repeatedly have caused such awful devastation in that country. This engineer, Mr. C. D. Jameson, reached China in July, and has been given a cordial welcome and all necessary assistance by the Chinese government. As Mr. Jameson formerly lived sixteen years in China his familiarity with customs and conditions gives him a thorough preparation for his present important mission.

By the terms of its federal charter, the Red Cross is charged with the duty of trying to prevent as well as relieve distress caused by disasters. In this instance the salary and traveling expenses of Mr. Jameson are borne by the Red Cross, while the Chinese government provides for all other expnses. Most of the great Chinese disasters which have so frequently shocked the world have been in the form of floods, or famines resulting from the destruction of crops by floods. The terrible famine for the relief of whose sufferers the world was called upon to give last winter was caused in this way. It would seem that here is one of the most striking opportunities ever afforded for demonstrating the value of preventive as compared to relief measures.

A man can come home from the longest business trip looking fresh and fine, but from the shortest family excursion a wreck.

People who never heard about a subject till yesterday want to dispute about it today with a man who has known it all his life.

A bird-man in the air is worth two in the bush.—Washington Post.

AH ARMLESS WAY TO DARKEN THE HAIR

A Little Sage and Sulphur Makes Gray Hair Vanish — A Remedy for All Hair Troubles.

Who does not know the value of sage and sulphur for keeping the hair dark, soft, glossy and in good condition? As a matter of fact, sulphur is a natural element of hair, and a deficiency of it in the hair is held by many scalp specialists to be connected with loss of color and vitality of the hair. Unquestionably, there is no better remedy for hair and scalp troubles, especially premature grayness, than sage and sulphur, if properly prepared. The Wyeth Chemical Company of New York put up an ideal remedy of this kind, called Wyth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy, and authorize druggists to sell it under guarantee that the money will be refunded if it fails to do exactly as represented.

If you have dandruff, or if your hair is thin or turning gray, get a bottle of this remedy from your druggist today, and see what it will do for you.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists.—Special Agents: J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., corner Front and Trade streets.

SELLING COCAINE TO NEGROES.

Senatorial Race in Anson—Congressional Candidate Spoken Of.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wadesboro, N. C., Sept. 23.—In the Recorder's court next Tuesday will be called the case of the State against Horace Robinson, charged with selling cocaine at Blewitt's Falls some time ago. It is alleged that there has been a considerable amount of cocaine disposed of down there during the last few months and an earnest effort is being made by the officials to break up the traffic.

On the streets and at the hotel one can hear the discussion of the Senatorial campaign. Among the local people here the sentiment seems to be largely for Simmons. Clark has some following, and Aycock has some strength, but the rank and file in this immediate section seem to favor the senior senator. Many arguments may be heard for each candidate, but in the midst of all, there rises up the unanswerable argument in favor of Simmons—that he is able, alert, influential, and above all, honest and fearless. The foregoing are some of the sentiments expressed by the people who favor him.

From reports coming from different sections of the Seventh Congressional District the people of Anson county will be called on by various candidates for the Congressional nomination next Summer. It is reported that Mr. R. T. Beasley, editor of the Monroe Journal, will be Union's candidate. Then there comes the report that Randolph will offer Solicitor Hammer, and that Montgomery will come forward with the present incumbent, Hon. R. N. Page, and ex-State Senator J. R. Blair. Then it is said that some pressure is being brought to bear on Mr. W. L. Parsons, of Richmond county. If all or even part of these gentlemen are candidates the situation will resolve itself into a very interesting contest. Some of ex-State Senator Lockhart's friends have mentioned his name for the nomination, and if he should be a candidate, the Democracy of Anson would, of course, be behind him. Then there is a rumor that ex-Solicitor Robinson might be drawn into the race and everyone knows that if he were to become a candidate he would put up a strong fight. Of course, Lockhart and Robinson would not both be candidates.

TWO FATAL ACCIDENTS.

Raleigh Child Succumbs to Automobile Injuries—Another Scalded.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 23.—Little Emma Hamliton, daughter of Rufus Hamilton, the little girl run down two weeks ago by a touring car driven by H. C. Bridgers, of Tarboro, died today at the home of her parents here. She was seven years old. One while there was good hope for her recovery, but pneumonia developed in her injured chest and she sank steadily the past two days. Mr. Bridgers has spared no expense in providing the best medical treatment and service of trained nurses. He is a prominent banker and railroad president at Tarboro. The accident is declared to have been unavoidable. The corner was crowded with school children and numbers of vehicles were passing the southwest corner of capital square. The child became confused, it is said, and suddenly pulled away from an older sister and turned back in the way of the automobile which was passing slowly but could not stop before the fatal injury was inflicted.

The remains of little Hazel Edgerton, the 19-month-old child of E. O. Edgerton, who died from terrible scalds from falling backwards into a pan of boiling water, were carried today to Smithfield for interment.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.

St. Thomas' church—First mass, 7 A. M.; last mass sermon, 10:30 A. M.; vespers, 7:45 P. M.

Trinity Methodist church, corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. E. C. Sell, pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 10 A. M., J. H. Beery, superintendent. Everybody is invited to attend these services.

First Church of Christ, Scientists, Market and 17th streets.—Services at 11 A. M. Subject of lesson sermon: "Reality." All are invited.

Only service today at St. James' church will be morning prayer at 11 o'clock.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Holy communion, 7:30 A. M. Morning prayer and sermon, 11 A. M. Evening prayer, 5 P. M. Seats free. All are cordially invited.

Christian Association of St. Paul Lutheran church will meet Sunday, Oct. 1st, instead of Sunday, Sept. 24th.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, D. D., pastor.—Fifteenth Sunday after Trinity. German service, 11 A. M.; English vesper service, 8 P. M.; Sunday school, 4:30 P. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

Grace M. E. church, corner Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor.—At 10 A. M., the men of the church and their friends will meet in a prayer service; at 11 A. M., sermon and the sacrament of baptism; 8 P. M., sermon by the pastor; 4 P. M., Sunday school, L. B. Rogers, superintendent. The evangelistic services increase in interest and will continue, with Bible reading and prayer service at 4 o'clock every afternoon, and preaching at 7:45 P. M. Prof. Arnold is leading the large chorus choir. His solos are indeed helpful. Come and bring your friends.

Not Sisters

Now and again you see two women passing down the street who look like sisters. You are astonished to learn that they are mother and daughter, and you realize that a woman at forty or forty-five ought to be at her finest and fairest. Why isn't it so?

The general health of woman is so intimately associated with the local health of the essentially feminine organs that there can be no red cheeks and round form where there is female weakness.

Women who have suffered from this trouble have found prompt relief and cure in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It gives vigor and vitality to the organs of womanhood. It clears the complexion, brightens the eyes and reddens the cheeks.

No alcohol, or habit-forming drugs is contained in "Favorite Prescription." Any sick woman may consult Dr. Pierce by letter, free. Every letter is held as sacredly confidential, and answered in a plain envelope. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.

WARRANTS ISSUED.

By the Council of the City of Wilmington, for the Month of August, 1911.

229	Chas. H. White	Pay Roll	$ 794.69
230	Springer Coal Co.	Coal	335.79
231	Reuben Grant	Plumbing	3.00
232	D. Quinlivan	Shoeing Horses	30.75
233	Thos. Quinlivan	Shoeing Horses	80.00
234	Southern Bell Tel. Co.	Phone Service	47.75
235	Harris Granite Quarries Co.	Rock	100.14
236	Carolina Cut Stone Co.	Rock	1,012.71
237	Atlantic Coast Line	Freights	521.35
238	Seaboard Air Line	Freights	229.93
239	J. W. H. Fuchs	Uniforms	516.65
240	C. O. Knox	Lumber	3.30
241	B. H. Houston	Refunded Tax	2.50
242	Jno. J. Fowler	Expense—Hunting Criminal	2.50
243	E. D. George	Feeding Dogs	4.00
244	Chas. H. White	Pay Roll	2,737.10
245	G. B. Branch	Personal Injury	10.00
246	Jno. H. Whiteman	Hauling Brick	51.00
247	Leon George	R. R. Fare (acct. criminal)	2.25
248	J. VanB. Metts	Expense, acct. Veterans	12.75
249	Regwill Printing Co.	Printing	4.25
250	Chas. H. White	Pay Roll	777.53
251	J. R. Sherrill	Hauling Sand	13.60
252	W. R. Dosher & Co.	Plumbing	5.47
253	Orrell Livery Co.	Truck Hire	9.00
254	Jas. I. Metts.	Feed for Teams	67.50
255	Atlantic Coast Line	Freights	164.17
256	Carolina Cut Stone Co.	Rock	821.03
257	Seabpard Air Line	Freights	305.68
258	Jackson & Bell Co.	Printing	82.50
259	Central Ice Co.	Ice	21.26
260	Southern Clay Mfg. Co.	Brick	554.15
261	Thos. B. Carroll	Veterinary Services	10.00
262	The Bond Buyer	Advertising	15.00
263	Alfred White	Laying Pavement	98.30
264	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	751.21
265	C. W. Polvogt Co.	Carpet	59.40
266	Southern Clay Mfg. Co.	Brick	470.40
267	Hill Directory Co.	Directories	12.00
268	Chas. H. White	Sundries	30.00
269	Chas. H. White	Monthly Pay Roll	5,688.29
270	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	839.84
271	Pinkerton Nat. Detective Agcy.	Services	441.30
272	James Walker Mem. Hospital	Appro. for August	500.00
273	Seaboard Air Line	Freights	371.19
274	Atlantic Coast Line	Freights	233.62
275	Southern Paving & Const. Co.	Paving Contract	4,620.00
276	Frank M. Abeel	Sidewalks	7.75
277	Southern Bell Tel. & Tel. Co.	Phone Service	46.05
278	Western Union Co.	Telegrams	6.18
279	C. W. Yates & Co.	Books, Etc.	162.93
280	Saml. Bear Sr. & Sons.	Feed for Teams	85.38
281	James I. Metts	Feed for Teams	66.25
282	L. A. Bilbro	Harness	2.80
283	Nat. Enameling & Stmp. Co.	Cans	1,204.35
284	Meares Harriss	Multigraphing	4.00
285	City Laundry Co.	Rent on Room	6.25
286	Evening Dispatch	Printing	34.00
287	Foltz & Kendrick.	Films	1.95
288	J. Hicks Bunting	Drugs	2.80
289	Wilmington Star Co.	Advertising	8.87
290	Furlong & Co.	Scavenger Work	348.25
291	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	802.38
292	J. W. Blake	Electrical Work	7.68
293	P. H. & F. M. Roots Co.	Supplies—W. & S.	220.00
294	Coffin Valve Co.	Supplies—W. & S.	81.90
295	H. Mueller Mfg. Co.	Supplies—W. & S.	79.45
296	Edw. Hills Sons & Co.	Supplies—W. & S.	66.39
297	Amr. Water Softener Co.	Supplies—W. & S.	180.00
298	Crandall Packing Co.	Supplies—W. & S.	29.13
299	Glauber Brass Mfg. Co.	Supplies—W. & S.	62.00
300	Wm. Barnett & Sons	Supplies—W. & S.	10.54
301	Wilmington Iron Works	Supplies—W. & S.	14.36
302	Holmes Grocery Co.	Brooms and Soap	2.15
303	W. B. Thorpe & Co.	Lime	46.10
304	Cantwell Lumber Co.	Lumber	3.25
305	Hyman Supply Co.	Supplies—W. & S.	77.54
306	Springer Coal Co.	Coal	663.40
307	J. T. Brown	Repairs—Carts, etc	41.85
308	B. F. Mitchell Co.	Feed for Teams	185.30
309	Jno. S. McEachern Sons	Feed for Teams	19.03
310	C. W. Polvogt Co.	Shade	1.00
311	Cape Fear Machine Works	W. & S. & Repairs Bridge	33.28
312	D. Quinlivan	Shoeing Teams	18.50
313	Thos. Quinlivan & Son	Shoeing Teams	36.00
314	Standard Supply Co.	Supplies—W. & S.	70.47
315	N. Jacobi Hdw. Co.	Tools, Nails, Etc.	12.17
316	R. C. DeRosset	Stationery	10.00
317	Jno. W. Whiteman	Hauling Brick	55.37
318	Alfred White	Laying Brick	121.87
319	Carolina Cut Stone Co.	Curbing	597.69
320	LeGwin Printing Co.	Printing	8.25
321	County New Hanover	Rock	48.00
322	J. P. Ward & Son	Brooms	6.50
323	Thos. D. Meares	Coupons Paid	730.00
324	J. E. G. Brown	Repairing Carts, Etc.	14.10
326	Hill Directory Co.	Directory	4.00
326	Jarman & Mintz	Drugs	50.57
327	Hanover Iron Works	Tin Work	2.25
328	C. D. Maffitt Co.	Side Lights	6.50
329	R. R. Bellamy.	Drugs	3.25
330	Cape Fear Oil Co.	Kerosene	2.95
331	Wm. E. Springer & Co.	Brooms, Etc.	8.15
332	A. Dallam O'Brien	Work, 4th St. Bridge	280.50
333	City Livery Co.	Repairs Harness, Etc.	26.48
334	J. O. Brock	Electric Lights	1.00
335	D. L. T. Capps	Plumbing	2.50
336	Orrell Livery Co.	Hire of Truck	1.00
337	J. W. Murchison & Co.	Tools, Etc.	2.00
338	Prease Bros. & Co.	Plumbing	8.35
339	Tidewater Power Co.	Lighting	1,526.43
340	Chadbourn Lumber Co.	Lumber and Boxes	653.39
341	J. W. Brooks	Feed for Teams	120.66
342	T. B. Carroll	Veterinary Services	12.00
343	Atlantic Coast Line	Freight	105.66
344	Jno. T. Wyatt	Curbing	94.46
	Total for Month		$32,720.81
	Previously reported		83,655.15
	Total to date		$116,375.96

Published by Order of the Council.

THOS. D. MEARES,
City Treasurer.

To dream you're walking on the air,
Up through the heavens blue,
Shows how you'll feel the day you wear
The easy Stetson Shoe.
THE STETSON SHOE

Your Load will be Light When you wear The Stetson Shoe

Made in leathers that readily conform to the individual foot, giving extreme comfort and ample room for the toes—it is the solution of your problem.

Result: Your step will grow lighter—your expression happier—you will be a more congenial companion for your friends—you will be a more efficient man in all directions.

PETERSON & RULFS

Next to Murchison Bank.

"Stetsons cost more by the pair but less by the year"

Fall Opening

Wednesday and Thursday September 27th and 28th

Especial attention will be directed toward the

Millinery Department

although all departments will be ready for your inspection. A cordial invitation to all.

Platt & Haar

THE CASH STORE

BUY Pale Gas Engine Oil IT'S BEST

CAPE FEAR OIL CO. WILMINGTON, N. C.

QUALITY. The best Gas Engine Oil ever produced; once tried, always used. Its combination of unexcelled qualities will enable Gasoline Engines to develop more power than possible when using other Gas Engine Oil.

FIRE TEST. Perfect for Gas Engine Lubrication.

VISCOSITY. Highest made in Amber colored Gas Engine Oils.

COLD TEST. Best ever manufactured; same consistency Winter and Summer.

CARBON. No Carbon or acids.

East Carolina Teachers' Training School

A State School to train Teachers for the Public Schools of North Carolina. Every energy is directed to this one purpose. Tuition free to all who agree to teach. Fall term begins September 26, 1911.

For catalogue and other information, address

ROBT. H. WRIGHT,
President.

Greenville, N. C.

THEATRICAL NOTES

The Academy will have open house two nights the present week, and each attraction will be a star in its particular line. To-morrow night the first musical comedy attraction of the season will be offered and it will be a massive production of the big New York jingle success. "The Echo", presented by a giant sized audience. Seats for this swell event went on sale at Plummer's yesterday morning.

Following this will come the Dandy Dixie Minstrels, Thursday night, Sept. 28th, and this attraction is a big favorite with Wilmington concert lovers.

"The Echo."

The offering to-morrow night will not only be a big one, but an important one. The company will reach Wilmington this afternoon, coming from Richmond.

"The Echo" has proven itself a worthy companion to "The Slim Princess," "The Old Town" and "The Red Mill" three notable Dillingham musical comedies. The book is by William LeBaron and the music by Deems Taylor. The production has been staged under the personal supervision of Frank M. Rainger who has been identified with the piece ever since it was originally produced and he is said to have shown much skill in his groupings and pictures for encourse where something different happens each time and each succeeding turn is more novel than the preceding. "The Echo" has to do with fun and love making at the Echo House, a typical summer resort in the White Mountains, where a soap manufactur and a rich widow, as well as her son and the head waitress get mixed up in the first act and come together in the second which uncovers the source of the wonderful "echo" who has grown tired of his position. There are many musical numbers introduced, each ending in a clever dance. Blanche Deyo as the head waitress is unusually attractive and her dancing which brought her into the limelight several years ago when she became known as "Deyo the Dancer", is more alluring than ever. She has a hobble skirt dance at the end the first act which is unique and in her soldier uniform she prances about with the bear with great effect. Graceful dancing as well as excellent "team work" is shown by a quartette of dancers, two boys and two girls, who move in perfect unison and do a lock two step which invariably takes the fancy of the house. Much of the fun of the piece is supplied by Franker Woods as the college bell boy who hates to work. In a dance with Miss Deyo his lumbering awkwardness is in ludicrous contrast to her light gracefulness and his eccentric steps in his solo dance call for encours after encore.

"Dandy Dixie Minstrels."

Easily the greatest of its kind appropriately may be applied to R. Voelckel's famous all colored "Original Dandy Dixie Minstrels which, with its large and well equipped company of singers, dancers and real comedians, will be the attraction at the Academy Thursday night.

Nothing has been spared by the management to make the engagement the treat of the year. James Crosby pronounced by the ablest critics to be the best delineator of genuine Negro comedy in the country, heads the troupe which should be a sufficient guarantee in itself. The Band of 20 Musicians, George Taylor, John Pamplin, Dixon & White, Charlie Chicken Jones, Eugene Hallman, Artaur Brooks, and a monster street parade are a few of the other noteworthy attractions offered by the company. There will be no increase in price and seats will go on sale Wednesday at Plummer's

BLANCHE DEYO AND FRANKER WOODS.
In the Globe Theatre, Ne wYork, Musical Comedy Triumph, "The Echo", Monday night.

GATHERED GEMS

(By T. W. Chambliss).

Be a prophet of joy—there is lots of it coming.

* * *

"Fortune often sells to the hasty what she gives to those who wait."

* * *

We would rather be true than sweet. It is generally the "sissie" that passes for sweet.

* * *

"To travel hopefully is a better thing than to arrive, and the true Success is to labor."

* * *

"Perfection consists not in doing extraordinary things, but in doing ordinary things extraordinarily well."

* * *

It's mighty easy to bear other people's misfortunes, but mighty hard to bear our own—let Christ bear them for us.

* * *

Death may be an evidence of God's favor. It was not the guilty Cain, but the innocent Abel who was the first victim of death.

* * *

"No man ever sank under the burden of that day. It is when tomorrow's burden is added to the burden of today, that the weight is more than a man can bear."

* * *

"For remember that it is not so much what we are born with, but what we attain, what we overcome, which teaches life's lesson and gives us wisdom to contribute to the world."

* * *

"Give us to awake with smiles, give us to labor smiling. As the sun returns in the east, so let our patience be renewed with dawn; as the sun hightens the world, so let our loving kindness make bright this house of our habitation."

* * *

We shall then have joy without sorrow and rest without weariness. There is no mixture of corruption with our graces, nor of sucering with our comfort. There are none of those waves in that harbor which now so toss us up and down.

* * *

"Achievement is good; yet the object of Life is to Become rather than to Achieve. Therefore we need judge no man by his Success nor by his Failures, nor by his Yesterday; we need only consider what he stands for as a Human Being Today."

* * *

"The busy world shoves angrily aside
The man who stands with arms akimbo set.
Until occasion tells him what to do;
And he who waits to have his task marked out
Shall die and leave his errand unfilled."

* * *

"It matters not how straight the gate,
How charged with punishment the scroll;
I am the master of my Fate,
I am the captain of my Soul."

* * *

"No wind serves him who has no destined port."

* *

Laborers of Christ—lift up your hearts. Be not dismayed or disheartened—God is for us; who can be against us? The mountain is full of horses and chariots of fire and we must not trust the carnal vision to which spiritual forces are invisible and unreal. The only way to do any work for the unseen God is to work as well as walk by faith and not by sight—to believe that beyond the range of short vision and finite observation stretches limitless realms of truth and fact. Behind all work for God stands God himself, its inspiration and its assurance, its warrant and its reward. Let us believe that his command constitutes authority and his promise security, and in that faith to the end dare to do our duty.

* * *

Think about yourself; about what you want, what you like, what respect people ought to pay you, what people think of you, and then to you nothing will be pure. You will spoil everything you touch; you will make sin and misery for yourself out of everything which God sends you; you will be as wretched as you choose on earth or in heaven either.

In heaven, either, I say. For that proud, greedy, selfish, self-seeking spirit would turn heaven into hell. It did turn heaven into hell for the great devil himself. It was by pride by seeking his own glory (so at least wise men say), that he fell from heaven to hell. He was not content to give up his own will and do God's will, like the other angels. He was not content to serve God and rejoice in God's glory. He would be master himself, and set up for himself, and rejoice in his own glory; and so when he wanted to make a private heaven of his own he found that he had made a hell. When he wanted to be a little God for himself, he lost the life of the true God, to lose which is eternal death. And why? Because his heart was not pure, clean, honest, simple, unselfish. Therefore he saw God no more and learned to hate him whose name is love.

See Page Six for Business Locals.

ELECTRIC DEVELOPMENT

English and Canadian Capitalists Plan Big Enterprise at Atlanta—Other Industrial News of Week as Announced.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, September 21. — The Manufacturers' Record of this week reports that English and Canadian capitalists are planning the investment in the central South of many millions of dollars already subscribed for the development on very broad lines of hydro-electric power operations and the building of inter-urban railway systems.

As a preliminary step in carrying out some of these operations they have applied in Atlanta for a charter for the Georgia Railway and Power Company with a capitalization of $27,000,000. This company is to absorb the Georgia Power Co., organized some months ago by Eastern capitalists, and which is now developing at Tallulah Falls and other points in the State about 100,000 horsepower, contracts having been let some months ago aggregating $11,000,000. The new company is not only to take over this enterprise, but a number of other power companies, which will give it an aggregate of several hundred thousand horse-power, and street railways and lighting plants, and it proposes to extend its power transmisison lines over much of Georgia and as far north as Knoxville. This is one move in far-reaching hydro-electric power development plans which promise to result in making the whole central South the scene of the greatest hydro-electric operations of this or any other country.

In addition to these enterprises, reports to the Manufacturers' Record for the week show many other industrial developments throughout the South, a number of them of more than usual extent and importance. Among them may be briefly summarized the following:

Pea River Power Co., Elba, Ala., awarded contract for construction of dam and will award contracts for machinery and transmission lines for water power-electrical plant on Pea river, in Coffee county, cost to be about $150,000.

Elx Manor Coal Co., Cincinnati, will develop 1,200 acres of coal land at Dorfee, W. Va., and plans installing equipment for daily output of 500 tons of coal.

H. L. Simpson, Gulfport, Miss., purchased about 67,000 acres of yellow pine timber land near Lumberton, Miss., and plans to develop; purchase price is reported to be over $1,000,000.

Herbert W. Fry, Atlanta, Ga., is negotiating for 18,000 acres of timber land near Council Bluffs, Ala., and plans to build $200,000 saw mill with daily capacity of 50,000 feet of lumber.

Macon Gas, Light & Water Co., Macon, Ga., plans to increase capitalizatino by $800,000 for the purpose of making improvements and extensions to its system, to include erection of additional gas holders.

Snead & Meguire Coal Co., Louisville, Ky., leased 10,000 acres of coal land in Harlan county, Ky., and will secure railway connection so that development of property can be that detaken with view of beginning shipments next Summer.

Nyles Mineral Co., New Orleans, La., is planning to develop its 10,000 acres of salt, gypsum and limestone properties near Pine Prairie, La., but has not yet determined details.

H. R. Blauvelt, Knoxville, Tenn., and Knoxville and Eastern capitalists are organizing company to build $500,000 plant with daily capacity of 1,500 barrels of Portland cement; buildings to be of cement and steel construction.

Henry L. Doherty & Co., New York, acquired control of Hattiesburg Traction Co., operating gas, electric and railway systems at Hattiesburg, Miss., contemplate investing $100,000 for improvements during next two yers.

Texas Land & Lumber Co., Houston, Tex., was incorporated with $310,000 capital stock to develop timber and manufacture lumber.

Refuge Lumber Co., Camden, Ga., acquired timber land estimated to cut 30,000,000 feet of lumber and has option on 15,000,000 feet of cypress; now shipping machinery to timber property and will install saw and planing mill with daily capacity of 50,000 feet of lumber.

Lenoir manufacturing Co., Lenoir, N. C., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to manufacture building materials.

Byrd-Matthews Investment Co., St. Louis, Mo., is planning to develop its 43,000 acres of hardwood timber land in Georgia, the improvements to include 34-mile railway; will also soon begin construction of a system to irrigate lands in Texas; company was previously incorporated with $2,000,000 capital stock.

Beech Creek Lumber Co., Pittsburg, Pa., will build $40,000 band mill with daily capacity of 50,000 feet of lumber.

Erbacon Stave & Lumber Co., Sutton W. Va., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to manufacture staves and lumber.

The Cottonseed Oil Co., Atlanta, Ga., was incorporated with $150,000 capital stock to manufacture cottonseed oil.

Ye who listen with credulity to the whispers of fancy, and pursue with eagerness the phantoms of hope.—Johnson.

The blue of heaven is larger than the cloud.—E. B. Browning.

Forced to Leave Home.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers, whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs, are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. There's a better way. Let Dr. King's New Discovery cure you at home. "It cured me of lung trouble," writes W. R. Nelson, of Calamine, Ark., "when all else failed and I gained 47 pounds in weight. It's surely the king of all cough and lung cures." Thousands owe their lives and health to it. It's positively guaranteed for coughs, colds, lagrippe, asthma, croup—all throat and lung troubles. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at R. R. Bellamy's

---

Seven Springs Mineral Water is worth a dollar a drop. 'Phone 1825.

WINTER COVER CROPS.

Farmers Should Take Best Care of Their Lands.

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 23.—Every farmer owes it to himself, to his family and to posterity, to take the best care of his land that he possibly can; to maintain its fertility and to keep it from washing away.

Investigators, whether scientists or practical farmers, have found that Winter cover crops of any kind prevent land, in a large measure, from washing, and when turned under the following Spring make it more productive than if no crop had grown on it.

An experiment covering a number of years, in one of the Northwestern States, showed that more plant food was lost from the land during the months when no crops were grown on it than was taken off in the regular Summer crops. If this was true in that State where they have long and cold Winters when leaching is impossible for weeks at a time, how much more would it be true in North Carolina, with her open Winters when plant food can be leached from our soils almost any week during our Winter months.

A ton of green rye contains, according to good authorities, about 6.6 pounds nitrogen, 3 pounds phosphoric acid, and 14.6 pounds potash. A ton of green wheat contains 10.8 pounds nitrogen, 3 pounds phosphoric acid, and 14 pounds potash. Green oats contain just a little less plant food than does green wheat. A ton of green crimson clover contains 8.6 pounds nitrogen, 2.6 phosphoric acid, and 9.8 pounds potash. Red clover, bur clover and the vetches contain more plant food in their green state than crimson clover does. The wheat and rye mentioned above was probably grown on fertile land which explains their high percentage of nitrogen, for it is an established fact that crops grown on rich land contain more nitrogen than when grown on poor land. For that reason grain grown on rich land has a higher feeding value than that grown on poor land. It may be well for us to remember this when growing grain for our own feeding purposes.

Rye, wheat and oats take nitrogen from the soil and store it in the plant, thus saving much of this costly element of plant food that would otherwise be leached from the land by our Winter rains. The stools or bunches and their roots will prevent to a large degree the washing of our rolling lands. The clovers save the land from washing in the same way and in addition to this are beneficial by being able to take nitrogen from the air through the agency of bacteria which adds to the fertility of the soil. But to grow these latter crops successfully the soil must contain the bacteria peculiar to the particular crop grown.

It has been the experience of many of our farmers that any crop grown after a Winter cover crop, when turned under at the proper time in the Spring, and disked well before and after turning, will produce a great deal more, often as much as 50 per cent. more, than if no Winter cover crop had been grown. The seed for a cover crop will cost from one to five dollars an acre according to kind and quantity of seed used. This should save the soil and add to the next year's crop more than twice the cost of the cover crop.

Sow at the rate of 15 to 20 pounds crimson clover seed per acre and cover lightly with harrow or cultivator. These can be sowed in growing crops, on stubble land, or after peas. Sow from 20 to 30 pounds of vetch per acre if sown with small grain, and if sown alone put from 40 to 50 pounds per acre. Rye should be sown at the rate of one to one and a half bushels per acre.

An application of manure, or from 200 to 500 pounds acid phosphate per acre and 25 to 50 pounds muriate of potash on sandy or gray land, will be helpful to the clovers and vetches. For rye or other small grain it may be better to add 2 per cent. nitrogen to the above.

It is now time to commence putting these crops in. When put in cotton fields it is better to sow immediately after the pickers, as in that way no cotton will be knocked out in covering the seed.

Put in the crop that will succeed best in your locality and experiment with other crops in a small way until you are assured they will make satisfactory growth on your land and under your conditions.

T. B. PARKER,
Director Co-Operative Experiments, N. C. Department of Agriculture.

A Chicago man was bitten by an oyster, and a small army of scientific persons is waiting around to give a new name to whatever happens to him.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

There's nothing a man will be about more foolishly than how he really wasn't asleep in his arm chair when he was snoring the plaster off the ceiling.

It shorely is good and it's good all the time
LUZIANNE
LUZIANNE COFFEE
THE REILY TAYLOR CO.
NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A.
YOUR GROCER SELLS IT

Special Introductory Offer!

Cut Out This Coupon, It Is Worth 15c
Get a Full Size 25c Bottle of To-Bac-Ton for 10c

COUPON

This Coupon and 10c presented to your druggist, entitles you to a 25c size bottle of TO-BAC-TON.

Name .....

Address .....

We want every man, woman and child to try the most meritorious Hair Tonic ever placed on the market—

TO-BAC-TON

The Greatest of All Hair Tonics"

Unlike any other hair tonic, **TO-BAC-TON** does not contain any grease or alcohol, but is a strictly medicinal preparation made principally from the juice of the tobacco leaf. The germicidal properties of **TO-BAC-TON** are recognized by physicians.

CURES DANDRUFF --- PREVENTS BALDNESS

Stops the Hair From Falling. Relieves All Scalp Disease.

TO-BAC-TON has a delightful, fragrant odor. It promotes the growth of luxuriant hair.

FREE Our booklet, "The Indian Weed," on the care of the hair and the treatment of all scalp and skin disease.

Druggists sell **TO-BAC-TON** and barbers use it. ASK FOR IT. **25c, 50c and $1 bottles.**

TO-BAC-TON MANUFACTURING CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

ACADEMY

TOMORROW (MONDAY) NIGHT.

The All-Summer Success From Globe Theatre, New York City.

"THE ECHO"

with

BLANCHE DEYO FRANKER WOODS

and

50 PRETTY GIRLS 50

Prices: 25, 50, 75 cents, $1.00 and $1.50. Seats Sale on at Plummer's

You Can't Drink and Hold Your Job

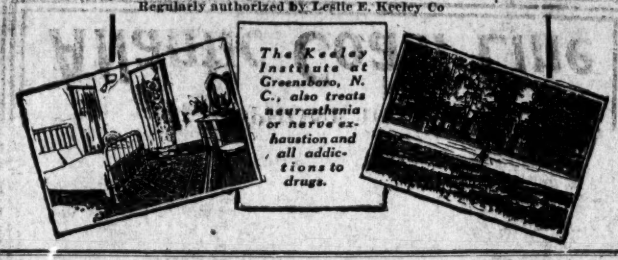
SOONER or later your employer is going to tire of your continual uncertainty. Business demands men that can be depended upon and the first thing you know disgust will take the place of pity and—you're out of a job.

Now let's get practical. You *can* stop drinking but you need help and the Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C., can aid you. *Four weeks of treatment at the Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C., will take away your craving for liquor.* It will kill your desire to drink by eliminating your appetite for alcohol. And, there's something more than a mere cure administered at Greensboro. There are pleasant environments, plenty of pure air, delicious home cooking, and modern conveniences to make your stay a pleasant rest. There is a *personality* about the institution that will give you a moral uplift.

The Keeley Institute will make a new man of you. It will build up your worn down body and brain, and give you new ideals, new inspirations. It will make you as good a man as you were before you started drinking. We have helped thousands of men—will you let us help you?

Write us in fullest confidence—send for our book today. Look over the many cures we have effected and—be convinced.

W. H. OSBORN, Pres.
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE
Greensboro N. C.
Regularly authorized by Leslie E. Keeley Co



Atlantic Coast Line

Until September 30th

Low Summer Excursion Rates

are available to the

Mountain Resorts of Western North Carolina

and the following very low round trip rates are effective from Wilmington to the

EASTERN RESORTS

Washington	$16.00
Baltimore	$18.00
Philadelphia	$22.80
New York	$26.00

Tickets limited, returning, Oct. 31, 1911.

PHONE 160

Atlantic Coast Line

Atlantic Paint & Varnish Works

PAINTS, VARNISHES, LEADS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, GLAZING, PLATE, GLASS, &C., &C.

21 MARKET ST.

'PHONE 343.

The Murchison National Bank

United States, State, County and City Depositary.

Every Consideration and Every Facility accorded to Every Customer.

Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold.

Brick! - Brick!

Large Stock, Quick Delivery and Best Quality.
LIME, CEMENT and PLASTER.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

PHONE 154.